

Colorado State Technical Advisory Committee (STAC) Meeting

Action Minutes with Recommendations

April 29, 2025 95 Attendees (Including 21 USDA staff)

*See final presentation slides for details

- 8:01 Liz With: Introductions
- 8:02 Clint Evans, State Conservationist, NRCS Current Status, Welcoming remarks
- 8:10 Amber Freouf, Programs Update/Summary for Fiscal Year 2024
- 8:21 FSA Update, Cory Pelton, Colorado Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) statistics:
 - In 2025, 4k acres are expiring
 - Forecast for FY26: 400k acres expiring
 - Forecast for FY27: 25k acres
- 8:25 Eugene Backhaus, Contract Management Options for CRP
 - ➤ **Recommendation for consideration**: Proposed contract management activities for CRP contracts should include: interseeding, prescribed burning, residue management, shallow/light/strip tillage, thining trees, interplanting trees and prescribed grazing (July 15th to March 15th as recommended at previous STAC).
 - **FOR:** 11
 - AGAINST: 0
 - Recommended
 - Recommendation from the STAC: Should proposed contract management activities for CRP contracts include haying?
 - **FOR:** 4
 - AGAINST: 6
 - Not Recommended- however, there was interest and thus NRCS will ask the Wildlife Subcommittee to potentially review for future discussion and consideration.
- 8:56 Ray Aberle, Spring Quarter CPW & Wildlife Workgroup Updates
- 9:17 Matt Collins, Western Landowners Alliance (WLA), Stewards of the Working Wild a Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)
- 9:20 Avery Shawler, Western Landowners Alliance (WLA), Building Trust guide

- 9:30 NRCS Stewards of the Working Wild a Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP) **BREAK TIME** 9:35
- 9:45 Eric Gostenik, Joaquin Gonzalez, Fodder Systems for Livestock
- 10:00 Using Soil Survey, B.J. Shoup, Andy Steinert
- 10:14 Emma Hardman, Colorado Department of Agriculture, (CDA) Project Updates.
- Beth Hayes, Backyard Chicken update 10:18

Prescribed Grazing Range Planting

Riparian Forest Buffer

Well Decommissioning Woody Residue Treatment

Residue and Tillage Management, No Till

Streambank and Shoreline Protection

- 10: 29 Amber Freouf
- 10:36 Rob Murphy, Source Water Protection (SWP)
 - > Recommendation for consideration: Add all proposed watersheds as recommended by the SWP Subcommittee?
 - **FOR:** 6 **AGAINST:** 0
 - Recommended

Recommendation for consideration: Accept the recommended list of SWP practices as ecommended by SWP (including CEMA activities)?						
Practice Practice						
Conservation Cover						
Conservation Crop Rotation						
Cover Crop						
Forage and biomass planting to reduce soil erosion or increase organic matter to build soil health						
Forest Stand Improvement						
Herbaceous Weed Treatment						
Herbaceous weed control (inadequate structure and comp) for desired plant communities/habitats						
Herbaceous weed control (plant pest pressures) for desired plant communities/habitats						
Herbaceous weed control for desired plant communities/habitats consistent with the ecological site						
Herbaceous weed treatment to create plant communities consistent with the ecological site						
Irrigation Water Management						
Nutrient Management						
Pest Management Conservation System						

- FOR: 6
 AGAINST: 0
 Recommended
- Recommendation for consideration: Change NWQI watersheds as recommended by the SWP Subcommittee? (Specifically, the vote was to keep Plum Creek, remove Limestone Creek, add Outlet Big Sandy Creek (HUC 11022211904).)
 - FOR: 6 • AGAINST: 0
 - Recommended

12:04 End of meeting

Brian Domonkos, Snow & Water Forecasting
Erik Wardle & Phil Brink Edge of Field Monitoring Program, Nutrient Management
Amy Kreman, Colorado Master Irrigator Project Update
Amber Freouf, Water Management Entities (WME) Opportunities
Bill Ketterhagen, Informing Project Planning & Implementation



Colorado State Technical Advisory Committee Agenda

April 29, 2025

8:00 am Welcome Agenda Updates/ Changes/ Additions (Liz With, NRCS)

8:05 am Federal Agency Updates (60 minutes)

NRCS Status Update & Looking Forward (Clint Evans, NRCS) 20 min

FY2024 Programs Summary (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 20 min

FSA & CRP Updates (Corey Pelton or Hunter Cleaveland, FSA) 20 min

9:05 am **Predator Deconfliction Project (40 minutes)**

CPW Updates (Ray Aberle, CPW) 10 min

2024 Lessons Learned (Ray Aberle, CPW & Dustin Shifflett, CDA) 10 min

WLA Building Trust (Matt Collins, WLA) 10 min

NRCS Project Updates (Amber Freouf & Marissa Markus, NRCS) 10 min

9:50 am Break

10:00 am Urban & Non-Traditional Agriculture (40 minutes)

Eleusis Fodder Systems (Eric Gostenik & Joaquin Gonzalez) 10 min Using Soil Survey (Andy Steinert & BJ Shoup, NRCS) 10 min CDA Project Updates (Emma Hardiman, CDA- CSCB) 10 min Backyard Chicken Challenges (Beth Hayes, CSU Extension) 10 min

10:40 am Irrigation, Drought, and Agriculture (70 minutes)

FB 201818 Source Water Protection & NWQI Report (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 10 min SWP Subcommittee- Potential Changes Listening Session? (Rob Murphy, CDPHE) 10 min

Colorado Snow and Water Forecasting (Brian Domonkos, NRCS) 10 min Edge of Field Monitoring (Erik Wardle, CSU & Phil Brink, CCA) 10 min

Master Irrigator Updates (Amy Kreman, CSU) 10 min WME Opportunities (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 10 min

Informing Project Planning & Implementation (Bill Ketterhagen, TFT) 10 min

11:50 am General Partner Updates & Discussion 12:00 pm Closing Comments (Clint Evans, NRCS)

12:10 pm Tentative FSA Recommendation Work Session (All welcome)

Meeting Summary

Meeting title

Colorado USDA State Technical Advisory Committee

Attended participants 95 (21 staff)

Start time 4/29/25, 7:38:49 AM End time 4/29/25, 12:07:45 PM

Meeting duration 4h 28m 55s Average attendance time 1h 58m 48s

2. Participants

			In-Meeting			
Name	First Join	Last Leave	Duration	Email	Role	Staff
With, Elizabeth - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:51:17 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 13m 24s	elizabeth.with@usda.gov	Organizer	Υ
Hunt, Lisa - FPAC-NRCS,	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
CO	7:38:50 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 28m 54s	Lisa.Hunt@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:57:53	3			
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	7:43:00 AM	AM	1h 14m 52s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:11:23	3			
jim cecil (Unverified)	7:49:32 AM	AM	55m 6s		Presenter	N
Duran, James - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:49:38 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 9m 47s	james.duran@usda.gov	Presenter	N
Basiliere, Shaun - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:50:10 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 17m 34s	shaun.basiliere@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Woods, Woody - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:25:19)			
FSA, CO	7:51:58 AM	AM	1h 33m 20s	woody.woods@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Pelton, Corey - FPAC-FSA,	, 4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
CO	7:52:32 AM	11:34:53 AM	3h 42m 20s	corey.pelton@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Brandner, Kindra - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:53:51 AM	12:07:44 PM	4h 13m 52s	kindra.brandner@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Troyer, Michael - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:55:25 AM	11:42:43 AM	3h 36m 21s	Michael.Troyer@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ

Naranjo, Patrick - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:55:30 AM	12:07:44 PM	4h 12m 14s	patrick.naranjo@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Cindy Lair CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:15:10				
(Unverified)	7:55:50 AM	AM	19m 19s		Presenter	N
Simmons, Clifton - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:55:55 AM	12:04:45 PM	4h 8m 49s	Clifton.Simmons@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Pawnee Buttes Seed	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	7:55:57 AM	11:44:03 AM	3h 48m 5s		Presenter	N
Rapp, Bailey - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:55:58 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 7m 40s	bailey.rapp@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Susan (Unverified)	7:56:33 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 11m 11s		Presenter	N
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:20				
(Unverified)	7:58:03 AM	AM	1h 37m 17s		Presenter	N
Steinert, Andy - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:58:03 AM	10:57:24 AM	2h 59m 20s	andy.steinert@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 7:58:32				
Susan Lohr (Unverified)	7:58:08 AM	AM	24s		Presenter	N
Koch, Renee - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:58:17 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 9m 27s	renee.koch@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Domonkos, Brian - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:58:18 AM	12:01:52 PM	4h 3m 34s	brian.domonkos@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Robbins, Kirsten - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:58:53 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 8m 51s	kirsten.robbins@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Miller, Justin	7:59:16 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 8m 28s	justin.miller@5rcattle.com	Presenter	N
Cochran, Brett - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	7:59:27 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 8m 17s	Brett.Cochran@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
Rich Schultheis - PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	7:59:40 AM	12:07:44 PM	3h 26m 48s		Presenter	N
Trimboli, Laura - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:36:23	}			
NRCS, CO	7:59:44 AM	AM	1h 23m 16s	Laura.Trimboli@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ

Emma Hardiman - CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:14:28				
(Unverified)	7:59:54 AM	AM	14m 34s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:20				
Seth Gallagher	8:00:11 AM	AM	1h 35m 8s	Seth.Gallagher@NFWF.ORG	Presenter	N
Emily Chavez- Bird	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:40:53				
Conservancy (Unverified)	8:00:13 AM	AM	1h 40m 40s		Presenter	N
Rachel - State Land Board	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:04:10				
(Unverified)	8:00:20 AM	AM	3m 49s		Presenter	N
Knupp, Patty - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	8:00:22 AM	12:07:44 PM	4h 7m 21s	patty.knupp@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Bill Ketterhagen	8:00:29 AM	12:06:59 PM	4h 6m 29s	bill@thefreshwatertrust.org	Presenter	N
Perrin, Rebecca	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:02:19				
(External)	8:00:36 AM	AM	1h 1m 42s	Perrin.Rebecca@epa.gov	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Anderson,David	8:01:12 AM	12:07:45 PM	3h 36m 41s	David.Anderson@ColoState.EDU	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Ismert, Peter (External)	8:01:18 AM	11:28:56 AM	3h 27m 38s	Ismert.Peter@epa.gov	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:59:08				
Girija Kulkarni	8:01:23 AM	AM	1h 57m 44s	Girija@ccalt.org	Presenter	N
Rachel - State Land Board	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:19:28				
(Unverified)	8:01:28 AM	AM	18m		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:47:10				
Brendan Boepple	8:02:26 AM	AM	44m 44s	Brendan@ccalt.org	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Ahmed Hashem	8:03:05 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 3m 12s	ahashem@agroptics.com	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:06:57				
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	8:03:15 AM	AM	3m 41s		Presenter	N
Ray Aberle-CPW	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	8:03:15 AM	10:03:39 AM	1h 56m 17s		Presenter	N
Markus, Marissa - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	8:03:40 AM	12:07:45 PM	4h 4m 4s	Marissa.Markus@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ

Eskew, Stacey - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	8:03:49 AM	12:07:43 PM	4h 3m 54s	stacey.eskew@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:57:39				
Rakel (Unverified)	8:04:24 AM	AM	53m 14s		Presenter	N
Forehand, Sean - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:15:09				
NRCS, CO	8:06:06 AM	AM	9m 2s	sean.forehand@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
17196860020	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:52:09				
(Unverified)	8:06:36 AM	AM	45m 33s		Attendee	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Phil Brink (Unverified)	8:06:47 AM	10:03:40 AM	1h 56m 53s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:30:26				
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	8:07:03 AM	AM	1h 23m 22s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:54:24				
Mercedes Talvitie	8:07:42 AM	AM	45m 29s	mercedes.talvitie@marbleseed.org	Presenter	N
Casey Davenhill	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:55:25				
(Unverified)	8:08:07 AM	AM	1h 47m 17s		Presenter	N
R.Murphy WQCD	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:19:02				
(Unverified)	8:12:27 AM	AM	1h 6m 34s		Presenter	N
Emma Hardiman - CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	8:15:04 AM	11:50:32 AM	3h 35m 28s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:30:06				
Cindy Lair (Unverified)	8:15:27 AM	AM	1h 14m 38s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:41:28				
Bob Warner (Unverified)	8:19:47 AM	AM	1h 21m 40s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:22				
Matt C (Unverified)	8:22:39 AM	AM	1h 12m 42s		Presenter	N
McGovern, Theresa -	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
FPAC-NRCS, CO	8:23:50 AM	12:07:45 PM	3h 43m 55s	Theresa.McGovern@usda.gov	Presenter	N
Ray Aberle - CPW	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	8:25:43 AM	12:07:45 PM	3h 42m 1s		Presenter	N
Peterson, Kristina - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, OR	8:30:28 AM	12:07:44 PM	3h 37m 16s	Kristina.Peterson@usda.gov	Presenter	N

	4/29/25,	4/29/25,		reon.mcbride@republicanriver.onmicro		
Reon McBride	8:30:39 AM	11:58:17 AM	3h 27m 38s	soft.com	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:27:29				
Panjabi,Susan	8:33:22 AM	AM	51m 30s	SUSAN.PANJABI@colostate.edu	Presenter	N
Rachel Turner -SLB	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:46:00				
(Unverified)	8:39:52 AM	AM	6m 8s		Presenter	N
19707651485	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:48:16				
(Unverified)	8:46:04 AM	AM	2m 11s		Attendee	N
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	8:53:12 AM	12:07:45 PM	1h 21m 49s		Attendee	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:03:34				
Eleusis (Unverified)	8:57:39 AM	AM	5m 54s		Presenter	N
, , ,	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:00:40				
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	8:59:51 AM	AM	48s		Presenter	N
Avery Shawler - WLA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:38				
(Unverified)	9:00:23 AM	AM	35m 15s		Presenter	N
Barrett, Dominic	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(External)	9:02:10 AM	12:07:45 PM	3h 5m 34s	dominic_barrett@fws.gov	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:09:38				
Eric G (Unverified)	9:03:03 AM	AM	6m 35s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:05:12				
Eleusis (Unverified)	9:04:39 AM	AM	32s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:08:36				
Joaquin (Unverified)	9:07:14 AM	AM	1m 21s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Joaquin (Unverified)	9:08:59 AM	10:05:42 AM	56m 42s		Presenter	N
Erica Hansen - IWJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	9:11:01 AM	12:07:42 PM	2h 56m 41s		Presenter	N
Robert Murphy WQCD	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	9:18:59 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 48m 45s		Presenter	N
Patrick O'Neill						
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:21				

						1
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Hayes,Beth	9:34:39 AM	10:32:46 AM	58m 7s	Beth.Hayes@colostate.edu	Presenter	N
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	9:41:12 AM	10:32:30 AM	51m 17s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Cindy Lair (Unverified)	9:42:02 AM	11:42:29 AM	2h 27s		Presenter	N
Patrick O'Neill	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	9:48:26 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 19m 18s		Presenter	N
Stambaugh, Rex - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
NRCS, CO	9:52:13 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 15m 31s	rex.stambaugh@usda.gov	Presenter	Υ
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Francisca Maiza	9:52:52 AM	10:12:15 AM	19m 23s	fmaiza@smpmanagers.com	Presenter	N
17202444629	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	9:56:00 AM	10:00:08 AM	4m 8s		Attendee	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Wardle,Erik	10:01:58 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 5m 46s	Erik.Wardle@colostate.edu	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	10:04:36 AM	10:08:01 AM	3m 24s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Phil Brink (Unverified)	10:05:09 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 2m 35s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Joaquin (Unverified)	10:05:54 AM	10:07:42 AM	1m 48s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Joaquin (Unverified)	10:08:14 AM	10:09:12 AM	57s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	10:08:52 AM	10:33:21 AM	24m 28s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Tony Orlando	10:21:58 AM	12:07:43 PM	1h 45m 45s	T.Orlando@thefreshwatertrust.org	Presenter	N
Greg Peterson	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	10:25:22 AM	11:48:56 AM	1h 23m 33s		Presenter	N
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
(Unverified)	10:32:26 AM	12:07:45 PM	1h 35m 18s		Presenter	N
<u> </u>						

	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	10:33:52 AM	12:07:45 PM	1h 33m 52s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Tommy Raye (Unverified)	10:36:34 AM	12:04:49 PM	1h 28m 15s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Kremen,Amy	10:41:56 AM	12:07:41 PM	1h 25m 44s	Amy.Kremen@colostate.edu	Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	10:42:02 AM	11:17:11 AM	35m 8s		Presenter	N
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,				
Bob Warner (Unverified)	11:31:08 AM	12:07:45 PM	36m 37s		Presenter	N

3. In-Meeting Activities

Name	Join Time	Leave Time	Duration	Email	Role
With, Elizabeth - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:45:08	53m 51s	elizabeth.with@usda.gov	Organizer
With, Elizabeth - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 19m 33s	elizabeth.with@usda.gov	Organizer
Hunt, Lisa - FPAC-NRCS,	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 28m 54s	Lisa.Hunt@usda.gov	Presenter
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:57:53	1h 14m 52s		Presenter
jim cecil (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:43:37	54m 4s		Presenter
jim cecil (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:11:23	1m 2s		Presenter
Duran, James - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 7:50:38	59s	james.duran@usda.gov	Presenter
Duran, James - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 8m 48s	james.duran@usda.gov	Presenter
Basiliere, Shaun - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 17m 34s	shaun.basiliere@usda.gov	Presenter
Woods, Woody - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:25:19	1h 33m 20s	woody.woods@usda.gov	Presenter
Pelton, Corey - FPAC-FSA,	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 42m 20s	corey.pelton@usda.gov	Presenter
Brandner, Kindra - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 13m 52s	kindra.brandner@usda.gov	Presenter
Troyer, Michael - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 7:56:24	59s	Michael.Troyer@usda.gov	Presenter
Troyer, Michael - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 7:58:10	43s	Michael.Troyer@usda.gov	Presenter
Troyer, Michael - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 34m 39s	Michael.Troyer@usda.gov	Presenter
Naranjo, Patrick - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 12m 14s	patrick.naranjo@usda.gov	Presenter
Cindy Lair CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:15:10	19m 19s		Presenter
Simmons, Clifton - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 8m 49s	Clifton.Simmons@usda.gov	Presenter
Pawnee Buttes Seed	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 48m 5s		Presenter
Rapp, Bailey - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 37m 40s	bailey.rapp@usda.gov	Presenter

