Delaware State Technical Committee Meeting
9:00 AM – 1:00 PM
May 26, 2022

Click here to join the meeting or call in (audio only) +1 202-650-0123,,48379408# United States, Washington DC Phone Conference ID: 483 794 08#

9:00 – 9:10 Welcome
Kasey Taylor

9:10 – 9:30 Updates for DE Strategic Plan, Riparian Forest Buffer Initiative, CRFI and Urban Agriculture/Small Farms
Kasey Taylor

9:30 to 9:40 Delaware Poultry Pilot, New and Expected Resource Concerns Update
Jayme Arthurs

9:40 to 10:00 Chesapeake Bay Implementation Grants and Poultry Headquarter BMP Project
Marcia Fox/Holly Walker

10:00 to 10:15 Conservation Reserve Program Air, Water, and Habitat Zones
Jayme Arthurs/Jamie Argo

10:15 to 10:30 Conservation Practice Adoption and Motivation Survey
Clarence White, NASS Senior Statistician

10:30 to 10:45 FY22 Farm Bill Programs Updates FAPD
Brooke Jones

10:45 to 10:55 Break

10:55 to 11:10 FY22 Local Work Groups Reports, STAC Input Items
Brooke Jones

11:10 to 11:25 Update on New Practices or Payment Scenarios for FY23
Jayme Arthurs

11:25 to 11:35 Nanticoke Watershed Plan Updates
Ann Baldwin

11:35 to 12:30 Committee Member Reports (List of Committee Members are on page #2)
Guest Reports

Next meeting August 26, 2022

State Technical Committee Members

1. Farm Service Agency
2. U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
3. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
4. Food and Nutrition Services
5. National Ag. Statistics Service
6. Environmental Protection Agency
7. State Departments and Agencies within the State
   • Delaware Department of Agriculture
   • Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control
8. Delaware Lenape Tribe
9. Delaware Nanticoke Tribe
10. Delaware Association of Conservation Districts
    • New Castle County Conservation District
    • Kent County Conservation District
    • Sussex County Conservation District
11. Delaware Rural Water Association
12. Mid-Atlantic 4R
13. State Cooperative Extension Service and Land Grant Universities in the State
14. Farm Bureau
15. Nonprofit Organizations
16. Agriculture Producers representing the variety of crops and poultry and or livestock raised in the State
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Presenter(s)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 – 9:10</td>
<td>Welcome</td>
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<td>Statistician</td>
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<td>Committee Member Reports</td>
<td>All</td>
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<td>Guest Reports</td>
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</table>
Bobwhite Quail Training at Cedar Swamp Wildlife Area

Thank you to Rob Hossler and members of his staff, Craig Rhodes and Eric Ludwig, for providing their expertise in training 26 conservation planning staff on Bobwhite Quail biology and restoration efforts as part of Delaware’s WLFW Bobwhite Quail effort.

Informational video on Bobwhite coming soon!
Bobwhite Quail and Black Duck Training at Cedar Swamp Wildlife Area

Thank you to Chase Colmorgen from Ducks Unlimited for his continued support and planning efforts for Delaware’s WLFW Black Duck effort!
9:10 am-9:30 am

Updates for Delaware Strategic Plan, Riparian Buffer Initiative, CRFI, and Urban Agriculture/Small Farms

Kasey Taylor
State Conservationist
**Conservation Results Planned**

**Strategic Goal 2:** Support resilience of agriculture in Delaware through addressing priority resource concerns.

- **Objective 1:** Reduce non-point source pollutants
- **Objective 2:** Improve air quality associated with agriculture operations
- **Objective 3:** Work with agricultural operations to protect surface and ground water quality
- **Objective 4:** Improve soil health
- **Objective 5:** Enhance habitat for terrestrial and aquatic species
Conservation Results Planned

**Strategic Goal 2:** Support resilience of agriculture in Delaware through addressing priority resource concerns.

**Objective 3:** Work with agricultural operations to protect surface and groundwater quality.

**Strategy One:** Reduce Nutrient Discharge

**Strategy Two:** Identify and reduce other agricultural impacts to surface and groundwater sources
Chesapeake Bay Initiative- May 2022

- USDA will invest more than $20 million in additional funding, in the Chesapeake Bay watershed to help farmers implement conservation practices to improve water quality.

