Conservation Practice Overview

Saturated Buffer (Code 604)

A saturated buffer is a vegetated, riparian buffer in which the water table is artificially raised by diverting much of the water from a subsurface drainage system along the buffer to reduce nitrate loading to surface water through enhanced denitrification.

Practice Information

The saturated buffer is one of several practices that may be used to help prevent excessive nitrate contribution from tile drainage water leaving crop fields.

Typically, the saturated buffer is implemented by providing a secondary outlet for a subsurface drainage system. This is accomplished by installing a water control structure in the main drainage outlet. The structure diverts the flow from the tile outlet to a lateral, perforated distribution line running parallel to the watercourse, along the field edge of the vegetated buffer strip. During periods of high flow in the tile system, the structure is set to bypass excess flow to the main drainage outlet. As the drain water is introduced to the buffer through the distribution line, the soil becomes saturated, allowing vegetation and denitrifying soil organisms to remove nitrates from the water before it is discharged into streams.

An onsite soil investigation is critical to good saturated buffer planning and design. The amount of organic matter in the soil and the presence of a restrictive layer are critical to the function of the saturated buffer. The buffer should be at least 30-feet wide, and have vigorously growing herbaceous or woody shrubs and trees, or a combination of the two.

Common Associated Practices

NRCS Conservation Practice Standard (CPS) Saturated Buffer (Code 604) is a part of an overall strategy to reduce nitrate export to surface water. Saturated buffers work well in conjunction with a strategy of the four ‘4-R’s’ of nutrient management detailed in NRCS CPS Nutrient Management (Code 590). Applying nutrients from the right source, at the right rate, and the right time in the right place minimizes the amount of nutrients in the drainage water.

CPS Drainage Water Management (Code 554) can also be successfully used together in the conservation system.

For further information, contact your local NRCS field office.