Rapp, Bailey - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 30m	bailey.rapp@usda.gov	Presenter
Susan (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 11m 11s		Presenter
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:20	1h 37m 17s		Presenter
Steinert, Andy - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 59m 20s	andy.steinert@usda.gov	Presenter
Susan Lohr (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 7:58:32	24s		Presenter
Koch, Renee - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 9m 27s	renee.koch@usda.gov	Presenter
Domonkos, Brian - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 3m 34s	brian.domonkos@usda.gov	Presenter
Robbins, Kirsten - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 8m 51s	kirsten.robbins@usda.gov	Presenter
Miller, Justin	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 8m 28s	justin.miller@5rcattle.com	Presenter
Cochran, Brett - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 8m 17s	Brett.Cochran@usda.gov	Presenter
Rich Schultheis - PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 57m 22s		Presenter
Rich Schultheis - PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	29m 26s		Presenter
Trimboli, Laura - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:42:47	43m 3s	Laura.Trimboli@usda.gov	Presenter
Trimboli, Laura - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:36:23	40m 13s	Laura.Trimboli@usda.gov	Presenter
Emma Hardiman - CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:14:28	14m 34s		Presenter
Seth Gallagher	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:20	1h 35m 8s	Seth.Gallagher@NFWF.ORG	Presenter
Emily Chavez- Bird	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:40:53			
Conservancy (Unverified)	8:00:13 AM	AM	1h 40m 40s		Presenter
Rachel - State Land Board	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:04:10	3m 49s		Presenter
Knupp, Patty - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 7m 21s	patty.knupp@usda.gov	Presenter
Bill Ketterhagen	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 6m 29s	bill@thefreshwatertrust.org	Presenter
Perrin, Rebecca	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:02:19	1h 1m 42s	Perrin.Rebecca@epa.gov	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:43:19			
Anderson, David	8:01:12 AM	AM	42m 6s	David.Anderson@ColoState.EDU	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:24			
Anderson, David	9:04:04 AM	AM	31m 20s	David.Anderson@ColoState.EDU	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,			
Anderson, David	9:44:29 AM	12:07:45 PM	2h 23m 15s	David.Anderson@ColoState.EDU	Presenter
Ismert, Peter (External)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 27m 38s	Ismert.Peter@epa.gov	Presenter
Girija Kulkarni	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:59:08	1h 57m 44s	Girija@ccalt.org	Presenter
Rachel - State Land Board	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:19:28	18m		Presenter
Brendan Boepple	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:47:10	44m 44s	Brendan@ccalt.org	Presenter
Ahmed Hashem	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 58m 58s	ahashem@agroptics.com	Presenter

Ahmed Hashem	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4m 14s	ahashem@agroptics.com	Presenter
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:06:57	3m 41s		Presenter
Ray Aberle-CPW	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:25:45	22m 29s		Presenter
Ray Aberle-CPW	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 33m 48s		Presenter
Markus, Marissa - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 4m 4s	Marissa.Markus@usda.gov	Presenter
Eskew, Stacey - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4h 3m 54s	stacey.eskew@usda.gov	Presenter
Rakel (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:57:39	53m 14s		Presenter
Forehand, Sean - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:15:09	9m 2s	sean.forehand@usda.gov	Presenter
17196860020	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:52:09	45m 33s		Attendee
Phil Brink (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 56m 53s		Presenter
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:30:26	1h 23m 22s		Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:27:58			
Mercedes Talvitie	8:07:42 AM	AM	20m 16s	mercedes.talvitie@marbleseed.org	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:54:24			
Mercedes Talvitie	8:29:11 AM	AM	25m 13s	mercedes.talvitie@marbleseed.org	Presenter
Casey Davenhill	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:55:25	1h 47m 17s		Presenter
R.Murphy WQCD	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:19:02	1h 6m 34s		Presenter
Emma Hardiman - CDA	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 35m 28s		Presenter
Cindy Lair (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:30:06	1h 14m 38s		Presenter
Bob Warner (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:41:28	1h 21m 40s		Presenter
Matt C (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:22	1h 12m 42s		Presenter
McGovern, Theresa -	4/29/25,	4/29/25,			
FPAC-NRCS, CO	8:23:50 AM	12:07:45 PM	3h 43m 55s	Theresa.McGovern@usda.gov	Presenter
Ray Aberle - CPW	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 42m 1s		Presenter
Peterson, Kristina - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 37m 16s	Kristina.Peterson@usda.gov	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,		reon.mcbride@republicanriver.onmicro	
Reon McBride	8:30:39 AM	11:58:17 AM	3h 27m 38s	soft.com	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:34:34			
Panjabi,Susan	8:33:22 AM	AM	1m 12s	SUSAN.PANJABI@colostate.edu	Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:27:29			
Panjabi,Susan	8:37:11 AM	AM	50m 18s	SUSAN.PANJABI@colostate.edu	Presenter
Rachel Turner -SLB	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:46:00	6m 8s		Presenter
19707651485	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:48:16	2m 11s		Attendee

19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 8:58:03	4m 50s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:15:56	4m 4s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:57:35	4m 18s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	14m 47s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	7m 27s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	24m 16s		Attendee
19706301128	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	22m 7s		Attendee
Eleusis (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:03:34	5m 54s		Presenter
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:00:40	48s		Presenter
Avery Shawler - WLA	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:38	35m 15s		Presenter
Barrett, Dominic	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3h 5m 34s	dominic_barrett@fws.gov	Presenter
Eric G (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:09:38	6m 35s		Presenter
Eleusis (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:05:12	32s		Presenter
Joaquin (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:08:36	1m 21s		Presenter
Joaquin (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	56m 42s		Presenter
Erica Hansen - IWJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 56m 41s		Presenter
Robert Murphy WQCD	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 48m 45s		Presenter
Patrick O'Neill	4/29/25,	4/29/25, 9:35:21	8m 14s		Presenter
Hayes,Beth	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	58m 7s	Beth.Hayes@colostate.edu	Presenter
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	51m 17s		Presenter
Cindy Lair (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 27s		Presenter
Patrick O'Neill	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 19m 18s		Presenter
Stambaugh, Rex - FPAC-	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 15m 31s	rex.stambaugh@usda.gov	Presenter
Francisca Maiza	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	19m 23s	fmaiza@smpmanagers.com	Presenter
17202444629	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	4m 8s		Attendee
Wardle,Erik	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 5m 46s	Erik.Wardle@colostate.edu	Presenter
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	3m 24s		Presenter
Phil Brink (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	2h 2m 35s		Presenter
Joaquin (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1m 48s		Presenter
Joaquin (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	57s		Presenter
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	24m 28s		Presenter
	4/29/25,	4/29/25,			
Tony Orlando	10:21:58 AM	12:07:43 PM	1h 45m 45s	T.Orlando@thefreshwatertrust.org	Presenter

Greg Peterson	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 23m 33s		Presenter	
Matt Smith PLJV	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 35m 18s		Presenter	
Eric Gostenik (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 33m 52s		Presenter	
Tommy Raye (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 28m 15s		Presenter	
Kremen, Amy	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	1h 25m 44s	Amy.Kremen@colostate.edu	Presenter	
Kenan Diker (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	35m 8s		Presenter	
Bob Warner (Unverified)	4/29/25,	4/29/25,	36m 37s		Presenter	





Colorado USDA State Technical Advisory Committee



Colorado State Technical Advisory Committee Agenda

April 29, 2025

8:00 am Welcome Agenda Updates/ Changes/ Additions (Liz With, NRCS)

8:05 am Federal Agency Updates (60 minutes)

NRCS Status Update & Looking Forward (Clint Evans, NRCS) 20 min

FY2024 Programs Summary (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 20 min

FSA & CRP Updates (Corey Pelton or Hunter Cleaveland, FSA) 20 min

9:05 am Predator Deconfliction Project (40 minutes)

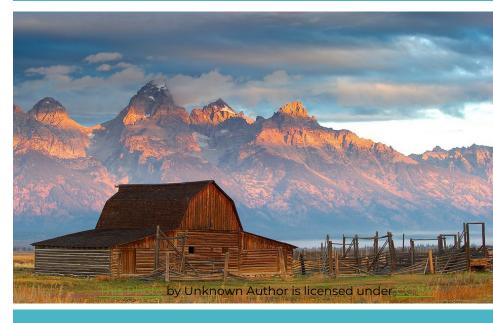
CPW Updates (Ray Aberle, CPW) 10 min

2024 Lessons Learned (Ray Aberle, CPW & Dustin Shifflett, CDA) 10 min

WLA Building Trust (Matt Collins, WLA) 10 min

NRCS Project Updates (Amber Freouf & Marissa Markus, NRCS) 10 min

9:50 am Break



FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION FSA | NRCS | RMA | Business Center



10:00 am Urban & Non-Traditional Agriculture (40 minutes)

Eleusis Fodder Systems (Eric Gostenik & Joaquin Gonzalez) 10 min

Using Soil Survey (Andy Steinert & BJ Shoup, NRCS) 10 min CDA Project Updates (Emma Hardiman, CDA- CSCB) 10 min

Backyard Chicken Challenges (Beth Hayes, CSU Extension) 10 min

10:40 am Irrigation, Drought, and Agriculture (70 minutes)

FB 201818 Source Water Protection & NWQI Report (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 10 min

SWP Subcommittee- Potential Changes Listening Session? (Rob Murphy, CDPHE) 10 min

Colorado Snow and Water Forecasting (Brian Domonkos, NRCS) 10 min Edge of Field Monitoring (Erik Wardle, CSU & Phil Brink, CCA) 10 min

Master Irrigator Updates (Amy Kreman, CSU) 10 min WME Opportunities (Amber Freouf, NRCS) 10 min

Informing Project Planning & Implementation (Bill Ketterhagen, TFT) 10 min

11:50 am General Partner Updates & Discussion

12:00 pm Closing Comments (Clint Evans, NRCS)

12:10 pm Tentative FSA Recommendation Work Session (All welcome)



NRCS Status & Looking Forward

Clint Evans



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Program Update Fiscal Year 2024





Amber Freouf Assistant State Conservationist Programs



Programs Team

- Kindra Brandner Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) Manager Wray, CO
- Stacey Eskew Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)
 Manger Center, CO
- Patrick Naranjo Program Manager Center, CO
- Marissa Markus Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP) Manager Gunnison, CO
- Laura Trimboli Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP) Manager Durango, CO
- Renee Koch Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP) Sterling, CO
- Kirsten Robbins Business Tool Coordinator Grand Junction, CO
- Shaun Basiliere Program Analyst Ft Collins, CO
- Cathy Utecht Programs Support Specialist Lakewood, CO
- Amber Freouf Assistant State Conservationist-Programs Lakewood, CO



Obligations Across Programs for Fascial Year (FY) 2024

- Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)
 - Obligated 457 contracts
 - \$52.9M
- Conservation Security Program (CSP)
 - Obligated 177 contracts
 - \$18.2M
- Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP)
 - Obligated 8 contracts
 - \$8.4M
- Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)
 - Obligated \$1.1M Classic agreements
 - Obligated \$4.5M AFA agreements

Colorado Top Resource Concerns

Ag Land (Cropland, Rangeland, Pastureland)	Non-Industrial Private Forestland
Degraded Plant Condition	Wind and Water Erosion
Field Sediment, Nutrient and Pathogen Loss	Degraded Plant Condition
Field Pesticide Loss	Fire Management
Livestock Production Limitations	Pest Pressure
Livestock Froduction Limitations	
Soil Quality Limitations	Soil Quality Limitations
Source Water Depletion	Source Water Depletion
Pest Pressure	Terrestrial Habitat
Wind & Water Erosion	Weather Resilience



Top Conservation Practices Planned

- Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)
 - Forest Stand Improvement
 - Cover Crop
 - Woody Residue
 - Fence/ Livestock Watering Facility
 - Pumping Plant/ Structure for water control
- Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP)
 - Improving Nutrient Uptake Efficiency and Reducing Risk of Nutrient Losses
 - Reduce Risk of Pesticides in Water and Air by Utilizing Integrated Pest Management Techniques
 - Reduced Tillage to Reduce Soil Erosion
 - Leaving Tall Crop Residue for Wildlife
 - Herbaceous Weed Treatment to Create Plant Communities Consistent with the Ecological Site







Project Success Stories from Fiscal Year 2024

Agricultural Conservation Easement Program



Migratory greater sandhill cranes resting on the Dow Lane South parcel (Photograph by Amy Kester).

- Acquired 1,461 ac of agricultural land mostly irrigated cropland
- \$1,060,400 federal share
- Located in Costilla County
- Colorado Open Lands Land Trust

Agricultural Conservation Easement Program



- Acquired 203 ac of agricultural rangeland
- Gunnison Sage Grouse
- \$318,750 federal share
- Located in Gunnison County
- Colorado West Land Trust

Alternative Funding Arrangement (AFA) for Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP)



- Partnered with Southern Ute Tribe Ignacio, CO
- Address Plant Pest Pressure on rangeland by implementing herbaceous weed treatment
- 124,241 acres
- \$2.3M obligated
- First within the nation

Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)



- Locally Driven by Producers
 - Sedwick and Phillips County within South Platte Valley
 - Center Pivots beyond lifespan and maintenance (salinity)
 - Inefficient Irrigation water use
- ACT NOW process with team effort in planning
 - 11 contracts to address 16 pivots \$968,000 approx. 2,000 ac
- Within 3 months from obligation
 - 11 of the 16 pivots were installed
 - 8 of the 11 contracts were complete
- Within 1 year of obligation
 - Final 5 pivots installed
 - All contracts completed

Lead to the Fiscal Year 2025 Local Workgroup Targeted Proposals

Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)





- Partnered with Colorado Open Lands to provide both Land Management and Easement Activities
- Addresses Inefficient Water Use, Aquatic Habitat
- Placing structures of water control into the Acequia "community ditches" over 100 years old





What is happening now

- Currently obligating in Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP),
 Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Agricultural Conservation
 Easement Program (ACEP), and
 Regional Conservation Partnership
 Program (RCPP)
- June 1, 2025: Obligation deadline

New for Fiscal Year 2025

- Big Game Initiative for EQIP and ACEP
- Targeted Conservation Proposals coming from Local Workgroup Meetings

Locally Lead Conservation

I consider the soil conservation districts movement one of the most important developments in the whole history of agriculture. – Hugh Hammond Bennett



Thank you



Amber Freouf
amber.freouf@usda.gov
719-469-9663





Contract Management Options in Colorado CRP

Eugene Backhaus
State Resource Conservationist





Policy Requirements

- 2-CRP requires NRCS STC and FSA SED conduct annual review of CRP management activities
- STC gets input from STAC
- Recommendation to SED by May 31st





Current Status

- Review of allowed contract management activities
- CO Notice CRP-97 was last review
- Acceptable practices were:
 - Interseeding
 - Prescribed Burning
 - Residue Management
 - Shallow/Light/Strip Tillage
 - Thinning Trees
 - Interplanting





Proposed Status

- Proposed contract management activities to include:
 - Interseeding
 - Prescribed Burning
 - Residue Management
 - Shallow/Light/Strip Tillage
 - Thinning Trees
 - Interplanting Trees
 - Prescribed Grazing





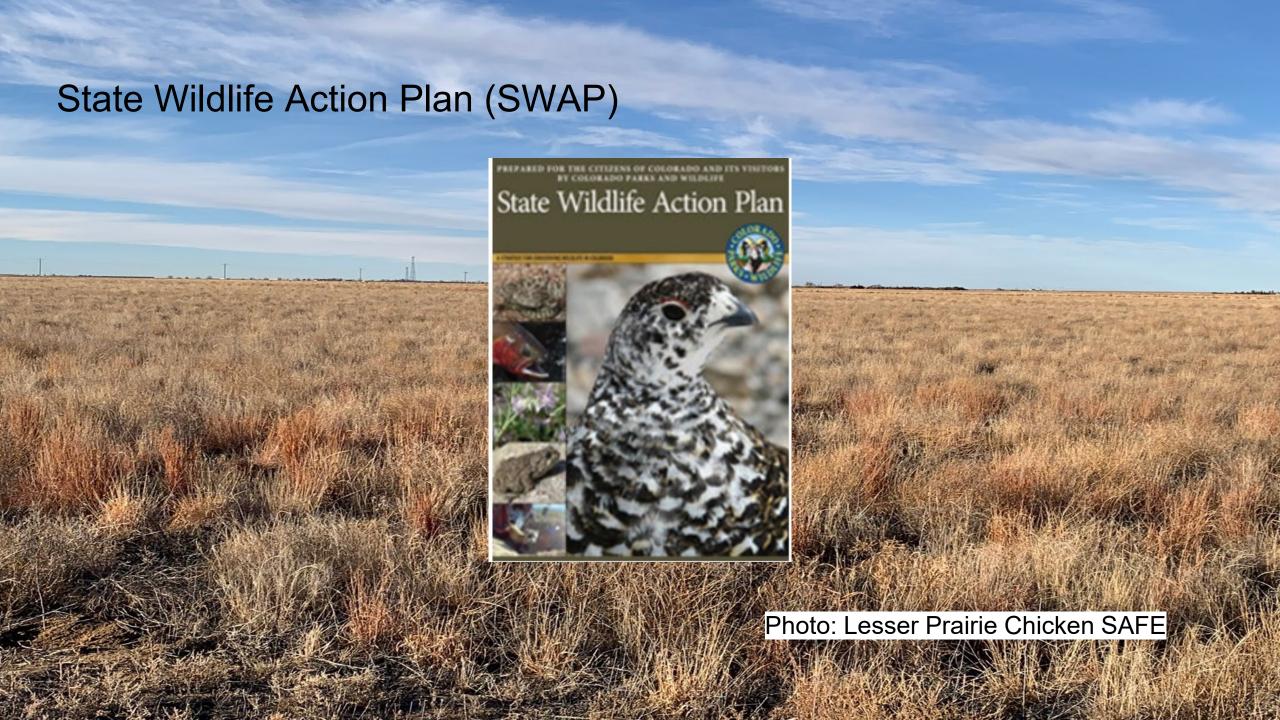
Next Steps for Allowing

- Vote from STAC on allowed management activites
- Concurrence with all or some
- Additional options or recommendations













Acres Impacted

Acres impacted						
	Grassland	Shrubland	Forest	Wetland	Total	
Technical Assistance	16,201	2,262	384	3,982	22,829	
Obligated Acres	512	0	45	2	559	
Totals by Habitat	16,713	2,262	429	3,984	23,388	

Other Impact Metrics

	In-channel river work (LnFt)	Fence improvements (LnFt)	
Technical Assistance	10,318	19,991	
Obligated	1,100	4,013	
Totals	11,418	24,004	









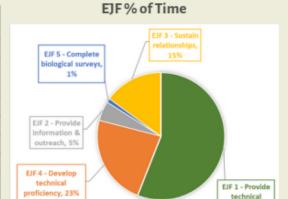
Emma Califf building a Zeedyk structure at a restoration workshop Photo: Patty Knupp

assistance, 56%

Essential Job Functions & Outreach

The essential job functions (E)F) were written and defined by representatives from partnering organizations and act as a directive for how the biologist's time is allocated. Typically, new employees spend less time on delivering and supporting habitat projects (E)F #1) and considerably more time on developing technical proficiency (E)F #4). Developing and sustaining working relationships with resource professionals and private landowners (E)F #3) is always a portion of their time. As biologists become more comfortable with their position, they lead more projects and share conservation knowledge through trainings and workshops (E)F #2). They offer their services to CPW and USFWS staff to assist with wildlife surveys, as opportunity allows (E)F #5).