- From 2011 to 2021, USDA/NRCS has invested more than $1.1 billion towards helping producers and partners meet or exceed goals in the Chesapeake Bay.

- The funding will support practices that will prioritize nutrient reductions, sediment reductions, livestock and waste management, and wetland creation.

- Using geospatial information systems (GIS) such as USGS Sparrow maps, soil maps, 303d impaired streams maps, partner feedback, local recommendations, etc. to target conservation funding and identify priority areas.
Chesapeake Bay Initiative- May Announcement

• Announced coordination of USDA and EPA to create a new federal task force for agriculture crediting in the Bay.
  • Over the next year, identify opportunities to more fully credit agriculture conservation efforts and outcomes and establish an action plan.

• Deliver conservation technical and financial assistance through collaboration
  • NRCS and EPA Funding Coordination
  • NRCS/ USGS/ EPA Monitoring Coordination
  • Evaluating agreements and opportunities to expand technical and financial assistance delivery
Conservation Results Delivered

Delaware Financial Assistance for working lands
• Annual Allocation – Mandatory Funding
• Chesapeake Bay Initiative
• Regional Equity Funding
Conservation Results Delivered

**Urban Agriculture/Small Farms**
9:30 am-9:40 am
Delaware Poultry Pilot, New & Expected Resource Concerns Update
Jayme Arthurs
State Resource Conservationist
New and Expected Resource Concerns

Impacted Resources

Environmental Assessment

Pilot Project
Criteria

- Must have a signed contract with a poultry integrator and an approved loan for the construction of new poultry houses by an eligibility deadline

- Must install a practice within the first 12 months

- Birds must be scheduled to be placed in the poultry house within the first 6 months of program application deadline

- Eligible practices:
  - manure storage facilities,
  - composters, heavy use area protection pads
  - poultry wind breaks

- All other EQIP program eligibility must be met
Next Steps:

- Conservation Works has been awarded contract to complete the ED for the Poultry Pilot Project.

- NRCS and Conservation Works had our first kick off meeting in May. Completion in 18 months.

- Currently identified 10 sites that will be reviewed as potential poultry farms sites to complete environmental evaluation. These sites will be visited in mid June.

- There will be meetings for both stakeholders and the public. The first meeting is scheduled for June 14\textsuperscript{th}. Notice have been sent to stakeholders and Public Meeting will be posted in local papers.
9:40am-10:00am

Chesapeake Bay Implementation Grants and Poultry Headquarter BMP Project
Marcia Fox/Holly Walker
DNREC
General Background Info

- DNREC Nonpoint Source (NPS) Program administers multiple water quality grants to implement BMPs throughout the State.

- Grants administered by the NPS Program:
  - Clean Water Act, Section 319 Grant (319)
  - Chesapeake Bay Implementation (Section 117 CWA, CBIG)
  - Community Water Quality Improvement Grant (CWQIG)
## Water Quality Grants Overview

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<th>CWQIG</th>
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<th>CBIG III</th>
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<td><strong>Total Yearly Amount</strong></td>
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<td>Up to 6 years*</td>
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<td>Research: 3 years</td>
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<td>67%</td>
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<td><strong>Watershed</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>orgs, HOAs</td>
<td>community orgs, HOAs</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NPS Program Grants Info

- Project partners typically include local Conservation Districts, Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), state agencies, and/or local governments.
- NPS Program develops the grant’s operating budget, workplan, and has latitude on funding BMPs to enhance water quality efforts.
- RFP typically announced in December.
Grant Purposes

• For Delaware to meet load allocations for nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment to help restore the water quality.

