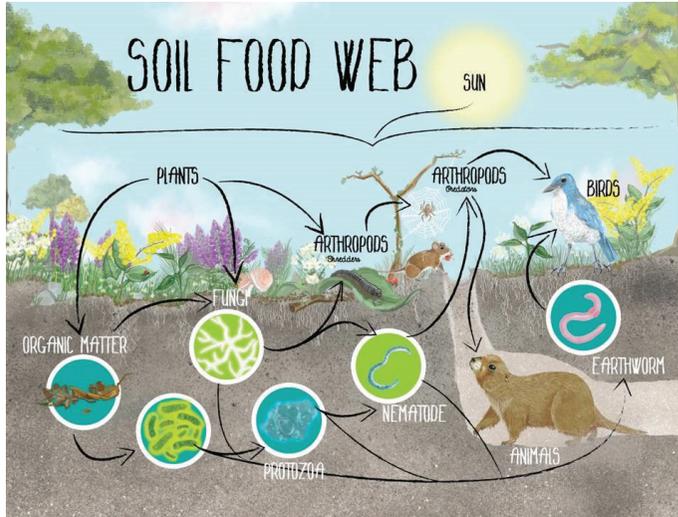


Soil Basics

Soil is the foundation of everything you see growing above ground: plants, animals, and ultimately humans rely on soil – and soil conservation – for life! It takes thousands of years of exposure to the forces of weather, climate, and biologic activity to form topsoil.



The soil food web is the community of organisms living all or part of their lives in the soil. They range in size from the tiniest one-celled bacteria, algae, fungi, and protozoa, to the more complex nematodes and micro-arthropods, to the visible earthworms, insects, small vertebrates, and plants.

More than “Dirt”

Healthy soil is more than just ground-up rocks. Basic components include minerals, air, and water, and a small fraction of organic matter. But soil is also literally teeming with life – there are more living organisms in a teaspoon of healthy soil than there are people on earth! It is estimated that the collective weight of all of the organisms in the top six inches of soil on one acre of land would be between 2,500 and 5,000 pounds, depending on the health of that soil. So remember: dirt is what you wash off when you have finished working with your soil!



Soil Nutrients and Your Crops



Contact Your Local Conservationists!

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Nutrient Management

Understanding the 4 R's for your soil



What is Nutrient Management?

It's common to add fertilizers and nutrients to the soil to help maximize crop production on your farm or garden. But how do you know if you are applying the right nutrients at the right amount? Are you over or under applying?

Understanding your soil's needs and managing your inputs can reduce environmental impacts to water quality, soil, air and habitat. Proper management can also improve your soil health and crop production, and save money by eliminating excess input costs.

Nutrient Management is all about understanding and carefully managing what you put into your soil, by considering the four R's:

- **Right amount** (rate)
- **Right source**
- **Right placement** (method of application)
- **Right timing** of commercial fertilizers, manure, soil amendments, and organic by-products.

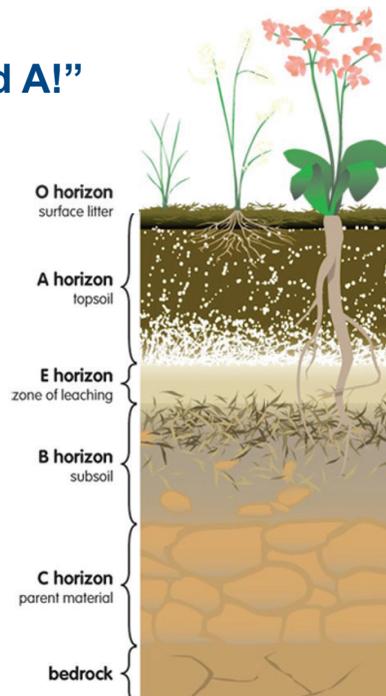
NRCS can help you apply the Nutrient Management conservation practice on your private land. Talk with us or your local Soil and Water Conservation District about getting a soil test. The test will give you a full nutrient profile of your soil. NRCS will work with you to develop a detailed nutrient management plan. You may even be eligible for financial assistance from NRCS to help offset the costs for the Nutrient Management practice.

Healthy Soils = Healthy Crops

The best crop productivity occurs in healthy, active soils. As a grower, your goal should be to cultivate as great a community below ground as you grow above ground! Microorganisms help cycle nutrients, making them more available to your crops – so creating a good home for them means your crops will also grow better.

Save the "O and A!"

Soils are categorized according to the structure and composition of layers in their "profile" – the cross-section of a soil starting from the surface and reaching down to bedrock. A soil profile is shown on the right. Most growers are primarily concerned with conserving and improving soil quality in the "O" or "organic" and "A" topsoil horizons, where most crop roots are found.



Soil Health Principles to Improve Sustainability and Productivity:

Adopting soil-friendly practices such as cover crops, plant diversity and crop rotations can complement your nutrient management efforts. For example, planting a multi-species cover crop mix or applying an organic mulch may help you achieve a desired level of organic matter in your soil and boost nutrients naturally. NRCS recommends the following soil health management principles which can be applied to just about any farm setting.



Minimize Disturbance

- Reduced till
- No-till
- Controlled traffic



Maximize Diversity

- Crop rotation
- Seed mixes
- Pollinator plantings
- Rotational grazing



Keep it Covered

- Cover crops
- Mulching
- Leave the residue



Maximize Living Roots

- Crop rotation
- Cover crops
- Perennial crops