WHB Location	Total Landowner Visits	Outreach Events	Estimated # of People Reached
Alamosa	26	2	61
Fort Morgan	74	6	561
Greeley	14	5	142
Gunnison	10	О	10
Montrose	28	6	138
Rocky Ford	28	2	3,856°
Sterling	31	0	31
Walsenburg	21	5	156
Woodland Park	37	О	37
TOTALS	269	26	4,991



Partner Wildlife Biologist Program

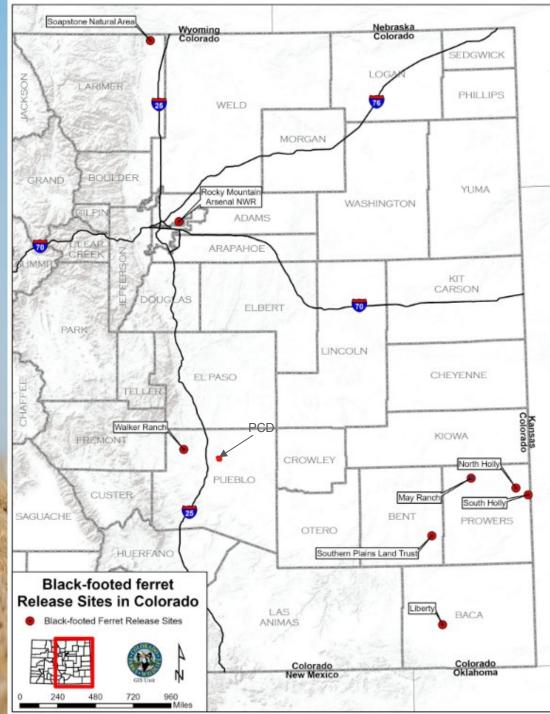
Bird Conservancy of the Rockies & Pheasants Forever



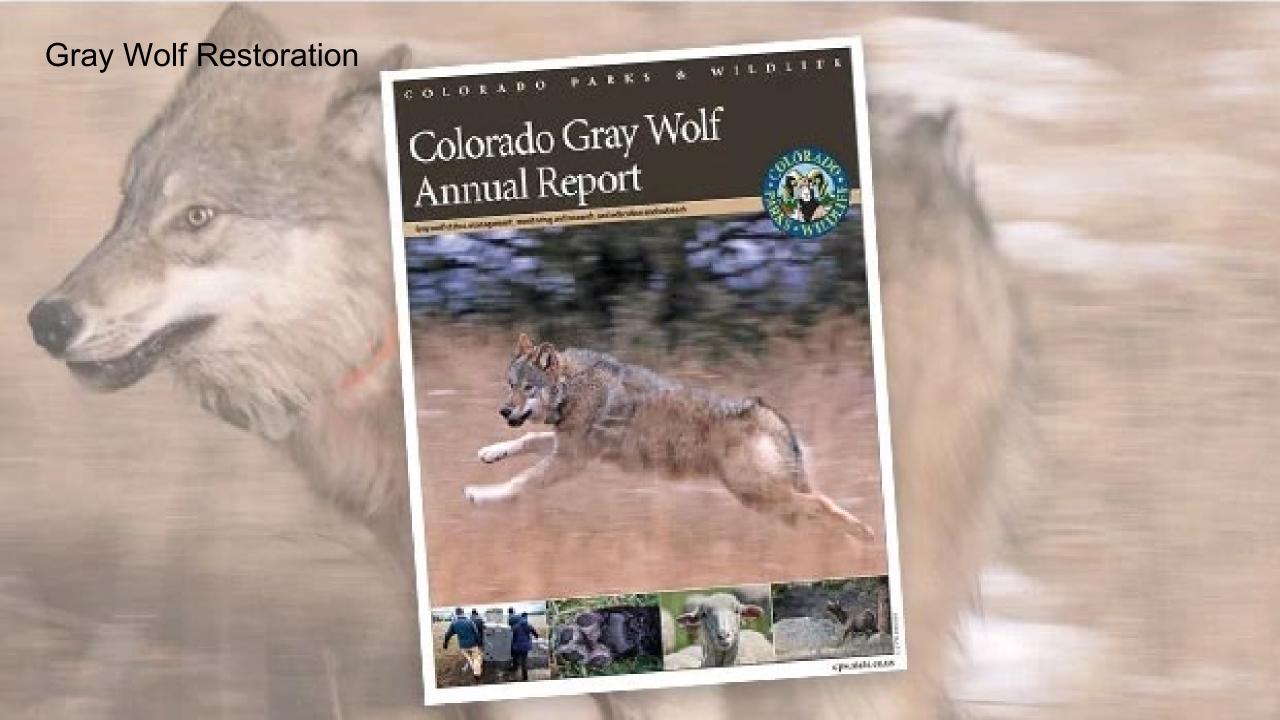


Black-footed Ferret Special Effort









2024 Lessons Learned

Ray Aberle & Dustin Shifflett



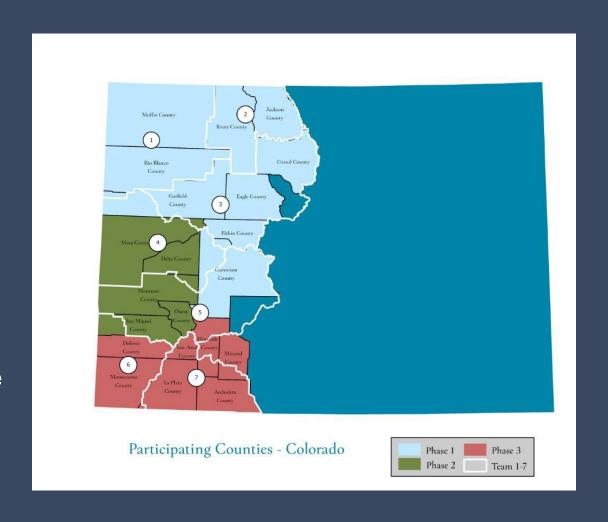




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"Stewards of the Working Wild" RCPP Project

- Financial assistance from NRCS for select practices and scenarios
 - Financial Assistance in the amount of \$2.5M (2024-2028)
 - Practices- range riding, fence, carcass management, deterrent devices, and grazing management
- Timeline
 - 117 Applications totaling \$18 million in asks
 - Pre-approvals complete. 10 Projects to be contracted by June 1st
 - Act Now EQIP signups to be held to support additional contracts



BUILDING TRUST

+ A GUIDE FOR AGENCIES
WORKING WITH PRODUCERS
TO REDUCE WILDLIFE CONFLICTS

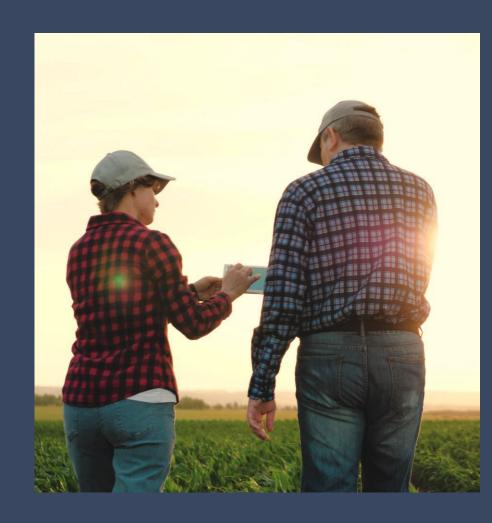


Avery Shawler, PhD Working Wild Challenge Coordinator



Background

- Trust is vital for working through wildlife conflict
 - Many wildlife agencies and producers lack trust
- PhD social science research in NW Wyoming
 - Positive working relationships between wildlife agencies & producers were crucial for mitigating wolflivestock conflict
- Goal of this project
 - Gather trust-building recommendations from a broader scope of people with experience working through wildlife conflict
- Reminder, this guide is:
 - for wildlife agencies *and* others
 - not intended to criticize agencies, but rather serve as a practical reference offering summarized recommendations





What can **agency/organization** <u>field staff</u> do to build trust with producers while working through wildlife conflict? Do you have successful examples to share?

Long answer text

What can agency/organization <u>leadership</u> do to support trust-building with producers while working through wildlife conflict? Do you have successful examples to share?

Long answer text

Data collection

Gathered recommendations from:

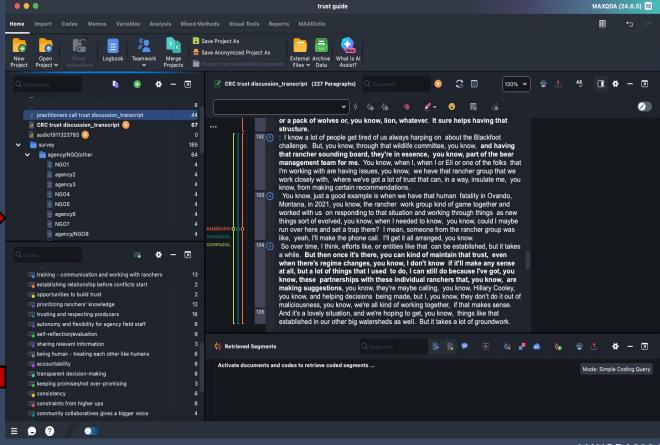
- producers
- agency staff
- researchers
- NGO staff
- other professionals

Collected data through:

- PhD research
 - o interviews with producers and agency staff
- Facilitated discussions
 - Conflict Reduction Consortium
 - Practioners' Call (WLA-convened producer group)
- online survey
- individual conversations/interviews

Data analysis – thematic analysis





A total of 40 recommendations

24 for field staff

Engage in honest communication and actions

- Have difficult conversations.
- Fulfill commitments and only make realistic promises.
- Be consistent in agency responses and action.
- Follow standards expected of producers.

Increase responsiveness and accessibility

- Respond to conflicts quickly.
- Provide accessible contact information.

Share information openly

- Use multiple communication platforms.
- Supply timely and consistent updates.
- Follow clear decision-making guidelines.
- Proactively share information.

Value and integrate local knowledge

- Understand the context and constraints of producers.
- Engage producers in two-way discussions.
- Incorporate producer insights into agency data.
- Collaborate with producers.

Build connection through meaningful interactions

- Connect with producers before conflicts arise.
- · Show up in person.
- · Check in with informal visits.
- Engage with the local community.

Practice conflict communication skills

- Listen actively.
- · Approach conflict with empathy.
- Be direct about your values and intentions.
- Acknowledge and be accountable for mistakes.
- Admit when you don't have all the answers.
- Check your blind spots.

16 for agency leadership

Agency Leadership Recommendations

Embed relationship-building into agency practices

- · Incorporate relationship-building into staff evaluations.
- Integrate producer relationships into conflict mitigation success metrics.
- Plan in-person meetings between agency leadership and producers.
- · Hire or partner with people with relationship-building skills.
- · Improve inter- and intra-agency communication and coordination.

Foster understanding and respect for producers

- Promote a public service mindset.
- Increase awareness of economic realities.
- Provide learning opportunities for working lands conservation.
- Recognize producers' contributions to wildlife conservation.

Support field staff in building relationships with producers

- · Trust and empower field staff working with producers.
- Provide staff training.
- · Establish support channels within the agency.
- Strengthen staff capacity and well-being.

Increase accountability through evaluations

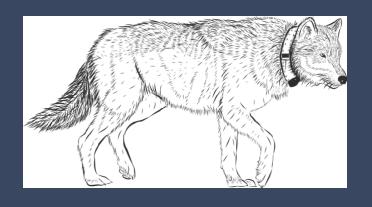
- Establish pathways for producer input.
- Partner with third-party mediators.
- · Develop assessments for evaluating producer relationships.

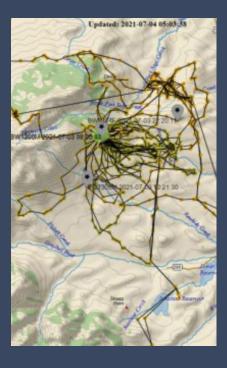
While the recommendations are separated by field staff and agency leadership, they are significantly <u>interconnected</u> and staff at all levels can benefit from reading <u>both</u> sections



Proactively sharing information with producers

Example: sharing wolf location data





"We'll let them know that they're gonna have a pack around them, but we generally don't give them the exact den location. But [we] at least keep them a little bit informed. You keep good relationships that way. People want to know that they aren't being kept in the dark and that the information you gather about animals on their property is shared with them.

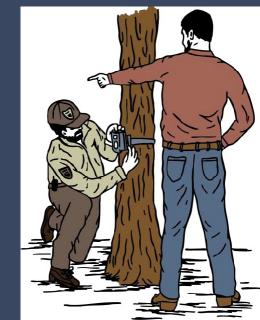
Early on [producers] really wanted to know where everything was at. Now, they're pretty good. ... As long as we're staying on top of it and staying there monitoring and somewhat keeping them in the loop, they're usually pretty happy."

Valuing and integrating local knowledge

"Treat us earnestly and [do] not have those automatic responses of, 'Oh no, that's not what you saw,' or, 'No, according to our population information, there couldn't be anything there.' Even if they don't believe us, take us seriously and know that we're not lying or that we're not out just looking for attention. ... We wouldn't be reaching out to them if we didn't have an encounter. ... Don't chastise us when our observation doesn't match their data."

Example: producers are often dismissed when reporting wildlife sightings

Use these opportunities to collaborate with producers and treat them as partners



- Tribal rancher from AZ

Building connection through meaningful interactions

- 1. Connecting with producers before conflicts arise
- 2. Show up in person
- 3. Check in with informal visits
- 4. Engage with the local community



"For people that first get the job to start doing this kind of work, you know, they really have to get out there and ... get to know people and drink coffee with folks and find out what they're thinking and what they know."

"Oftentimes, I'll be out doing something, and I'll stop and talk to them [producers] for an hour. ... It's just getting stuff out there so you're not hiding things, and we'll just deal with this stuff together. That's where I see it being really positive."

- state wolf biologist





– state wildlife biologist

Increasing responsiveness & accessibility

"The reason that we have a fairly positive working relationship ... is the fact that they know that we're available 24/7. If they call us, we will respond. That's the key to having a high density of large carnivores and people in the landscape. Somebody has to be available to deal with that. ...

I think that plays into the mindset, too, that 'I don't have control over this, but I have outlets and other professionals that I can call when I need help.' And that's a big deal."

Increasing staff capacity to support trust-building

For many recommendations, field staff need to have enough support and capacity to to build relationships with producers

- Prioritize hiring people with relationship-building skills or connections to the community
- Provide training and support to staff
- Hire additional staff to boost capacity
- Work with groups with good producer relationships

Short version – 4 page brief

- Each recommendation is 1 sentence
- · To be used as a quick reference
- Linked to full version



between livestock producers and wildlife agencies, making trust crucial for conflict resolution and effective resource management. These recommendations, based on input from producers, agency staff, and experts across the western U.S., aim to help agencies and other groups build trust with producers while managing wildlife conflict. Recommendations are organized for agency field staff and leadership, but are relevant across roles. To access the full guide, scan the QR code at the end of this document or click on this link:

*Oftentimes, I'll be out doing something, and I'll stop and talk to them (producers) for an hour. _ It's just getting stuff out there so you're not hiding things, and we'll just deal with this stuff together. That's where I see it being really positive." - Wolf biologist

Field Staff Recommendations

Engage in honest communication and actions

- · Have difficult conversations.
- Fulfill commitments and only make realistic promises
- · Be consistent in agency responses and action. · Follow standards expected of producers.

Increase responsiveness and accessibility

- Respond to conflicts quickly
- · Provide accessible contact information

Share information openly

- Supply timely and consistent updates.
- · Follow clear decision-making guidelines.
- · Proactively share information.

- · Understand the context and constraints of
- Engage producers in two-way discussions.
- · Incorporate producer insights into agency data.
- · Collaborate with producers.

Build connection through meaningful interactions

- . Connect with producers before conflicts grise
- · Show up in person. · Check in with informal visits.
- · Engage with the local community.

Practice conflict communication skills

- Listen actively.
- · Approach conflict with empathy.
- · Be direct about your values and intentions.
- · Acknowledge and be accountable for mistakes
- · Admit when you don't have all the answers.
- · Check your blind spots.

'An agency got in touch with me to go to a range riding workshop. I told went to be talked at. We went to have a

conversation about what we already do and not be talked at like we don't know anything. We have the experience on the - Rancher in Colorado

Treat us earnestly and (do) not have those automatic responses of, 'Oh no, that's not what you saw,'

or. No. according to our population information, there couldn't be anything there. Even if they don't believe us, take us seriously and know that we're not lying or that we're not out just looking for attention ... We wouldn't be reaching out to them if we didn't have an encounter. ... Don't chastise us when our observation doesn't

match their data" - Tribal rancher from AZ



Agency Leadership Recommendations Embed relationship-building into agency practices

- · Incorporate relationship-building into staff evaluations.
- · Integrate producer relationships into conflict mitigation success metrics.
- Plan in-person meetings between agency leadership and producers. · Hire or partner with people with relationship-building skills.
- Improve inter- and intra-agency communication and coordination.