• Accomplished by
  o implementing BMPs,
  o wastewater treatment technology upgrades,
  o and other activities necessary to reduce nutrients and sediment loads to the cap load levels and maintaining them into the future.
New Financing Strategies

- Investing in partnerships!
  - NPS has partnered regularly with state/federal agencies, Conservation Districts and Nonprofits on numerous projects.
  - Public/Private Partnerships with RCPP with NRCS and Districts
  - Watershed Organizations
- Creative solutions to support underfunded priority practices
- Expansion of State Revolving Fund funding
- Utilizing partnerships to fund additional practices
Step 1: Identify the Problem

- Poultry farms are the predominate animal agriculture industry in DE.
- BMPs for poultry farms are typically structural (ex. Manure sheds, dead bird composters) and expensive. High priority for the WIP.
- EQIP applications received exceed the funding capacity of the program.
- EQIP applications are reviewed and ranked once per year.
- Some farmers have submitted applications numerous years and not ranked high enough for selection.
Step 2: Recommend a Solution

- Recommended to implement a “pilot program” to utilize grant funds as an alternative funding option to farmers.
- Mimic the pilot program to the same standards as EQIP (ex. Cost-share structure, review/ranking processes, BMPs funded, NRCS practice codes for construction and maintenance, etc.)
- Identify “priority BMPs” – Manure sheds, composters, & windbreaks (tree buffers).
- Select a grant to implement the pilot program.
- Discuss logistics with key partner organizations.
Analyze & Select Appropriate BMPs to Address Resource Concerns

- Farmers growing chickens commercially are in critical need of manure sheds and composters.
- Chesapeake Bay model provides BMP credits for manure sheds, composters, and windbreaks.
- All selected BMPs address nutrient runoff issues and are considered high priority in the WIP.
Step 3: Implement a Solution

- Sussex Conservation District (SCD) was selected as the implementing partner organization.
- CBIG Grant was selected for implementation in the Chesapeake Bay.
- Additional non-federal match contribution was obtained from the Delaware Department of Agriculture’s Nutrient Management Program to reduce the farmer’s out-of-pocket match requirement ($2M match commitment over 6 years).
Summary of Events

• Identified an issue related to farmers struggling to implement headquarter BMPs with limited funding sources.
• Analyzed the need and logistical ability to implement a funding alternative to EQIP through grant programs.
• Selected priority BMPs for implementation that balanced farmer needs, nutrient load reductions, and efficient utilization of grant funds.
Thank You - Questions?
Ben Coverdale, NPS Program Manager
Holly Walker, Chesapeake Watershed Coordinator
Conservation Reserve Program Air, Water, and Habitat Zone Maps
Jayme Arthurs/Jamie Argo
NRCS/FSA
CRP Air, Water, and Habitat Zones

- Zones apply to new and re-enrollments for General CRP sign-ups only.

- Zones can be independent of each other but each zone can only constitute 25% of the cropland acreage in Delaware.

- Enrollments occurring in these zones receive additional Environmental Benefit Index (EBI) points.

- General CRP sign-up is a competitive process. The EBI score is set at the national level and offers have to meet that minimum level to be accepted.
Proposed CRP Wildlife Zone

- Establish Wildlife Zone based on Bobwhite, Bog Turtle priority areas which will also overlap with Black Duck priority areas.
Proposed CRP Water Quality Zone

- Establish Water Quality Zone based on Source Water Protection Areas that were established for EQIP.
Proposed CRP Water Quality and Wildlife Zone

- Still analyzing cropland acres in the areas to ensure we don’t exceed the 25% acreage limit.
CRP Air Quality Zone

- Air Quality Zones may be established in designated areas where agriculture significantly impacts air quality (nonattainment of air quality standards) where properly concentrated CRP enrollment may contribute to the improvement of air quality.

- Any ideas on how to establish this zone?

- Contact Jayme Arthurs at jayme.arthurs@usda.gov and Jamie Argo at jaime.argo@usda.gov with input, ideas, or questions.
Conservation Practice Adoption and Motivation Survey
Clarence White, Senior Statistician
NASS
Conservation Practice Adoption and Motivations

2022
• The Conservation Practice Adoption and Motivation (CPAM) survey is a reimbursable survey that the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) has contracted the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) to collect.

