ANNUAL RYEGRASS

COVER CROP FACT SHEET FOR IOWA

Annual ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum) is a deep-rooted winter annual grass recommended for experienced cover croppers. Annual ryegrass is a quick growing cover crop that is excellent for fighting soil compaction.



Identifying Features

- Sheath split to base
- Small, clasping auricles
- Leaves are dark green and glossy
- Leaves are narrow and hairless
- Often confused with fescue

Cultural Traits

- » Winter annual grass
- Minimum germination soil temperature: 40° F
- Cold temperature tolerance: 0° F
- Seeding date: Mid July to Late August* (F)***
- Seeding date: Early April to Early May* (S)***

Planting Information

- Drill at 1/4 1/2 inch (12 lbs./acre PLS**)
- **Broadcast** (14 lbs./acre PLS)
- Aerial (18 lbs./acre PLS)

Additional planting information:

- » ~190,000 seeds/lb.
- **Broadcasting without** incorporation is usually less dependable than drilling or broadcasting with incorporation.
- Use a diploid variety with minimally waxy leaves to make termination more successful.



Annual Ryegrass Seed







C:N (Carbon:Nitrogen) Ratios

» Annual Ryegrass 20:1 to 31:1

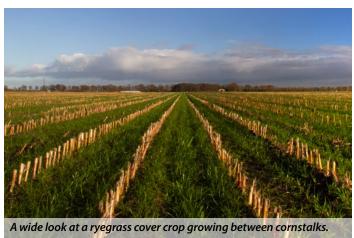
^{*} Planting information from Midwest Cover Crop Council (midwestcovercrops.org). Refer to local NRCS office recommendations (lowa Field Office Technical Guide, Section 4, 340 Cover Crop) for seeding dates and rates pertinent to location specific financial assistance program requirements.

^{**}Pure Live Seed

^{***}F=Fall S=Spring

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Performance

Dry matter = 1,000 - 4,000 lbs./acre per year (Biomass quantity is dependent on planting and termination dates and precipitation.)

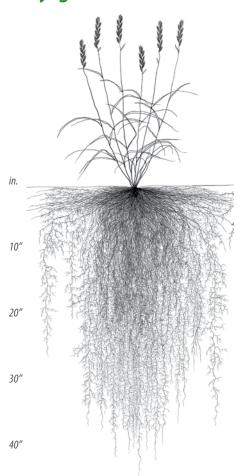
Performance Ratings

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Cash crop interseed (early vegetative)	Excellent
Cash crop overseed (late seed fill)	Very good
Grazing quality	Very good
Mechanical forage harvest	Very good
Nitrogen fixer	N/A
Nitrogen scavenger	Good
Weed suppression	Good
Compaction fighter	Excellent
Erosion control	Good
Lasting residue	Very good
Quick grower	Very good
Drought tolerance	Fair
Low fertility tolerance	Fair
Shade tolerance	Very good
	Cash crop interseed (early vegetative) Cash crop overseed (late seed fill) Grazing quality Mechanical forage harvest Nitrogen fixer Nitrogen scavenger Weed suppression Compaction fighter Erosion control Lasting residue Quick grower Drought tolerance Low fertility tolerance

Additional Considerations

- » Could increase the risk of spring cutworm.
- » Using a 'not stated' variety will increase termination difficulty.
- » Terminate at 6-8 inches and follow best spray practices to ensure termination success.
- » Not recommended to plant in a cover crop mixture.
- » Annual ryegrass can be difficult to terminate and is generally not recommended except for specific uses and by highly experienced cover crop users.

Annual Ryegrass Plant and Root Structure



Drawing provided by Conservation Cropping Systems Initiative (ccsin.org)

This fact sheet is a collaborative effort of USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and Iowa State University Extension and Outreach to provide cover crop options and information for Iowa landowners.