Foster understanding and respect for producers

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Increase accountability through evaluations

- · Establish pathways for producer input.
- Partner with third-party mediators · Develop assessments for evaluating producer relationships.





gencies need to work well with each other to show their comm o ranchers and farmers. We do not want to get caught in the hickering gencies arguing which agency should be stepping up to help wit

Evaluation Questions

These questions can be asked within the agency, by external partner organizations, and

- · How are staff engaging in honest communication and actions with producers?
- · How responsive and accessible are staff to producers?
- · How are staff sharing information with producers?
- · How are staff valuing and integrating local knowledge?
- · How are staff building meaningful connections with producers?
- · How are staff practicing conflict communication skills?
- . How is agency leadership embedding relationship-building into agency practices?
- · How is agency leadership fostering respect and understanding for producers? . How is agency leadership supporting field staff working with producers?
- How is agency leadership evaluating agency-producer relationships?



Read the full text and find additional resources at wla.social/building-trust

Or just scan this code with your smartphone





Full version

- · 28 pages
- Introduction
- In-depth recommendations

- Case studies
- **Evaluation Questions**
- References



BUILDING **TRUST**

+ A GUIDE FOR AGENCIES WORKING WITH PRODUCERS TO REDUCE WILDLIFE CONFLICTS



Proactively share information: Sharing information demonstrates a willingness to trust producers, reinforcing bidirectional trust. In northeast Washington, producers can apply to gain access to wolf locations. While many states' wolf collar data must remain confidential due to agency policies, some biologists have built trust with producers by sharing screenshots of recent wolf locations. Sharing locations with producers also allows them to better prepare and focus on conflict reduction practices

2.4 Value and integrate local knowledge

Understand the context and constraints of producers: Listening to producers allows agencies to better understand the unique context and challenges of each operation and helps minimize recommendations that may not be practical for all producers. One producer expressed frustration with an agency biologist who frequently points out conflict reduction success stories of smaller, and often wealthier, ranches. This may unintentionally suggest that specific conflict reduction practices are broadly applicable, which can lead to criticism of producers who are unable to adopt them.

Engage producers in two-way discussions: Encourage staff to engage producers in meaningful conversations rather than imposing top-down directives. Producers do not want to be "talked at" and appreciate two-way discussions in which their expertise is acknowledged. This approach fosters respect and makes producers feel heard. Agencies can create structured apportunities through which agency staff can learn from producers about local conditions, historical land use, and concerns and

I found about four agency folks that would ask me questions about what was going on. The rest of them just knew what was going on because they'd read the book. They didn't bother to come out and interview people. They didn't bother to get details specific to the area - they had a lot of stuff to change about me." - Rancher in Idaho

Incorporate producer insights into agency data: While the role of a wildlife agency is to monitor and manage wildlife using the best available science, producers can also provide valuable insights. Multiple producers described instances when their observations were dismissed by agencies because they didn't alian with confirmed agency observations or GPS collar data. Producers have long-term fine-scale knowledge of their land and notice changes agencies may miss. Valuing local knowledge of the land and wildlife and finding ways to integrate that "into agency data will not only improve relationships by treating producers as equal partners but can also add to the agency's understanding

we don't want to be talked at. We want to have a conversation about what we already do and not be talked at like we don't know anything. We have the experience on the ground. We have folks riding." - Rancher in Colorado

an understanding of land stewardship and the challenges faced by producers, promoting empathy and enhancing their ability to work

Increasing understanding through CPW's on-ranch days

ties to farming or ranching, many staff nowadays have ted exposure to agriculture and rural life. This can impact their understanding of working lands management and conservation. To help bridge Wildlife (CPW) launched onranch training days in 2024. organizing two ranch visits that hosted 15 staff each. These visits were tailored by the producers themselves, offering ranch operations, seasonal challenges and the vital role these lands play in wildlife

program manager at CPW, shared a compelling anecdate illustrating the impact of these ranch visits: Prior to one of the training days, a fellow state employee expressed opposition to using grazing as a management tool on

After participating in one of the on-ranch training days, he training days have been met completely transformed his eve-opening the experience CPW plans to continue these had been, acknowledging that he had never interacted with is in its infancy, it's clear that a critical anchor point for better relationships between effect that even a single day on a ranch can have on alterina perspectives and building

4. EVALUATION QUESTIONS

These questions can be asked within the agency, by external groups such as partner organizations or producers themselves. The discussion brought forth by these questions can help agencies gauge their

How are agency field staff building trust?

How are staff engaging in honest communication and actions with producers? What difficult conversations are staff engaging in?

- How are staff following through an commitments? Are promises realistic?
- How are staff being consistent in their responses and actions? How are staff following practices expected of producers?

How responsive and accessible are staff to producers?

- How quickly are staff responding to producers' attempts to contact? Who are they contacting?
- How quickly are staff responding to conflicts?
- Where can producers find agency staff contact information? Is it proactively being shared?

How are staff sharing information with producers?

- What channels are staff using to communicate with producers?
- How often are staff updating producers? Are producers asking for updates?
- How clear and accessible are decision-making guidelines to producers?
- Is information being proactively shared with producers? How are staff valuing and integrating local knowledge?

- How are staff learning the context and ~
- How are staff engaging in a

How are staff practicing conflict communication skills! How are staff engaging in active listening?

- How are staff showing empathy toward producers How are staff communicating values and intentions to producers?

- What do staff do when the answers are uncertain and the situation is not under control? How are staff gauging the state of relationships with producers?

How is agency leadership supporting trust-building? How is agency requesting authorating crass-puniting. Is producer relationship-building recorporated in staff evaluations?

* TIS producer relationship-building included in conflict mitigation success metrics? * Is producer relationship-building included in conflict mitigation success metrics? Are agendes hiring or working with people who have strong relationships with producers? No notes is agreed, leadership meeting with producers in person? How often is agency leadership meeting with producers in person?

- New againtness manifest womaning when precipies were more aroung remuncrating a remainded precipies and the large state of the swill differ agencies?

 How is communication and coordination within the agency and with other wildlife agencies?

How is communication and coordination when the agency one was name and How is agency leadership fostering respect and understanding for producers?

- Now is agency leadership helping to promote a culture of public service?
 How is agency leadership helping to increase awareness that both producers and the agency rely on natural resources for their livelihoods? on natural resources for tree investmoner.

 What learning opportunities for working lands conservation are agency leadership providing? ***Not rearrang opportunismes for working longs conservation are agency reagainst
 **How is agency leadership recognizing producers' contributions to conservation?
- *Win much asteromy as start watering with producers have to make out-the-ground decisions?
 What training apportunities about the social challenges of wildlife conflict are grafiable to staff?

- What support channels are available to staff working with producers? ***Name support schannels are overlappie to start working with producers?
 **How is agency leadership assessing staff workload, copacity and well-being! Trow to agency reagetance evanuating agency-producer reagonization.

 What pothways do producers have to provide input on their relationships with agency staff! What spannwys as producers name to promote input on their tradegraphs with agency start?
 What apportunities are there to collaborate with others who have strong relationships with appeals are the specific producers.
- How is agency leadership evaluating agency-producer relationships?
- envoluental

 How is agency leadership assessing the state of relationships with producers?

Thank you!

To access the guide, visit this link: http://wla.social/building-trust
Or scan this QR code:



Feel free to reach out with questions: Avery Shawler avery@westernlandowners.org 802.377.5066

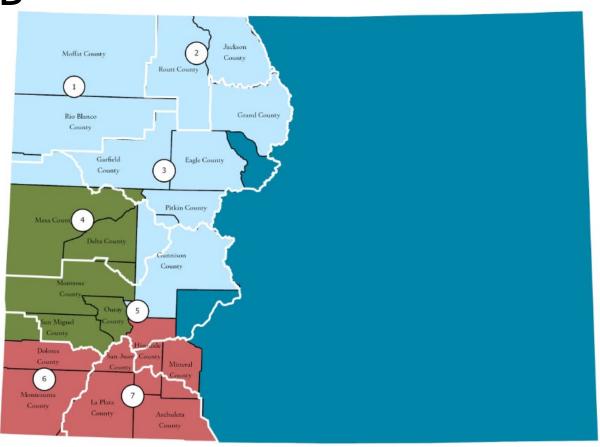






RCPP PROJECT BACKGROUND

- This project and the project funding was developed in partnership across states, agencies, non-profits, and diverse landowners
- The project goal is to reduce risk on the range by implementing non-lethal practices to minimize carnivore-livestock conflicts
- This involves **voluntary participation** from producers, just like our other programs.
 - Eligible activities- structural and management practices; upland wildlife habitat management; fence; carcass management; in some approved instances, prescribed grazing



Participating Counties - Colorado





PRIMARY AND SUPPORTING PRACTICES

Upland Wildlife Habitat Management

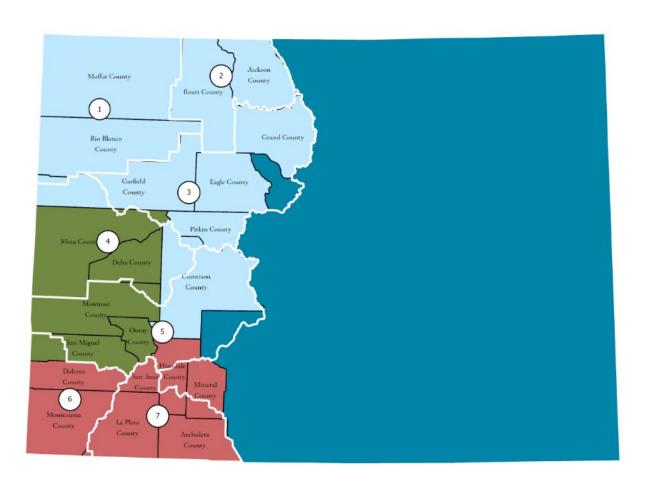
Fencing

Animal Mortality Management

Prescribed Grazing

RCPP PROJECT PROGRESS

- Timeline
 - Opened the announcement January 10th
 - Application deadline February 7th
 - Contract obligation deadline June 1st
 - 10 applications preapproved
 - 3 contracts obligated
 - 4 contracts ready for landowner signature
 - 3 contracts finalizing planning
- Financial assistance from NRCS for select practices and scenarios
 - Financial Assistance available in the amount of \$2.5M (2025-2028)
 - \$2,045,415.4 preapproved
 - ~\$400,000 obligated
 - ~\$1.6M pending obligation



Participating Counties - Colorado





QUESTIONS? AND MANY THANKS!

WLA- Matt Collins

Matt@westernlandowners.org

NRCS- Marissa Markus

Marissa.markus@usda.gov





BREAK

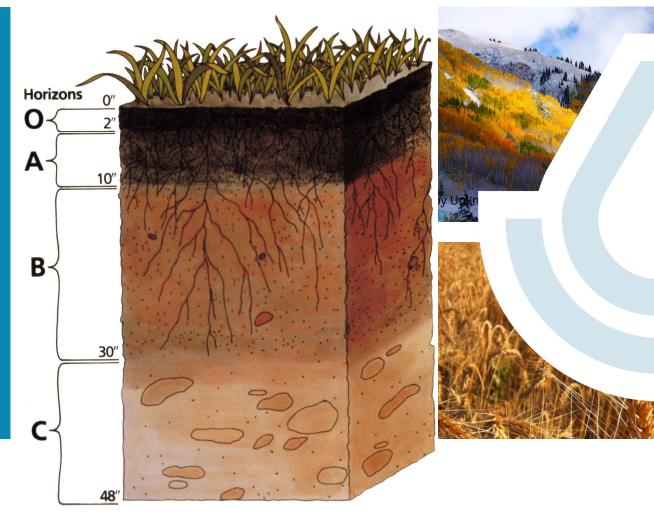
Eleusis Fodder Systems

Eric Gostenik & Joaquin Gonzales



Using Soil Survey

BJ Shoup & Andy Steinert



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY





COLORADO

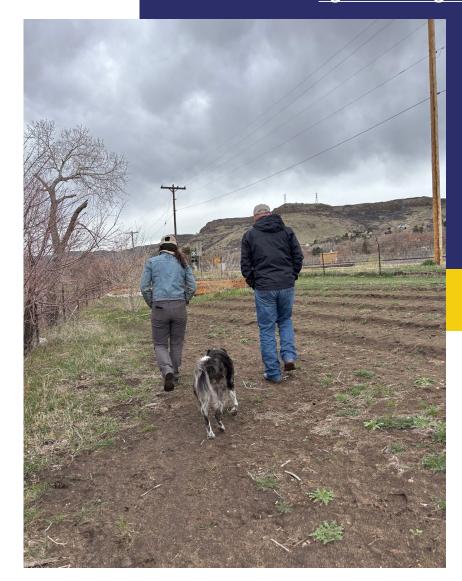
Department of Agriculture





NRCS Partnership

- Training with & supporting NRCS Urban
 Conservationist, Maria Bumgarner, through field visits & EQIP application submissions
- Urban Agriculture Field Day April 1st 2025
- Learning more about NRCS programs and sharing opportunities to engage throughout my work





CDA Program Development

- Winter Conference Season
 - CACD/CSCB Annual Meeting
 - Mile High Farmers Summit
 - NACD Annual Meeting SLC
 - CFVGA Annual Meeting
- Gearing up for May 1st Event Growing Urban Ag in Colorado
- Strategic Plan Development
- Looking Toward the Future: Regional Workshops





Urban Ag – Backyard Chicken

Presented by: Beth Hayes, Pueblo CSUE Agriculture, Natural Resources & Small Acreage Specialist



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Chickens 101

- Omnivores
 - No: Beans, potatoes, avocados, dairy, chocolate, apple seeds
- Average life span 5-14 years (breed, health, predators)
- Dusty
- Noisy
- Free loaders
- Every county, HOA and metro district has different poultry rules & zoning codes
- There are more chickens on the planet than people



Chicks vs. Hens

Chicks

- Temperature Control
- Overcrowding
- Dust, Smells
- A lot more hands-on care for first 6-8 weeks of life

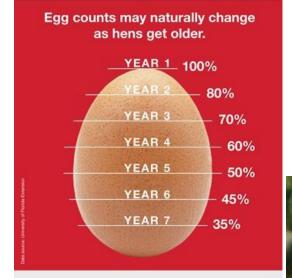
Hens

- Eggs 5-6 months of age
- Seasonality
- Molting
- Personality & Pecking Order

Roosters

- Not all roosters know their jobs
- Many counties have noise ordinances inside city limits restricting roosters
- Many breeds you can't sex until about 6-8 weeks of age or longer
- All chickens have combs and wattles (size of those change with breed)

Egg goals for your backyard chickens



High-producing, well-fed backyard hens can lay up to 250 eggs in the first year

Feed a Purina® complete layer feed to help hens lay strong and stay strong.





Wattle

Diseases

HPAI – Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

- Virus
- Spread by wild birds
- Purple combs
- No treatment
- Vaccine in the works
- Zoonotic

Bumblefoot

- Bacterial infection with abscess on the bottom of the foot
- Wrong perches (size, rough)
- Poor hygiene, Vitamin A loss
- Obesity

Fowl Pox

- Viral disease causing lesions on the skin or membranes of the respiratory tract
- No cure but there is a vaccine

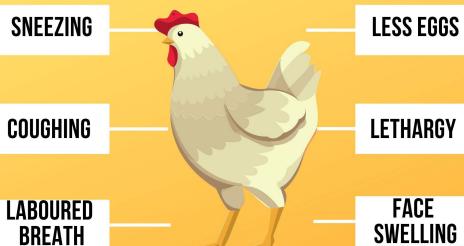
Marek's Disease

- Viral disease caused by herpesvirus not zoonotic
- Causes tumors and paralysis
- High mortality rates, vaccine but not cure

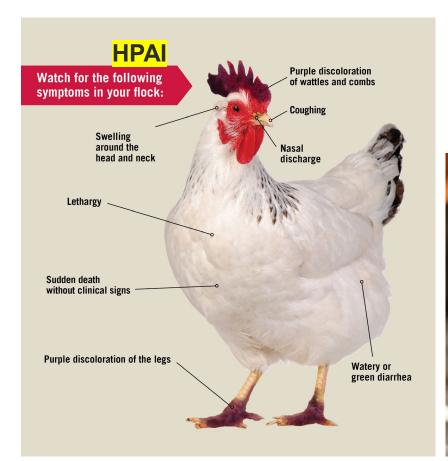
Respiratory Issues







Diseases Cont.









Resources CSUE

- CSU Extension Veterinary Specialist Dr. Kathy Whitman
 - Kathy.Whitman@colostate.edu
- Colorado Avian Health Program
 - https://vetmedbiosci.colostate.edu/vdl/colorado-avian-health-program/#:~:text=You%20can%20contact%20us%20at,commercial%20and%20backyard%20poultry%20producers.
- Ailments of Chickens CSUE Fact Sheet
 - https://extension.colostate.edu/topic-areas/agriculture/ailments-ofchickens-2-505/
- Avian Flu CSUE Fact Sheet
 - https://extension.colostate.edu/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/Avian-Health-Deliverable-Draft98.pdf
- Raising Poultry the Organic Way Disease Control & Feeding
 - https://extension.colostate.edu/topic-areas/agriculture/raisingpoultry-the-organic-way-disease-control-and-feeding-2-507/
- Raising Poultry the Organic Way Mang & Production
 - https://extension.colostate.edu/topic-areas/agriculture/raisingpoultry-the-organic-way-management-and-production-2-508/

Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza
Outbreak Resources for
Backyard Producers







Farm Bill 2018 Source Water Protection and National Water Quality Initiative Report

Amber Freouf – Assistant State Conservationist – Programs







Source Water Report





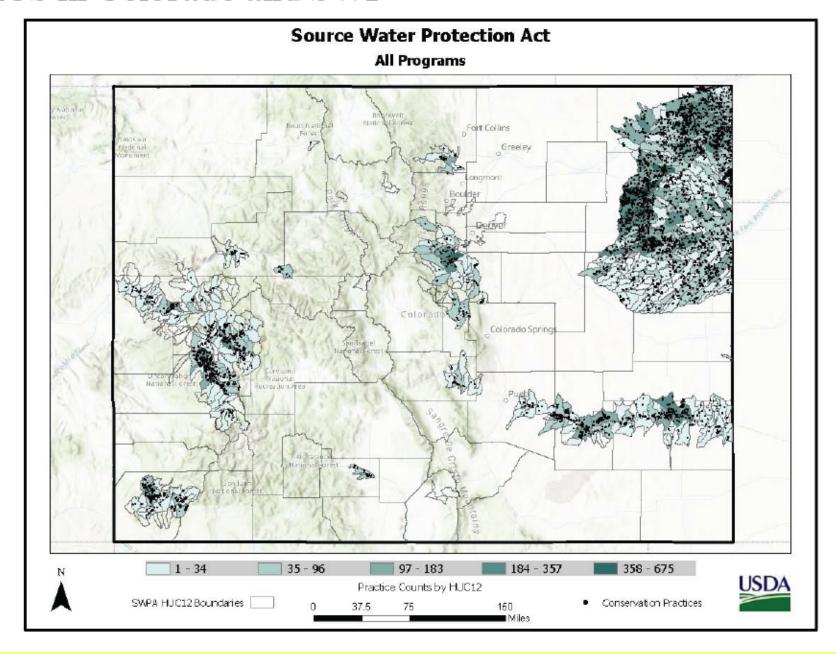
Source Water Defined

Refers to sources of water (rivers, streams, lakes, reservoirs, springs, and groundwater) that provide water to public drinking water supplies and private wells.