• The intent of the CPAM survey is to gain better understanding of conservation practice adoption and the role of technical and financial assistance in an operators’ decision to begin or expand their use of these practices.

• A pilot study was conducted in 2021 across four states Nebraska, Oregon, Oklahoma, and Pennsylvania. Those states were chosen due to the diversity of agriculture within each state along with the contrast of agricultural practices between the states.
2021 CPAM pilot study versions

- Version 1 – Crop Practices
- Version 2 – Confined Livestock Practices
- Version 3 – Grazing Practice
- Version 4 – Forestry Practices
Sections in common across versions

- Land use and livestock
- Technical assistance
- Conservation Stewardship Program (all except Confined Livestock)
- Demographics
- Value of sales (all except Forestry)
Practices Asked on the Cropland Version

- Cover Crops
- Nutrient Management
- Pest Management
- Tillage
- Drainage Water Management
- Runoff Management (Terraces, Waterways, Grade Stab., Water & Sed. Basins, Contour Farming)
- Edge of Field Structures (Field Borders, Filter Strips, Riparian Buffers)
- Wetland Conservation Practices (Creation and Enhancement)
- Irrigation Management and System Improvements
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practices asked on the Confined Livestock Version</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Conservation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical Assistance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste Storage Facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste Separation Facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Animal Mortality Facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Nutrient Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste Utilization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diversion of Runoff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stabilization or Protection of Heavily Used Areas</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
• The information collected during the pilot study was used to make decisions for this year’s national survey.

• After reviewing the results of the pilot study and receiving input from stakeholders the decision was made to only conduct two versions at a time.

• The versions that will be conducted for 2022 are the Crop Practices and Confined Livestock.

• The survey results will be used to guide the implementation of NRCS programs in the future.
Use of Information

• Improve technical and financial assistance programs
  • Are incentives too low for some practices, thereby depressing adoption?
  • Are we paying too much for some practices that would be adopted anyway?
  • Is technical assistance sufficient in some cases?
  • Are some practices prone to dis-adoption when financial assistance stops?
  • How important are incentives in achieving operation-wide adoption?
Survey Highlights

• NASS will mail the Conservation Practice Adoption Motivations Survey to over 3,000 northeastern farmers and ranchers.

• Nearly 150 of the potential respondents are Delaware operators.

• The survey is scheduled to mail out on May 30th.

• Reminder postcards will be mailed to non-responders on August 1st.

• The data collection period (phone follow-up) will be from June 13 – August 12.

• Survey Results will be available online September 15, 2022.
Questions
Program Updates
ACEP ALE & WRE
EQIP CIC
Traditional EQIP
AMA & AMA/RMA
CSP
Agricultural Lands Easement Program (ALE)

State allocation of $1,737,067 for parcel acquisition in FY22

DE NRCS & DDA are realigning our timelines to allow for additional time to obligate parcels.
Wetland Reserve Easement Program (WRE)

State allocation of $349,507

FY 22 Geographic Area Rate Caps for DE were approved
- Cropland $5,000/ac
- Forestland $3,000/ac
- 30-year enrollments @ 75% value

FY 23 Area Wide Market Analysis (AWMA) procurement will take place in June
- Statewide market area
- Used to develop state GARC rates
EQIP-CIC: Purpose

To provide stewardship opportunities for producers through EQIP:

– Based on land use
– Must address at least one Priority Resource Concerns (PRC)
– Within an identified watershed or other area (HPA)

Steppingstone for producers from EQIP to CSP:

– Allows producers to implement elements of CSP on a smaller scale
EQIP-CIC can attain additional levels of conservation by providing two types of Incentive Practice Payments:

**Implementation Payments for adopting practices (EQIP component):**
- Structural, Vegetative, Management Practices
- Paid after certification of practice

**Annual Payments for managing, maintaining, and improving conservation (CSP component):**
- Management Practices
- Paid after October 1 of each fiscal year
- May not be scheduled every year
EQIP-CIC: Major Features