2018 Farm Bill enabled the protection of drinking water

- Policy directs states to:
 - Allocate 10% of funding across all programs to be used to encourage practices that relate to water quality and quantity that protect source waters
 - Work with State Technical Committee to identify high priory areas
 - Work with State Technical Committee to identify practices that address water quality and quantity concerns while addressing treats to community water systems
 - Offer producers increased incentives and higher payment rates for identified practices

NRCS in Colorado and SWP



Over 28% of obligated funds for Farm Bill 2018 was dedicated to Source Water

Colorado Source Water Protection Scorecard

Financial Assistance (FA) Program	2018 Farm Bill	Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)	Т
Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) - CSP helps ag producers build on their existing conservation efforts while strengthening their operation.	\$3,410,250	\$6,632,500	0
Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)- EQIP offers farmers, ranchers, and private forest landowners financial, cost-share assistance to implement structural and management conservation practices that optimize environmental benefits on working agricultural lands.	\$52,608,831	\$28,340,008	T
Agricultural Land Easement (ALE)- ALE helps private and tribal landowners, land trusts, and other entities protect croplands and grasslands on working farms and ranches by limiting non-agricultural uses of the land through conservation easements.	\$10,716,125	-	A
Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)- RCPP is a partner-driven approach to conservation that funds solutions to natural resource challenges on (RCPP) agricultural land.	-	\$55,933,590	L
	\$66,735,206	\$90,906,098	\$157,641,304

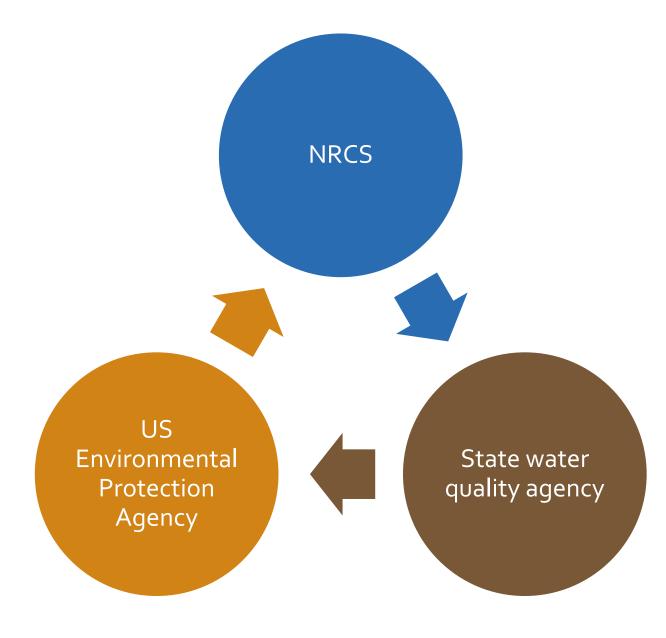


National Water Ouality Incentives Report



Accomplishing Work

- Identify and address impaired water bodies
- NRCS provide targeted funding for financial and technical assistance to small watersheds
- Partners provide additional resources in watershed planning, implementation, outreach and monitoring to track water quality improvements over time





National Water Quality Initiative (NWQI)

Provides voluntary on-farm conservation investments with focused water quality monitory and resource assessments to deliver clean water.



Conservation Practices

Promote Soil Health

Reduce erosion

Lessen nutrient runoff



Thank you

Amber Freouf (amber.freouf (am



NRCS Colorado Farm Bill Source Water Protection Program STAC Meeting April 29, 2025

Agenda

- 1. Program Accomplishments
- 2. FY26 Stakeholder Input
- 3. SWP FY26 Local Priority Area Recommendations
- 4. SWP FY26 Eligible Conservation Practices
- 5. NWQI FY26 Recommendations
- 6. Open Discussion, Questions

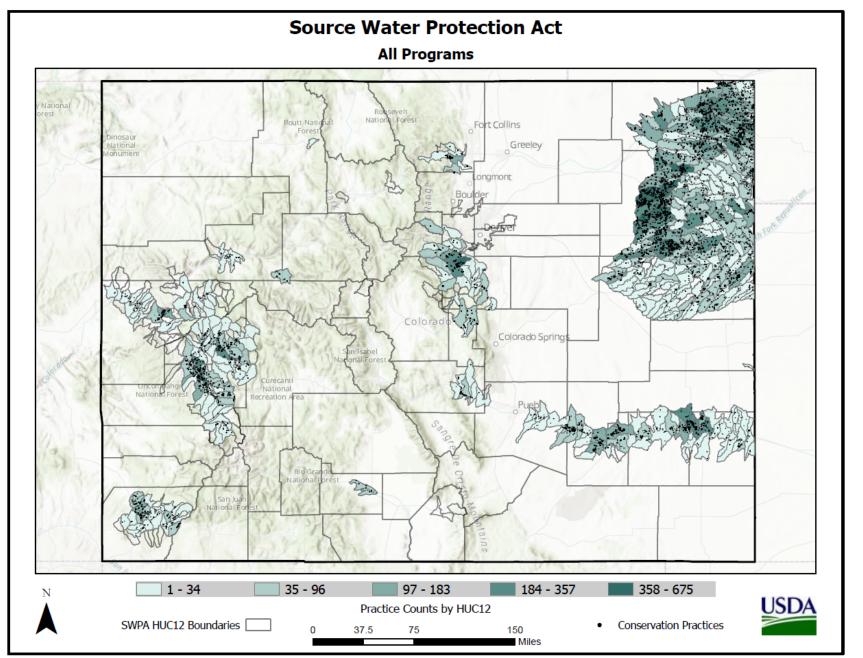
1. Program Accomplishments

Colorado Source Water Protection Scorecard						
Financial Assistance Program	Program Purpose	2018 Farm Bill (FB)		Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)		
Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP)	CSP helps agricultural producers build on their existing conservation efforts while strengthening their operation.	s	3,410,250	\$	6,632,500	
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Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)	RCPP is a partner-driven approach to conservation that funds solutions to natural resource challenges on agricultural land.	5	<u> </u>	\$	55,933,590	
	Total	\$	66,735,206	\$	90,906,098	

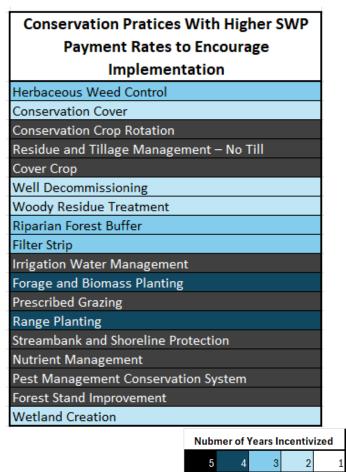
- 28% of funding from 2019 to 2024 has been dedicated to SWP projects in Colorado
- \$158 Million
 devoted to SWP from
 Farm Bill (FB) and
 Inflation Reduction
 Act

All data in this report is provisional data and subject to revision.

1. Program Accomplishments



27,267 total practices have been planned and/ or installed as of April 2025



All data in this report is provisional data and subject to revision.

2. Stakeholder Input

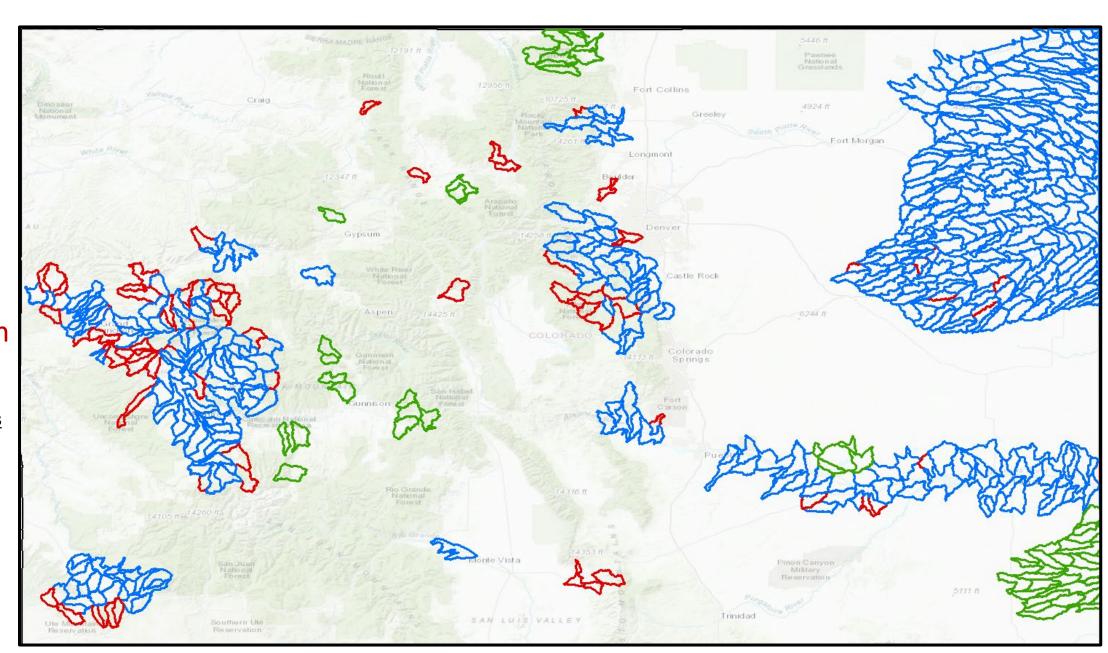
- Public Stakeholder Meeting held April 15th
 - Numerous Stakeholders requested additional meetings and provided input
 - Northern Water, Coalition for the Poudre River Watershed, other NOCO entities
 - Upper Gunnison River Conservancy District, and their stakeholders
 - Denver Water
 - Colorado Springs Utilities
 - CDPHE WQCD Drinking Water and Clean Water Programs
 - BLM
- We are currently able to incorporate all stakeholder proposed additional LPAs and remain underneath the 20% state acreage threshold.
- We would still propose eliminating HUCs that have not seen any program participation since inception in 2019, to have flexibility in adding HUCs in future years should the need arise.

-Keep

-Add

-No Participation (FY18-24)

Current Calculations 12,909,115 Acres 19.4% of State



SWPA HUC12 Boundaries

<u>Subcommittee Recommendation:</u>

- Add Recommended HUCs that fit with program requirements (eligible lands).
- Based on stakeholder input, no immediate need to remove HUCs without participation.
- Consider removal of areas without eligible SWP projects funded between FY18-25. Engage Stakeholders in removal process next year.
- Removals should be considered on a case-by-case basis.

-Keep

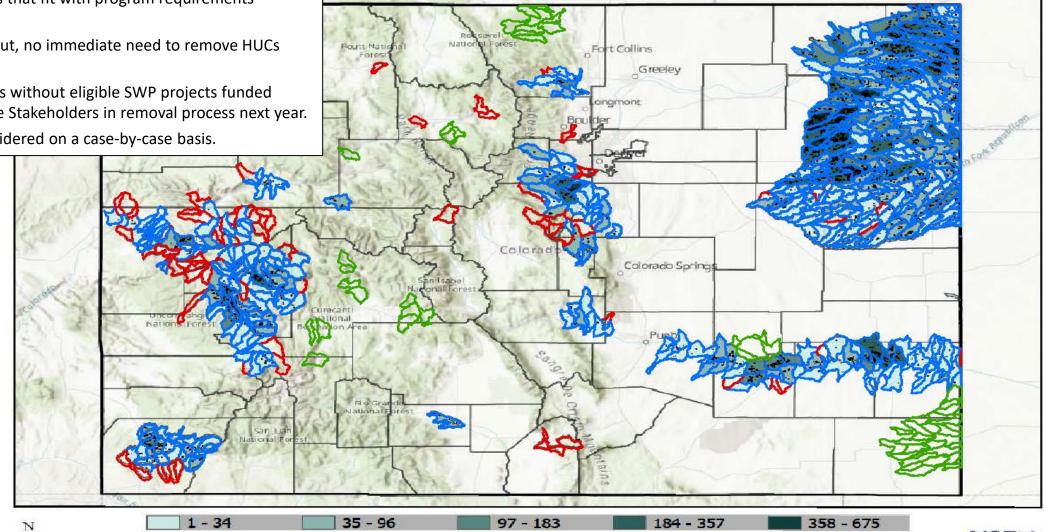
-Add

-No

Participation

(FY18-24)

Current Calculations 12,909,115 Acres 19.4% of State



Practice Counts by HUC12

37.5

Source Water Protection Act

All Programs



Conservation Practices

Denver Water

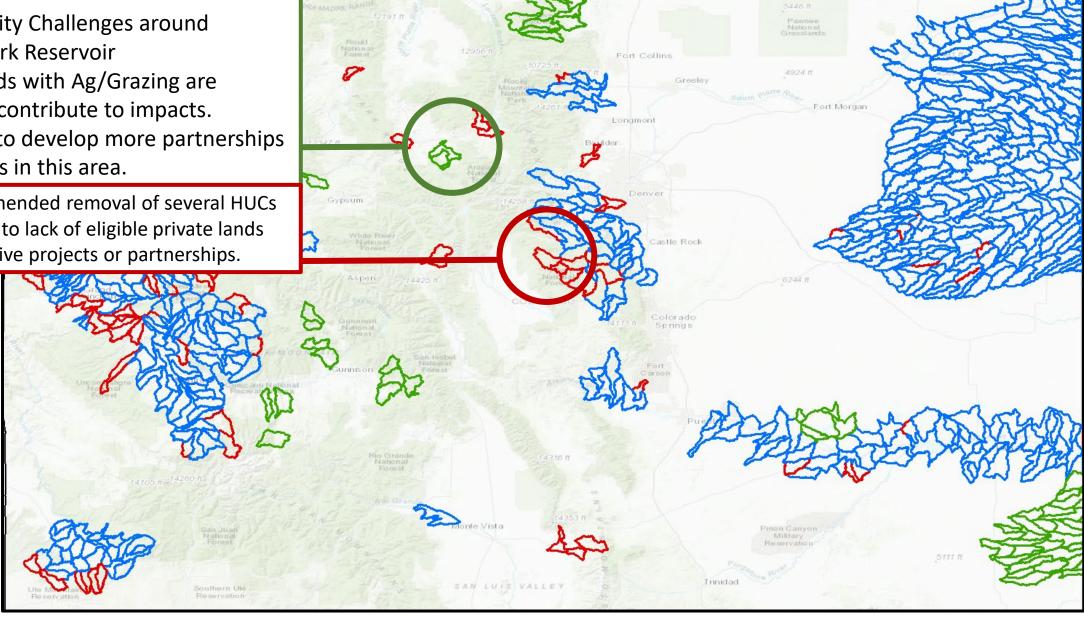
- Water Quality Challenges around Williams Fork Reservoir
- Private Lands with Ag/Grazing are thought to contribute to impacts.
- Would like to develop more partnerships and projects in this area.

DW also recommended removal of several HUCs in this area, due to lack of eligible private lands and no prospective projects or partnerships.

-Keep

-Add

-No **Participation**



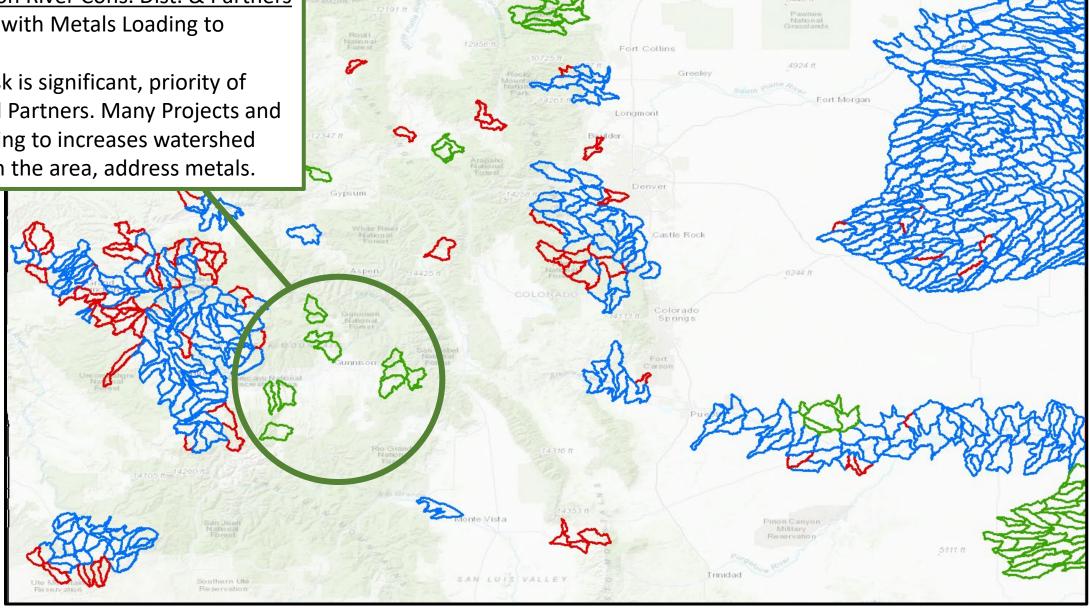
Upper Gunnison River Cons. Dist. & Partners

- Challenges with Metals Loading to **Streams**
- Wildfire Risk is significant, priority of District and Partners. Many Projects and Plans ongoing to increases watershed resiliency in the area, address metals.



-Add

-No **Participation**



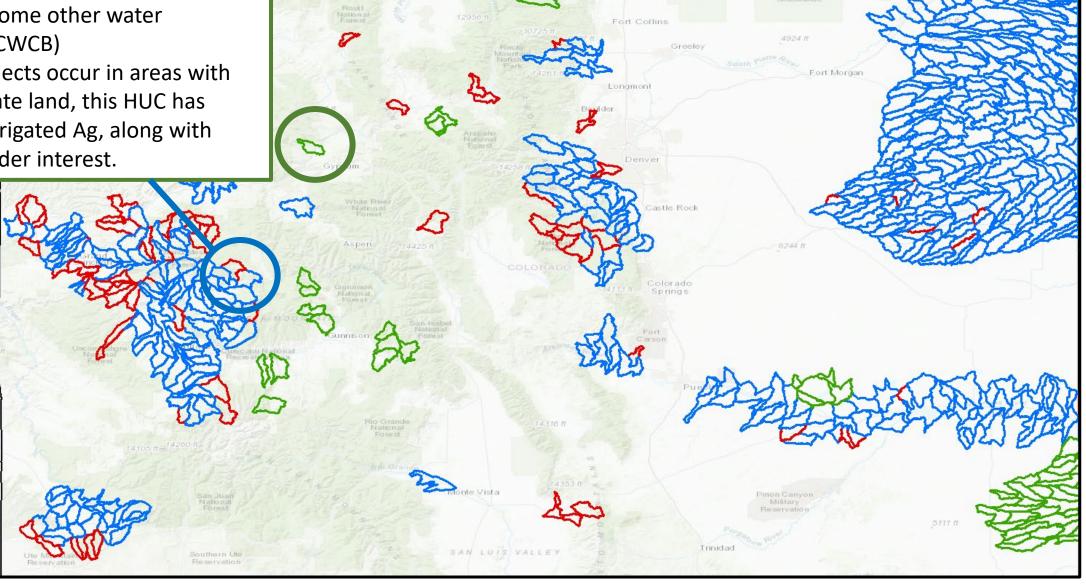
BLM

- **Investing in Salinity Control Projects**
- Overlap with some other water stakeholders (CWCB)
- Most BLM projects occur in areas with very little private land, this HUC has private land, irrigated Ag, along with other stakeholder interest.



-Add

-No **Participation**



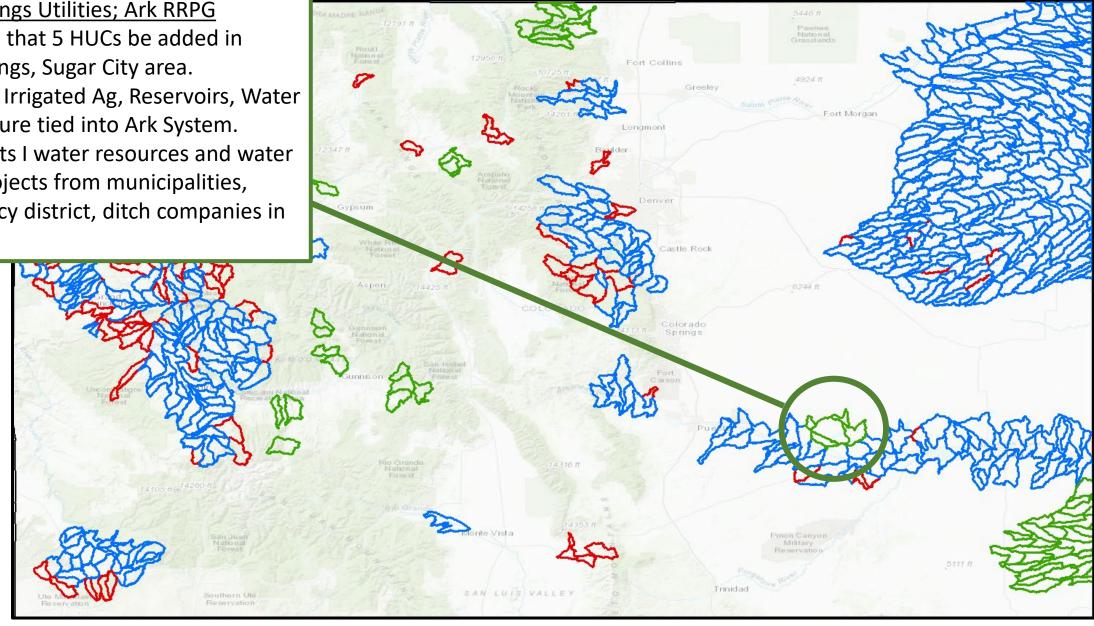
Colorado Springs Utilities; Ark RRPG

- Requested that 5 HUCs be added in Olney Springs, Sugar City area.
- Significant Irrigated Ag, Reservoirs, Water Infrastructure tied into Ark System.
- Investments I water resources and water quality projects from municipalities, conservancy district, ditch companies in the area.

-Keep

-Add

-No **Participation**



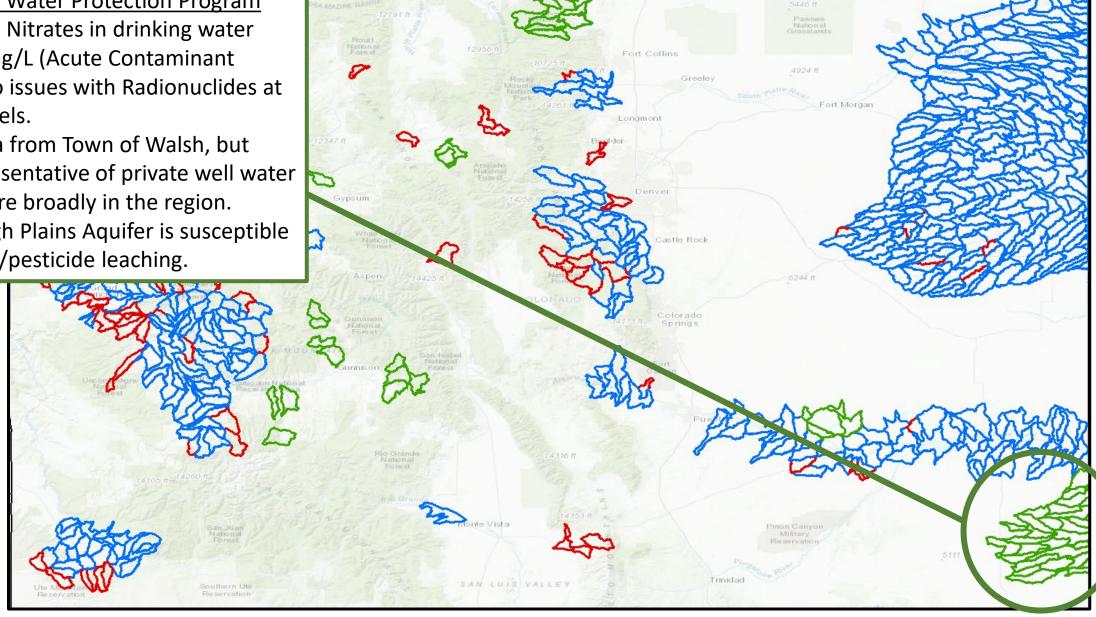
WQCD Source Water Protection Program

- Issues with Nitrates in drinking water above 10mg/L (Acute Contaminant Level). Also issues with Radionuclides at chronic levels.
- Water Data from Town of Walsh, but likely representative of private well water quality more broadly in the region.
- Area of High Plains Aquifer is susceptible to nutrient/pesticide leaching.

-Keep

-Add

-No **Participation**



3. Local Priority Area Recommendations

Norther Water, CPRW, Muni's

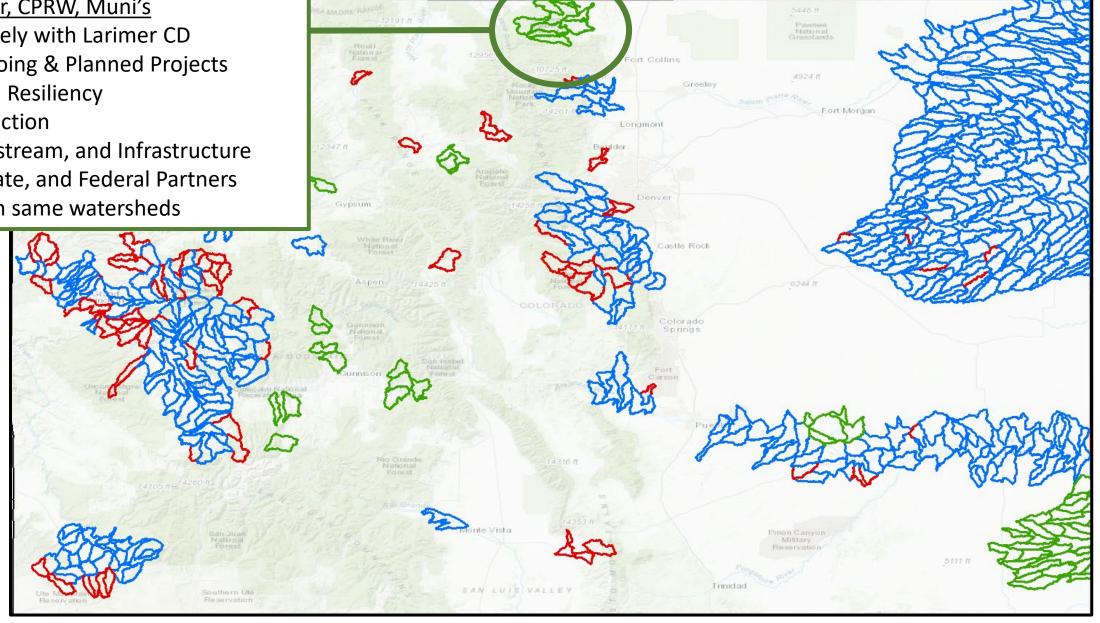
- Works closely with Larimer CD
- Many Ongoing & Planned Projects
- Watershed Resiliency
- **Fuels Reduction**
- Upland, Instream, and Infrastructure
- Private, State, and Federal Partners investing in same watersheds

-Keep

-Add

-No **Participation**

12,909,115 Acres 19.4% of State



3. Local Priority Area Recommendations – Upper Poudre

Highlight: Successful Partnerships Working Across Boundaries

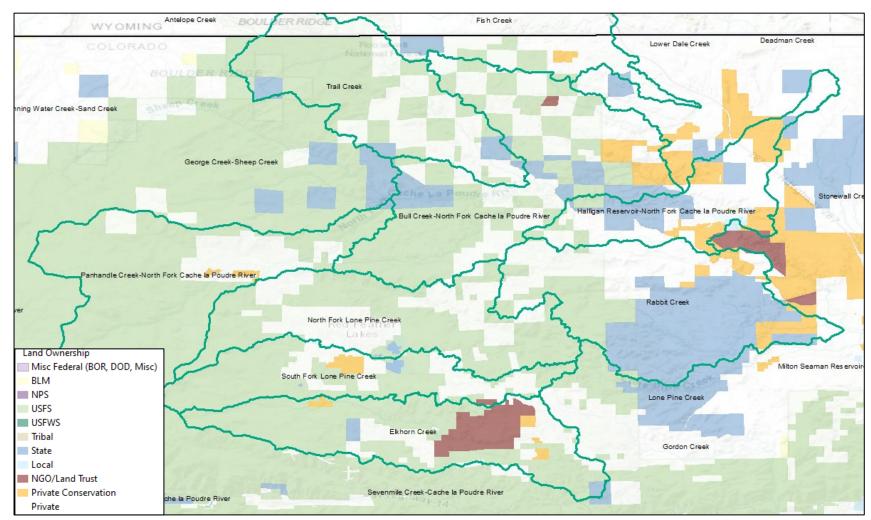
- Checkerboard of Landownership
- Landscape Scale Resource Management Across Boundaries
- Thousands of Acres of Private Land Conservation Projects since 2018.
- Supporting the Black Diamond Planning Area
- Planning Area and Supporting USFS by connecting PODs between USFS parcels and across private lands

Funding Partners Leveraging Equip Dollars

- *CO Parks and Wildlife
- *CO State Forest Service
- *CDPHE WQCD
- *CO Strategic Wildfire Action Program Grants
- *Community Wildfire Defense Grants
- *City of Fort Collins
- *Northern Water LCD Annual Agreements
- *Loveland Utilities
- *Peaks to People
- *Nature Conservancy

Northern Colorado On-The-Ground Partners:

Larimer CD, CPRW, Northern Water, USFS, CSFS, Muni's, CPW



4. SWP Eligible Conservation Practices

Current Practice List 2019 to 2025 Planned and Implemented

Practice Pra	Count
Conservation Cover	1486
Conservation Crop Rotation	4543
Cover Crop	1644
Forage and biomass planting to reduce soil erosion or increase organic matter to build soil health	1
Forest Stand Improvement	731
Herbaceous Weed Treatment	1839
Herbaceous weed control (inadequate structure and comp) for desired plant communities/habitats	3
Herbaceous weed control (plant pest pressures) for desired plant communities/habitats	17
Herbaceous weed control for desired plant communities/habitats consistent with the ecological site	1
Herbaceous weed treatment to create plant communities consistent with the ecological site	62
Irrigation Water Management	3753
Nutrient Management	5000
Pest Management Conservation System	2221
Prescribed Grazing	3460
Range Planting	164
Residue and Tillage Management, No Till	1532
Riparian Forest Buffer	18
Streambank and Shoreline Protection	37
Well Decommissioning	20
Woody Residue Treatment	735

Consideration for Addition

Conservation Evaluation & Monitoring Activity (CEMA)

5. NWQI Planning & Implementation Watersheds in CO

Special Thanks to Kenan Diker, CDPHE WQCD Non-Point Source Program

Current Planning Watersheds (Chatfield Reservoir area)

101900020503 Middle East Plum Creek Colorado

101900020502 Upper East Plum Creek

Current Implementation Watersheds (Lower Arkansas Basin)

Graveyard Creek 110200091003

Limestone Creek 110200091002



NONPOINT SOURCE SUCCESS STORY

Colorado

BMP Implementation Results in Water Quality Improvement in Graveyard Creek

Waterbody Protected

The Arkansas River system in Colorado is highly susceptible to water quality impacts from pollutants due to the composition of its underlying bedrock and regional agricultural activities. Graveyard Creek, a part of the segment of the Arkansas River classified as COARLA02a B, is affected by selenium Se) and sulfate. In 2016, the Colorado Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) added this segment to the Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 303(d) ist of impaired waters due to sulfate impairment. In 2023, WQCC also added Se to the impaired waters list. Throughout the years, voluntary restoration efforts, supported by the National Water Quality Initiative (NWQI), Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) and private stakeholders, resulted in the implementation of best management practices (BMPs) in the area. Monitoring data collected between 2016 and 2023 show that these efforts successfully reduced Se loading from irrigated cropland in the area. Furthermore, other pollutant loadings, such as nutrients, were also improved. However, no improvements have been observed for sulfate levels thus far. Continued installation of BMPs is needed to further reduce pollutant levels and attain water quality standards.



Recommendations:

- Keep Plum Creek watersheds, plans still need to be completed
- Remove Limestone Creek (Lack of participation)
- Add 'Outlet Big Sandy Creek'; HUC 110200110904 to align with **CDPHE WQCD Non Point Source Program Priorities and Actions**

Note: WQCD Non-Point Source Program and EPA are about to publish their success story for Graveyard Creek NWQI **Projects! Stay Tuned for Release.**

Thank You!

➤ Comments & Questions

Colorado Snow & Water Forecasting

Brian Domonkos





Colorado Cattlemen's Association (CCA)



Phil Brink, Brink, Inc., Consulting Coordinator, CCA Ag Water NetWORK

Why is Edge-of Field Monitoring Important?

Regulation 85 - Nutrient Management Control Regulation (N & P)

Includes nonpoint sources (ie. Agriculture)

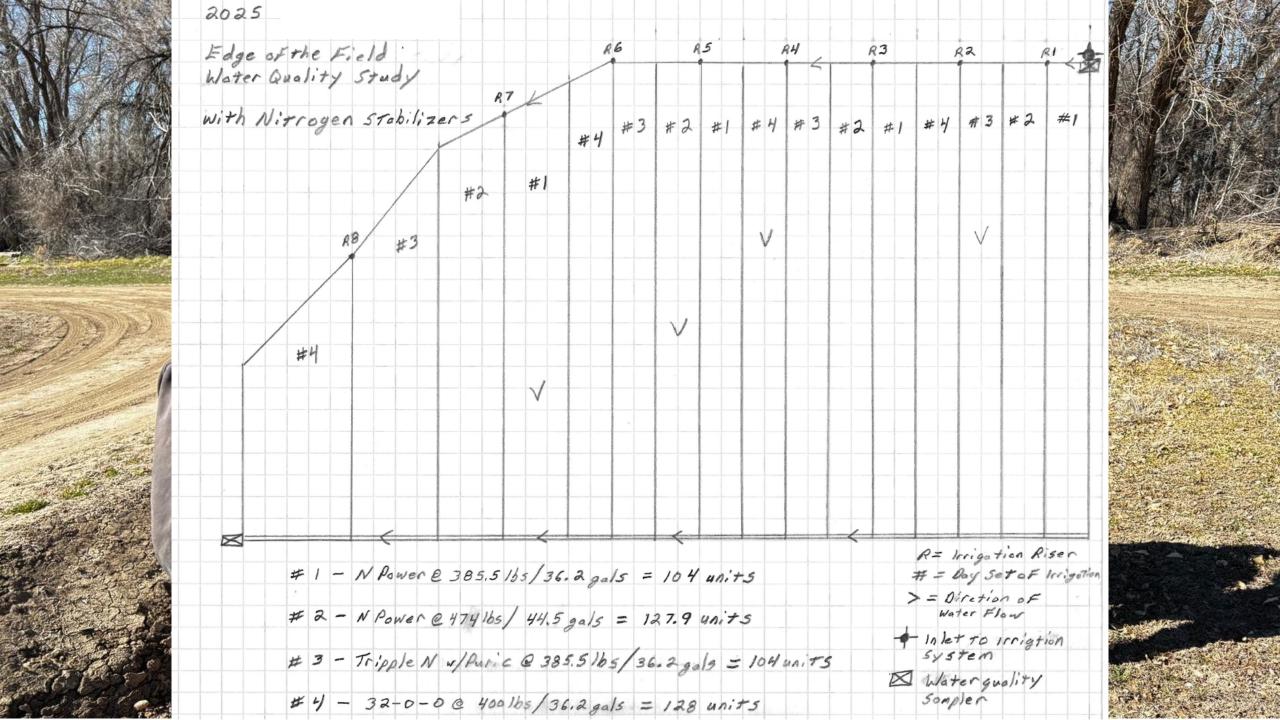
Provides for voluntary management of Nonpoint Sources of pollution by encouraging the use of Best Management Practices (BMPs).