EQIP-CIC Payment Limitation:
– $200K Payment Limitation, separate from EQIP ‘Classic’

EQIP-CIC Contract Limitation:
– Joint Operations (bus type 2 or 3) have a contract limit not to exceed $400K
Delaware’s FY 2022 EQIP-CIC Program

Focus: Climate Smart Agriculture and Forestry Drought Mitigation Practices
High Priority Area-Entire State
Target Land Use: Cropland
Resource Concern Categories addressed:
  – Field Sediment, Nutrient & Pathogen Loss
  – Source Water Depletion
  – Field Pesticide Loss
## FY22 EQIP – DE CIC Practices

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<tr>
<td>216</td>
<td>Soil Health Testing</td>
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<tr>
<td>328</td>
<td>Conservation Crop Rotation</td>
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<td>329</td>
<td>Residue and Tillage Management – No Till</td>
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<td>340</td>
<td>Cover Crop</td>
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<td>345</td>
<td>Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till</td>
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<tr>
<td>449</td>
<td>Irrigation Water Management</td>
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<td>554</td>
<td>Drainage Water Management</td>
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<td>590</td>
<td>Nutrient Management</td>
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<td>595</td>
<td>Pest Management Conservation Systems</td>
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<td>808</td>
<td>Soil Carbon Amendments</td>
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EQIP-CIC Deadlines

Application: 2/11/2022
Eligibility: 3/11/2022
Assessment and Ranking: 4/1/2022
Obligation: 6/24/2022
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<th>Ranking Pool</th>
<th>Preliminary Funds</th>
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<td>Beginning Farmer</td>
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<td>Conservation Activity Plans</td>
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<td>Cover Crop Kent</td>
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<td>Cover Crop Sussex</td>
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<td>Cropland</td>
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<td>Drainage Water Management</td>
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<td>Poultry HQ Sussex</td>
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<td>Reserve</td>
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<td>Socially Disadvantaged Farmer</td>
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<td>Urban Agriculture</td>
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<td>Wildlife 10%</td>
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<td>EQIP CIC 5%</td>
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<td><strong>Total Allocation</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 6,503,000.00</strong></td>
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Regional Equity Money

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<th>Fund Pool</th>
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<td>Poultry HQ - Sussex</td>
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<td>Cropland</td>
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<td>Cover Crop Kent/N.C</td>
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<td>Total:</td>
<td>$991,239.00</td>
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Regional Equity Money will help us fully fund Poultry HQ- Sussex and Poultry HQ – Kent/N.C.

Obligation deadline for this allocation is: 7/29/2022
Chesapeake States Partnership Initiative

$100,000 to address resource concerns in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed.
EQIP - Classic Deadlines

Application: 10/15/2021
Eligibility: 1/31/2022
Ranking and Assessment: 4/1/2022
Original Allocation Obligation: 6/24/2022
Additional funds obligation: 7/29/2022

EQIP – RCPP and EQIP (Classic) Cover Crop Deadlines

Producer Cover Crop Decisions: 4/29/2022
Assessments: 6/3/2022
Ranking: 6/3/2022
Obligations: 7/1/2022
Cover Crop Implementation - FY22 and beyond
Agricultural Management Assistance (AMA)

AMA – High Tunnel Allocation $89,707

This fund pool focused on funding High Tunnels and companion Practices

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<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>High Tunnel System</td>
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<td>340</td>
<td>Cover Crop</td>
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<td>367</td>
<td>Roofs and Covers</td>
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<td>430</td>
<td>Irrigation Pipeline</td>
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<td>Irrigation Reservoir</td>
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<td>Irrigation System, Micro-Irrigation</td>
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<td>449</td>
<td>Irrigation Water Management</td>
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<td>533</td>
<td>Pumping Plant</td>
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<td>558</td>
<td>Roof Runoff Structure</td>
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### AMA – RMA