Carrot and Stick: the WQCC may adopt regulations on nonpoint sources if BMPs are not effective in reducing nutrient loads and protecting classified uses.

Edge-of-Field Monitoring can measure BMP effectiveness.











Master Irrigator & TAPS Outreach and Education

Amy Kremen @colostate.edu

NRCS-CO State Technical Committee Mtg. April 29, 2025



Objectives

NRCS Multi-state contribution agreement (2023-2028)

Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas

Strengthen and expand Master Irrigator and TAPS programs

Technology testing, demonstration, and data integration Strategic partnerships and communication

Master Irrigator

"All things water management" training
Annual course with 24+ hours of instruction
Producer-led advisory committee
Local adaptation for curriculum & recruitment
Incentives to support operation goals

Goal: Equipping producers to pursue conservation- and profit-oriented management



TAPS

Testing Ag Performance Solutions

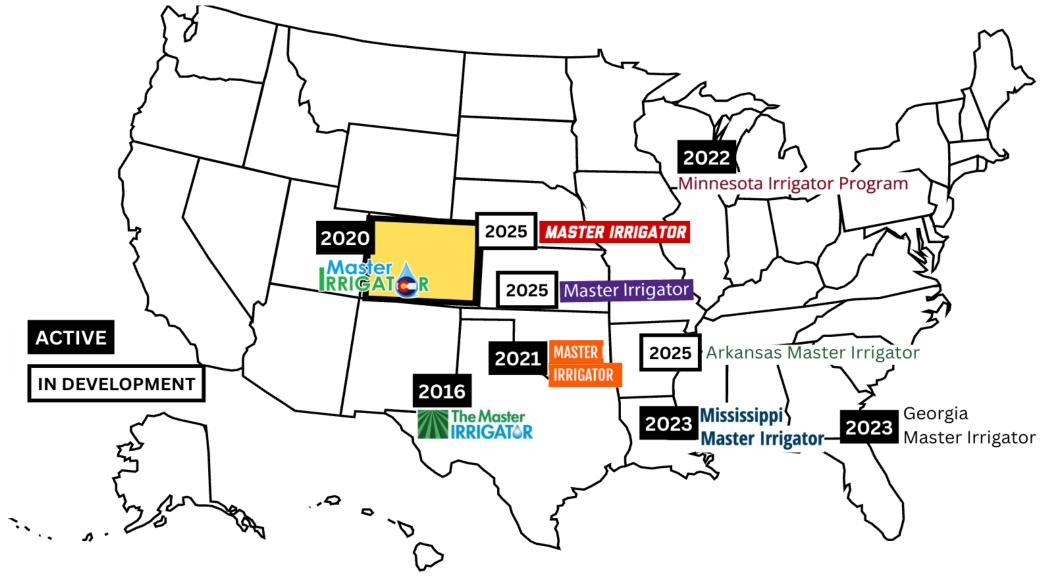
Fun farm management competion
Celebrates profitability & input-use efficiency
Risk free testing of strategies and tech
Leverages university research farms

Goal: Convey dynamic decision making value: agronomic, marketing, tech use

Controlling costs, managing risk, and boosting profit with SMART input use



Training ~300+ producers annually, Master Irrigator is estimated to have influenced >1M acres



TX Master Irrigator study (2016-2019 cohorts reached 3 years later:

92% adopted 1 or more practice (avg 2.4 practices/operation) 56% reduced water use, 82% improved water use efficiency



- EQIP ranking in CO, OK >> support of other programs' discussions with NRCS
- CO statewide expansion and enhanced post-program support for implementation
- NE Master Irrigator design summits
- Multi-state Master Irrigator cooperation (virtual and in-person meetings) and discussion
 - Curriculum and content sharing
 - o Create common certification standard?
 - New irrigation management practice standard for water quantity?
 - Extend reach of tech partners & engage new partners
 - o Groundwater + ag dependent regions + MN. Interest from California, Arizona

TAPS quick stats:

2024
6 active competitions with 326
participants on 141 teams

2025: 10 competitions active with 342 participants on 209 teams

UNL-TAPS 2022 study:

75% adopted new ag tech 86% adopted new ag management practices

New in 2024

03

- KSU-TAPS (Colby)
- UNL-TAPS continuous corn soybean competitions, insecticide and cover crop termination decisions
- CSU-TAPS limited irrigation track

New in 2025

- KSU-TAPS (Garden City)
- KSU-TAPS forage sorghum/corn water allocation (Colby)
- UNL-TAPS Food Grade Corn
 Competition and Corn/ N Source competitions
- Reactivation of OSU-TAPS

2024 New competition portal launched 2025 Improvements, training/use by new TAPS beyond the High Plains (Maryland, Alabama)

Technology







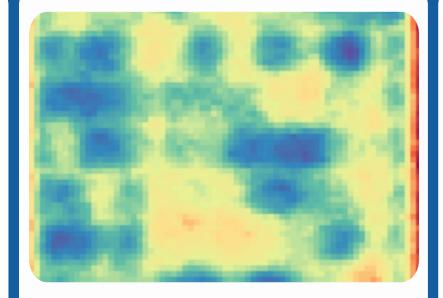






- © crop diagnostix
- SENTINEL

Testing



Demonstration



Integration





























































































LINDSAY

















































































Example strategic partnerships



\$270,000 contribution in 2024-2025

General support & key sourcing region water stewardship pilot development

Beef sector + Master Irrigator in KS Supporting smart water management for key feed sourcing regions

USDA-ARS:

limited irrigation and system N loss research, harvest support



Interactive education designed to support a 40-year farm career:

student > early years > mid-career > legacy

(This outreach & training also serves interests and needs of other ag sector audiences e.g. tech, public agency, large meetings like the 8-state Ogallala Summit, etc.)

Collaborative
Learning

Build knowledge alongside peers, researchers, and industry leaders.

Low-Risk Innovation

Test bold ideas without risking your bottom line.

Data-Driven Decisions

Use evidence, not guesswork, to guide management and input use.

Learn by Doing

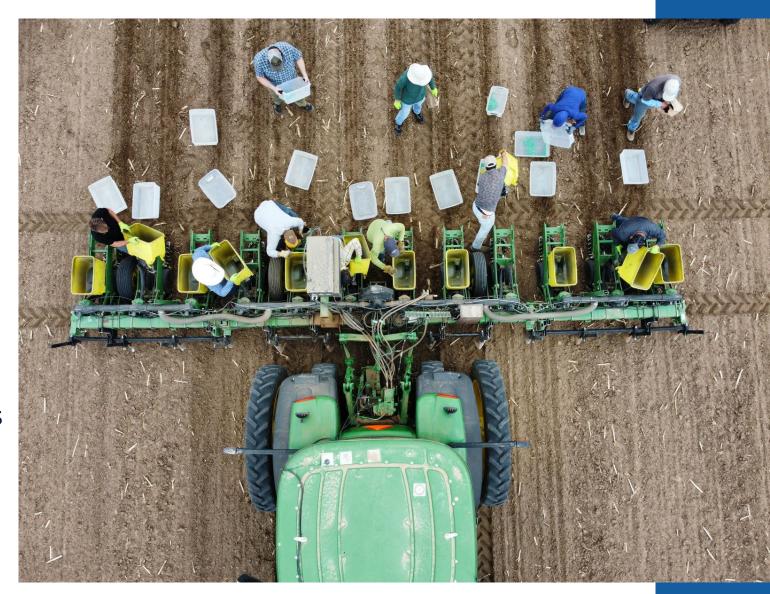
Make decisions that matter, with insights that last and boost profit.

Whole-Farm Systems Thinking

Balance agronomy, economic, tech, and sustainabilitytogether.

On we grow...

- Templates, resources for new programs
- Teaching opportunities
- Research
- Supporting partner relationships (new & old)



THANK YOU!



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE





Amy Kremen

Associate Director Irrigation Innovation Consortium (970) 821-6119

amy.kremen@colostate.edu

Producer testimonials







Master **IRRIGATOR**



Producer-centered education with proven impact

Prioritizing precision management for efficiency & profitability









Water Management Entities (WMEs)

A state, irrigation district, ground water management district, acequia, land grant-merced, or similar entity with responsibilities related to irrigation water delivery or management. These may be public or semi-public agencies or organizations with the purpose of assisting individual agricultural producers.



WMEs may be considered eligible for an EQIP contract if **all** the following criteria can be met:

- WME is a public or semi-public agency or organization
- · WME's purpose is to assist private agricultural producers with managing water distribution or conservation systems
- · Water conservation or irrigation practices support a water conservation project that will effectively conserve water, provide fish and wildlife habitat, or provide for drought-related environmental mitigation



WME Land Eligibility

Water conservation or irrigation practices that are the subject of a water conservation project must be implemented—

- (i) On the eligible land of a producer;
- (ii) On land that is under the effective control of the water management entity; or
- (iii) Adjacent to the eligible land of a producer, provided the state conservationist determines the adjacent land is necessary to support the installation of a conservation practice or system on eligible land.

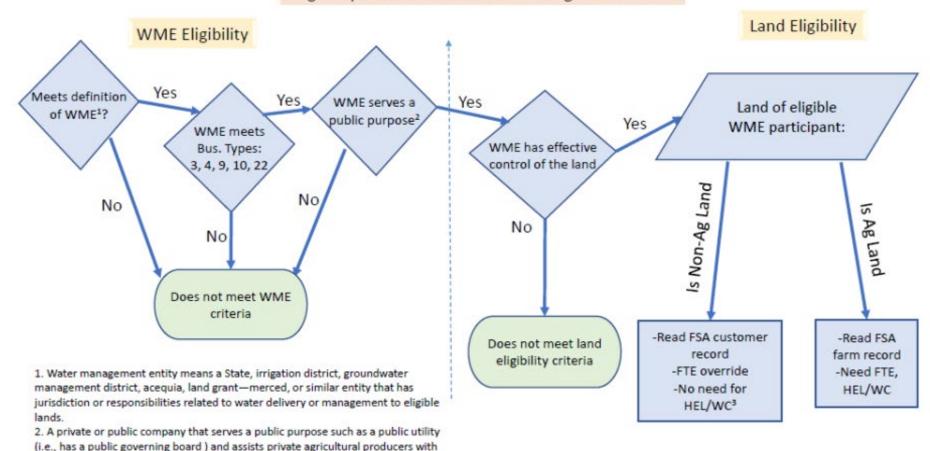
Note: Land that is under the effective control of a WME may be eligible even if it is not agricultural land or nonindustrial private forest land.

managing water distribution or conservation systems

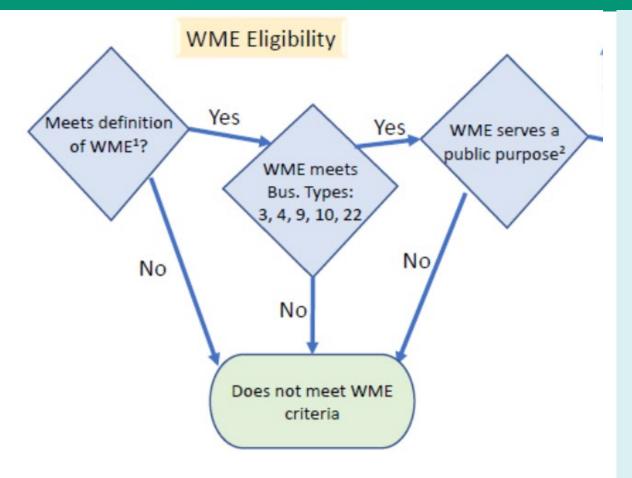
3. As this is non-ag land, HEL and wetland compliance not required

WME and Eligibility

Eligibility Flow Chart for Water Management Entities







FSA Business Types

- 3: Joint Venture
- 4: Corporation
- 9: State/ Local Government
- 10: Non-profit or Tax-Exempt
- Organizations
- 22: Limited Liability Company

- Water management entity means a State, irrigation district, groundwater management district, acequia, land grant—merced, or similar entity that has jurisdiction or responsibilities related to water delivery or management to eligible lands.
- 2. A private or public company that serves a public purpose such as a public utility (i.e., has a public governing board) and assists private agricultural producers with managing water distribution or conservation systems



Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Requirements

The following business types **are not** AGI exempt

- Type 4 Corporation
- Type 10 Churches, Charities & Nonprofit Organizations
- Type 22 Limited Liability Company

Note: AGI is established from the average of the 3 years preceding application of reported AGI submitted to the IRS



Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Waivers

NRCS may waive the applicability of the AGI provisions if NRCS determines that the waiver is necessary to fulfill the objectives of a water conservation project implemented through an EQIP contract with a water management entity.

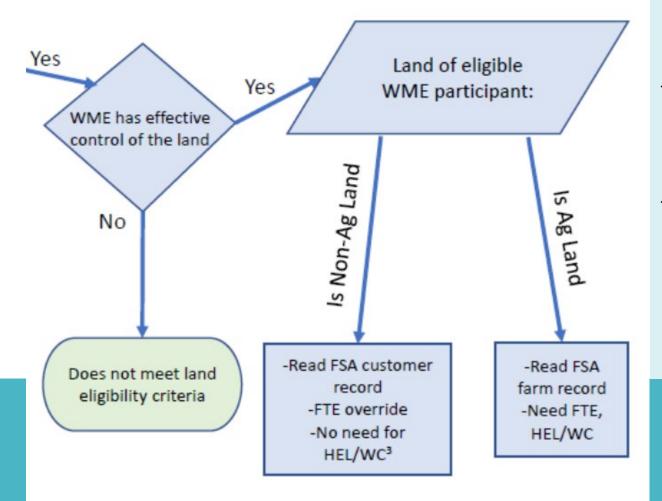
Under this specific authority, NRCS <u>will not</u> require a water management entity that receives this waiver to file Form CCC-941 or have AGI determinations made by FSA.



			Individual or Entity			Entity Members		
Business Type Code	Business Type	SCIMS Tax ID Type	FTE Eligibility Required 1/	AGI Eligibility Required 2/, 10/	\$450,000 Contract and Payment Limits Apply 3/, 4/	Members Required 5/	Member's AGI Affect \$450,000 Limitation and Payment 6/	Impact FTE Eligibility
1	Individual	SSN	Yes	Yes	Yes			
2	General Partnership	EIN	Yes 11/	Exempt 7/	Yes 7/	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Joint Venture 15/	EIN 8/	Yes 11/	Exempt 7/	Yes 7/	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Corporation 15/	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
5	Limited Partnership	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
6	Estate	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
7	Trust - Revocable	SSN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
7	Trust - Revocable	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
9	State/ Local Government 12/ 15/	EIN	Yes	Exempt	Yes	No	No	No
10	Nonprofit and Tax- Exempt Organizations 13/ 15/	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
15	Indians Represented by Bureau of Indian Affairs	EIN	No	Exempt	Exempt	No	No	No
17	Trust - Irrevocable	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
18	Individual Operating as a Business	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
20	Indian Tribal Venture 14/	EIN	Yes	Exempt	Exempt	No	No	No
22	Limited Liability Company 15/	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
22	Limited Liability Company	SSN 9/	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No







Two Considerations for WMEs:

- Farm Tract Eligibility (FTE) does not apply to contracts with water management entities
- HEL and WC may not apply on non-ag land



Funding Limitations for WMEs

- Payment limitations are not applicable to contracts obligated during FY 2025.
- Contract limitations: Contracts obligated in FY 2025 for WMEs have a contract limit of up to \$900,000. A request to waive this limit up to \$1,800,000 may be considered if the following conditions are met:
 - The project complies with environmental evaluation requirements and does not require a site-specific environmental assessment (EA) or environmental impact statement (EIS).
 - The state has the ability to support one or more large water management entity projects and still meet EQIP funding targets.
 - The state has the ability to support the project's engineering workload.



Applications from a WMEs for an EQIP contract may be determined ineligible if the state conservationist determines that the conservation practices encompassed by the proposed EQIP contract are better suited under the RCPP or Public Law 566.

When making this determination, the state conservationist may consider the following factors:

- Whether the estimated contract cost for the minimum area required for the EQIP contract greatly exceeds the EQIP payment limitation for water conservation projects.
- II. Whether the project requires a site-specific EA or EIS because its potential adverse impacts have not been adequately analyzed under a NEPA review, or the proposed contract practices have not been adequately analyzed in the EQIP programmatic EA or other existing NEPA document prepared or adopted by NRCS.



Primary Contact:

Your Local Field Office
USDA Service Center Locator

Kindra Brandner <u>Kindra.Brandner@usda.gov</u>

Stacey Eskew Stacey.Eskew@usda.gov



Water Management Entities USDA-NRCS Farm Bill Opportunities

FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION
FSA | NRCS | RMA | Business Center

BasinScout® Decision Support Tools for Watershed Program Implementation and Management

Tony Orlando Analytics Engineer **Bill Ketterhagen Project Implementation Specialist**

NRCS Colorado - State Technical Advisory Committee April 29, 2025

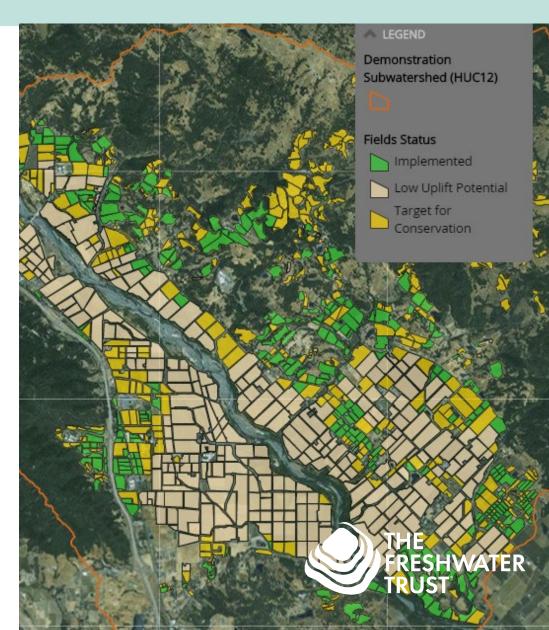




Quantified Conservation Approach

Using advanced analytics to drive conservation actions to the places where they have the best outcome for the lowest cost.

- Assess Options
- Prioritize Actions
- Implement
- Maintain
- Track
- Report



TFT Analytics Toolkit

BASINSCOUT ANALYTICS

Watershed-level diagnostics
that allow for remote
surveying of large landscapes
and watersheds to estimate
environmental uplift and
prioritize restoration sites.



A program management tool that allows for efficient implementation and tracking of large-scale watershed programs. Provides streamlined coordination among teams and project quality assurance.



A tablet-optimized application for collecting monitoring data in the field and compiling that data for long-term analysis and reporting.



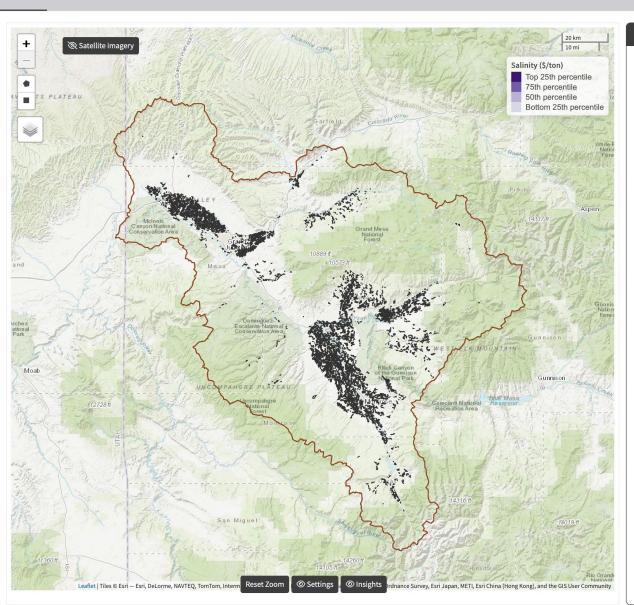
Example: Lower Gunnison Project Area

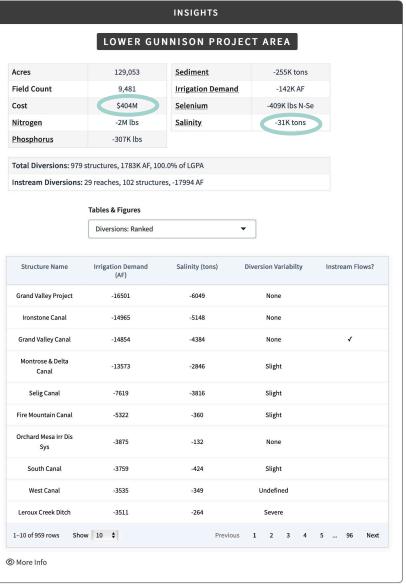
The LGPA DST models on-farm irrigation upgrades (441, 442) to improve drought resiliency and reduce:

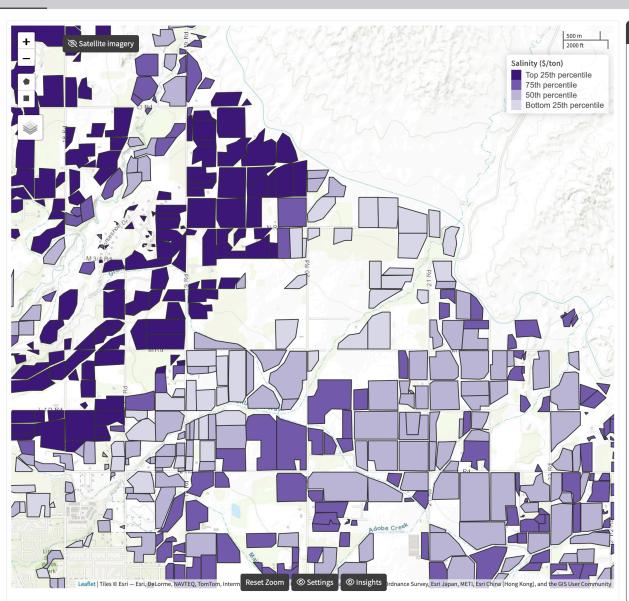
- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Salt
- Sediment
- Selenium
- Irrigation Demand

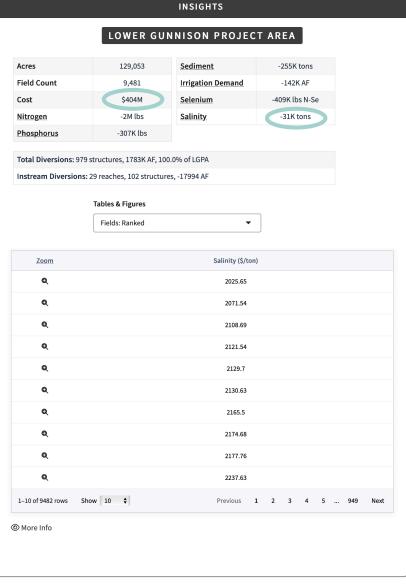


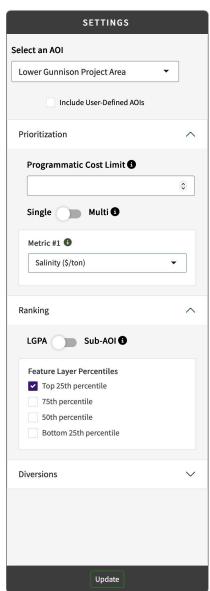














INSIGHTS LOWER GUNNISON PROJECT AREA Acres 33,665 Sediment -50K tons **Field Count** 2,375 Irrigation Demand -36K AF \$106M Selenium -164K lbs N-Se Cost Nitrogen -388K lbs Salinity -20K tons Phosphorus -72K lbs Total Diversions: 979 structures, 1783K AF, 100.0% of LGPA Instream Diversions: 29 reaches, 102 structures, -17994 AF **Tables & Figures** Fields: Ranked Zoom Salinity (\$/ton) Q 2025.65 2071.54 2108.69 2121.54 Q 2129.7 Q 2130.63 2165.5

2174.68

2177.76

2237.63

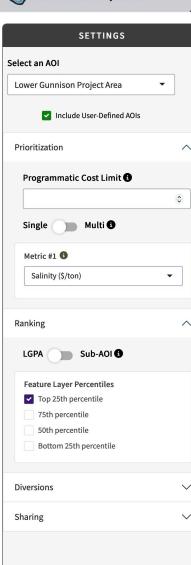
Previous 1 2 3 4 5 ... 238 Next

Q

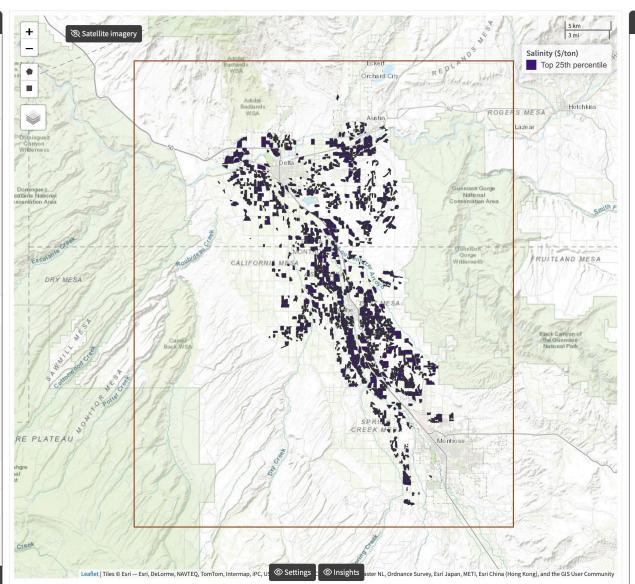
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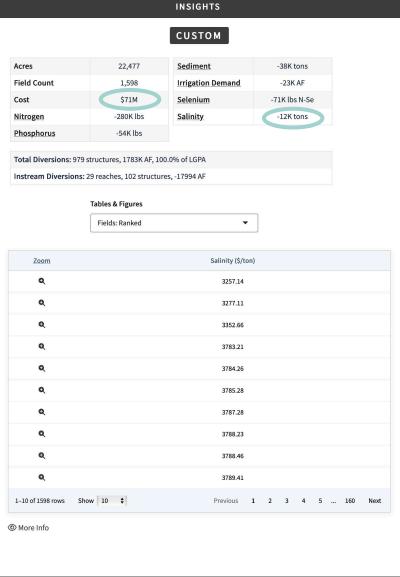
More Info

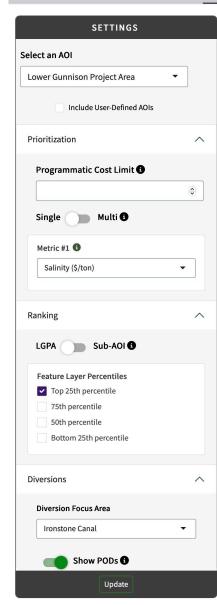
1-10 of 2375 rows Show 10 \$

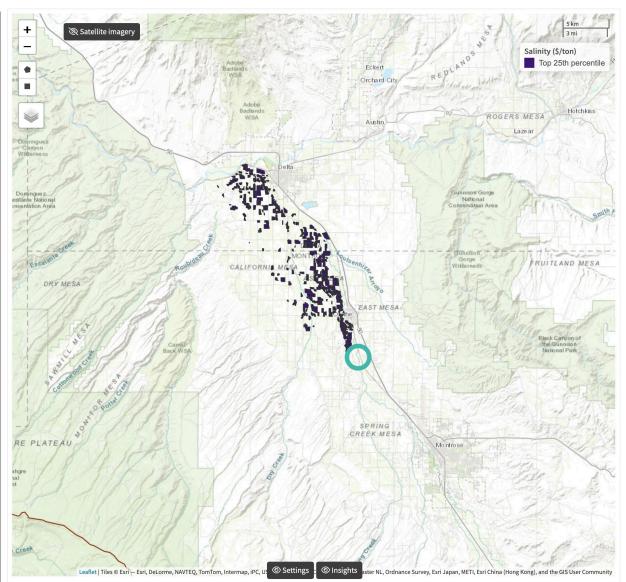


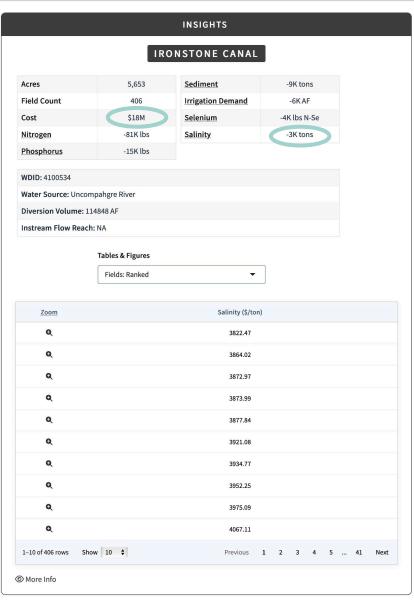
Update







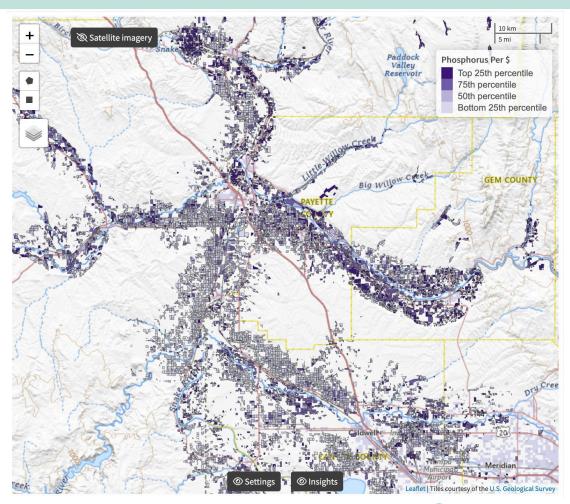




Example: Snake River Basin

Same analytics/tooling used to develop \$200M program targeting phosphorus load reduction

- Contracted with OR NRCS to provide TA on 4 co-funded projects
- Leveraging equipment vendors for recruitment of impactful projects
- ~25 total projects in contracting for 2025
- Using full suite of tools to efficiently exchange data/track progress





Questions?



BasinScout® Decision Support Tools for Watershed Program Implementation and Management

Tony Orlando Analytics Engineer **Bill Ketterhagen Project Implementation Specialist**

NRCS Colorado - State Technical Advisory Committee April 29, 2025



General Partnership Updates







This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA



Closing Thoughts...

With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

From: Aberle - DNR, Raymond <raymond.aberle@state.co.us>

Sent: Tuesday, April 29, 2025 8:56 AM
To: With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

Subject: No on Haying

Liz,

I am a no on haying and I think we need a longer discussion and I would like to hear Mr. Cecil's thoughts on it. Haying would very much undercut wildlife value. It is still eligible with payment reduction. Truly, it would undercut the last of the good stands of CRP and would potentially have a negative impact for LPC in particular. It's concerning to me that we would entertain that this quickly without more context and discussion.

Ray Aberle

Private Lands Program Manager

Terrestrial Programs Unit

Raymond.aberle@state.co.us

Phone: (970)-420-9780

317 West Prospect Road, Fort Collins, CO 80526

Upcoming Out-of-Office/In-field:

April 23-25 SE Region

May 1st - A9 Hot Sulphur Springs

May 5-9 Out-of-Office

May 12-14 - TBD - W Alignment





With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

From: Anderson, David < David. Anderson @ Colo State. EDU >

Sent:Tuesday, April 29, 2025 9:56 AMTo:With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, COCc:Ray Aberle (Raymond.aberle@state.co.us)

Subject: [External Email] Haying on CRP

[External Email]

If this message comes from an unexpected sender or references a vague/unexpected topic;

Use caution before clicking links or opening attachments.

Please send any concerns or suspicious messages to: Spam.Abuse@usda.gov

Hi Liz,

I am emailing to share thoughts about the interest in haying on CRP. I am not supportive of that for all the reasons that Ray expressed so well in the STAC meeting. It also seems like double dipping, where the producer is getting payments for CRP and also getting the hay. The haying is a use of the land that is not a beneficial practice supporting the goals of CRP, so therefore I do not think there is a solid argument to made for allowing it on enrolled lands. I think that if landowners want to do haying then they should not be enrolled in CRP. I think it is different than well managed grazing which is a tool to achieve CRP objectives. Thank you for your awesome leadership in this meeting and elsewhere!

Dave

David G. Anderson

Director & Chief Scientist
Colorado Natural Heritage Program
Colorado State University
249 General Services Building
1475 Campus Delivery
Fort Collins, CO 80523-1475

Office: (970) 491-6891 Cell: (970) 980-4680 Pronouns: he, him, his

david.anderson@colostate.edu www.cnhp.colostate.edu Check out the CNHP blog!

With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

From: Emily Chavez <emily.chavez@birdconservancy.org>

Sent: Tuesday, April 29, 2025 9:26 AM

To: With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

Subject: [External Email]Vote On CRP Haying

[External Email]

If this message comes from an unexpected sender or references a vague/unexpected topic;

Use caution before clicking links or opening attachments.

Please send any concerns or suspicious messages to: Spam.Abuse@usda.gov

Hi Liz,

Just wanted to send an email on this as well. I am voting against/no to adding haying to CRP.

Thanks,

Emily

--

Emily Chavez Stewardship Director Bird Conservancy of the Rockies O: 970-482-1707 x 50

Connect with us on Facebook and Twitter

From: Matt Smith

To: With, Elizabeth - FPAC-NRCS, CO

Subject: [External Email]Proposed CRP management activity for having

Date: Tuesday, April 29, 2025 12:39:44 PM

You don't often get email from matt.smith@pljv.org. Learn why this is important

[External Email]

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Afternoon Liz,

Just a few observations on the recommendation to add having as a MCM practice in CO.

I put quite a bit of weight on Ray Aberle's comments surrounding the negative effects he and his staff are seeing on the CRP cover due to haying, where there is a shift away from native warm season grasses, which can be very beneficial to wildlife. As stated in 2-CRP policy for MCM:

"This management activity must be designed to ensure plant diversity and wildlife benefits while ensuring protection of the soil and water resources. Management activities are site specific and are used to enhance the wildlife benefits for the site"

Any MCM practice not beneficial to wildlife should be suspect and carefully considered.

MCM is important, not only for the health of the stand but to meet the statutory requirements within CRP for benefiting wildlife. But not all potential MCM activities are suitable across the country or even within different parts of each state due to varying climatic conditions.

I feel the proposed seven MCM activities are adequate to address wildlife habitat needs across the state.

Haying will continue to be offered within the emergency use provisions of CRP, so there will continue to be opportunities for producers to take advantage of this forage source during those critical drought conditions.

I also question the way this MCM discussion was presented. It would appear to me to deserve greater deliberation within the wildlife subcommittee, followed by a recommendation to the full STAC. I was also concerned there was not time for discussion on the limitations on the practice extent, and which practices haying would be allowed on. If these details had been worked out more thoroughly within a subcommittee, maybe a more solid recommendation, either for or against, could have been achieved.

Very much appreciate the opportunity to offer comments on this important issue.

Thank you Liz.

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Matt Smith Conservation Delivery Manager Playa Lakes Joint Venture 785-420-7000 matt.smith@pljv.org