**Allocation- $140,561**

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>High Tunnel System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>Conservation Cover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>328</td>
<td>Conservation Crop Rotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>340</td>
<td>Cover Crop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>342</td>
<td>Critical Area Planting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>Wildlife Habitat Planting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430</td>
<td>Irrigation Pipeline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>436</td>
<td>Irrigation Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>441</td>
<td>Irrigation System, Micro-Irrigation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>449</td>
<td>Irrigation Water Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>484</td>
<td>Mulching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>533</td>
<td>Pumping Plant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>558</td>
<td>Roof Runoff Structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>561</td>
<td>Heavy Use Area Protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>590</td>
<td>Nutrient Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>595</td>
<td>Pest Management Conservation System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>642</td>
<td>Water Well</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) and CSP Renewals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY22 CSP Renewals:</th>
<th>FY22 CSP Classic:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application: 4/7/2021</td>
<td>Application: 3/25/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment: 10/1/2021</td>
<td>Assessment: 6/10/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ranking: 10/15/2021</td>
<td>Ranking: 6/10/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligation: 12/17/2021</td>
<td>Obligation: 7/29/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Obligated: $149,037</td>
<td>Total Allocation: $1,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BREAK
5 minutes
10:45 am-10:55 am
Local Work Group Reports

Brooke Jones, ACTING ASTC-Programs

10:55am-11:10am
LWG Recommendations

**Program Improvements:**

– Lifespan of composters is prohibitive to Organic Operations 
with the requirement of utilizing treated wood.

– Why is NRCS phasing out cover crop? Where is the funding 
being allocated? From our vantage point, cover crop was the 
“most bang for the buck” in conservation practices.

– Cost share amounts for fencing in urban agriculture situations 
is far below market average and these fences are a 
necessary component for ensuring safety and security. Chain 
link should not be an option: “historic perception of certain 
types of fencing materials in communities of color result in 
negative connotations which are detrimental to our community 
relationship efforts”.

United States Department of Agriculture

nrcs.usda.gov
LWG Recommendations

Concerns to address:

- Why are there no cost share opportunities for alternative energy projects in Delaware, i.e., methane digesters?
- Why are chemical storage buildings no longer cost-shared in Delaware when adjacent counties in Maryland are still doing it?
- Roofs on HUAP’s. This practice is also being implemented in Maryland but not in Delaware.
- Why are gutters and underground outlets not associated practices for structures?
LWG Recommendations

Concerns to address for High Tunnels:
- The “no container planting” rule for high tunnels needs to change for multiple reasons:
  - Doesn’t accommodate propagation
  - 2nd and 3rd season floriculture could benefit small growers (forcing chrysanthemum)
  - Doesn’t accommodate raised bed culture, a crucial component to developing urban production on derelict sites
  - In most urban settings we are dealing with limited resources and space, we should be able to maximize the profitability of where we can grow.
Thank you to the Districts for holding LWG meetings this spring and submitting minutes for the STAC
Update on New Practices or Payment Scenarios for FY23
Jayme Arthurs
State Resource Conservationist
New Practices and Payment Scenarios

ICPS 812 Raised Beds
- Create an above ground growing environment.
- Focus for Urban Agriculture production in raised beds
- Working with NRCS in NJ.

CPS 362 Waste Separation Facility
- A filtration or screening device, settling tank, settling basin, or settling channel used to partition solids and/or nutrients from a waste stream.
- Dairy waste treatment and handling

CPS 570 Stormwater Runoff Control
- Measures or systems to control the quantity and quality of stormwater runoff.
- Rain gardens for Urban Agriculture production

CPS 396 Aquatic Organism Passage
- Improve or provide passage for aquatic organisms.
- Potential for dam removals on the Brandywine River for American Shad.
Nanticoke Watershed Plan Updates
Ann Baldwin
State Conservation Engineer

11:25am - 11:35am
Committee Reports
Guest Reports
State Technical Advisory Meetings

Next Meeting is August 25th!
Wrap-up
Questions/Discussion
The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all of its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, political beliefs, genetic information, reprisal, or because all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD)."