

CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

E5280

Clipping mature forages to set back vegetative growth for improved forage quality

Conservation Practice 528: Prescribed Grazing

APPLICABLE LAND USE: Pasture

RESOURCE CONCERN: Animals, Plants

ENHANCEMENT LIFE SPAN: 1 year

Enhancement Description

Timely clipping of mature forages through mowing, swathing or some other mechanical cutting will occur to increase forage palatability by setting plants back to a vegetative state for improved grazing management and forage quality

Criteria

- A written plan for matching the forage quantity and quality produced with the grazing and/or browsing demand will be followed.
- Maintain diversity of forage plants to optimize delivery of nutrients to the animals by incorporating the intensity, frequency, timing and duration of grazing and/or browsing needed as determined by a planning process that includes: 1) Clear objectives, 2) A resource inventory including forage inventory, structural improvements and existing resource conditions, 3) Grazing plan, and 4) All potential contingency plans.
- Supplemental feed and/or minerals will be balanced with the forage consumption to meet the desired nutritional level for the kind and class of grazing and/or browsing livestock.

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Timely clipping of mature forage species through mowing, swathing or some other mechanical cutting will occur to set back the vegetative state of the Timely clipping of mature forage species through will occur to set back the vegetative state of the forage species.



- Excessive stems shall be removed during the cutting process to allow sunlight to reach the lower plant canopy.
- Cut forage species to a stubble height that will promote the vigor and health of the species and maintain stem bases that store food reserves for full vigorous recovery. Follow NRCS state conservation practice standard recommendations.
- Clipping should be avoided when forage is entering dormancy. Cutting heights should maintain insulation for extreme heat or cold. Use NRCS and local Cooperative Extension Service recommendations on dates and stages to avoid winterkill in cold climates.



Documentation and Implementation Requirements

Participant will:

- Y Prior to implementation, acquire a Grazing Management Plan with all the following components: (provide plan to NRCS for review and approval)
 - Producer goals, objectives and resource concerns
 - Location and condition of structural improvements
 - Watering sites with availability, quantity and quality
 - Forage inventory
 - Forage-animal balance sheet
 - Grazing plan for livestock movement
 - Contingency plan
 - Monitoring plan
- Y Prior to implementation, identify grazing areas and locations where clipping mature forages will occur

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- Y Prior to implementation, provide a plan for mechanical clipping and livestock movement activities to NRCS
- Y During implementation keep a record of clipping activities and livestock movement
- Y During implementation, monitor forage maturity stages and livestock condition
- Y During implementation, keep record of clipping heights
- Y During implementation, take photos of areas immediately before and after clipping
- Υ After implementation, provide the following items for review by NRCS:
 - Map and records showing clipping areas
 - Forage-animal balance sheet
 - Records of livestock movement through clipping areas
 - Documentation of clipping heights
 - Written modifications to grazing management plan based on results of clipping forages
 - Photos of fields before and after clipping activities
 - o Notify NRCS immediately after clipping

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NRCS will:

As needed, provide technical assistance to participant
 as requested



- Y Prior to implementation, provide and explain NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528) as it relates to implementing this enhancement
- Y Prior to implementation, provide and explain NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Forage Harvest Management (CPS 511)
- Y Prior to implementation, review the plan provided for livestock movement and mechanical clipping
- Y After implementation, review the map, record of livestock movement, clipping activities and heights and photos.
- Y After implementation, review the modifications to the grazing management plan based on results of clipping forages

NRCS Documentation Review:

I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name	C	ontract Num	ber _		
Total Amount Applied	F	iscal Year Co	mplet	ed	
•••					
NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature	Date			\	

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WASHINGTON SUPPLEMENT TO



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Practice 528 (Prescribed Grazing) References

- A list of Certified Range Management Consultants can be found on the Society for Range Management's website under the Education Tab. http://rangelands.org/
- National Range and Pasture Handbook. Location: eDirectives, Handbooks, Title 190 Ecological Sciences, Part 645 National Range and Pasture Handbook.
- Ecological Sites and Forage Suitability Groups can be found in the NRCS Field Office
 Technical Guide https://efotg.sc.egov.usda.gov/#/state/WA/documents in Section 2.
 For planning unit ecological sites see bullet below.
- Ecological Sites for planning unit soils can be found by using the Web Soil Survey
 https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm
- Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health, Technical Reference 1734-6, Version 5
 (Range Technical Note 103 Rangeland Health Assessment). Location: Field Office
 Technical Guide (FOTG), Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by
 Discipline/Range folder. WA FOTG Range Folder
- Pasture Condition Scoring (Pasture Technical Note 104 Pasture Condition Scoring Guide). Location: Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by Discipline/Pasture folder. https://efotg.sc.egov.usda.gov/#/state/WA/documents
- Pasture Technical Note No. 105. The Western Oregon and Washington Pasture
 Calendar, A Pacific Northwest Extension Publication PNW 699. Oregon State
 University, University of Idaho, Washington State University.
 https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/pnw699.pdf
- Information on native and non-native grass species critical growth periods can be found in *Range Technical Note 34*. Location: Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by Discipline/Range folder.
 WA FOTG Range Folder

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Prescribed Grazing (528) Design Worksheet/s.
 This document has several usefull worksheets for developing grazing plans. Location: Section

4/Conservation Practice Standards & Support Documents/Prescribed Grazing (528) folder. https://efotg.sc.egov.usda.gov/#/state/WA/documents

Pasture and Hay (pasture) species, with seeding rates, for Western Washington can be found in the Extension Publication EB1870, Pasture and Hayland Renovation for Western Washington and Oregon. Also provides guidance on site preparation, seeding and when livestock grazing can resume_

EB1870, Pasture and Hayland Renovation for Western WA

- Managing Grazing of Riparian Areas in the Intermountain Region. Clary, Warren P.;
 Webster, Bert F.; 1989. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-263. USDA Forest Service, Intermountain Research Station. 11 p. https://www.fs.usda.gov/research/treesearch/24605
- Monitoring the Vegetation Resources in Riparian Areas. Winward, Alma H. 2000.
 RMRS-GTR-47. USDA Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station. 49 p. https://www.fs.usda.gov/research/treesearch/5452
- Use the Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife (WDFW) Priority Habitats and Species (PHS) database to identify priority wildlife and habitat in your area. http://wdfw.wa.gov/mapping/phs/
- Washington State's Wildlife Habitat Evaluation Guide (WHEG) is Biology Technical Note 14 Wildlife Habitat Evaluation Guide (WHEG). Location: Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by Discipline/Biology folder.
 WA FOTG Biology folder
- For Washington State's **Sage Grouse Habitat Evaluation Guide (WHEG)** contact State Sage Grouse lead (**NRCS State Biologist**) for the current evaluation guide.
- Herbaceous Stubble Height as a Warning of Impending Cattle Grazing Damage to Riparian Areas. Hall, Frederick C.; Bryant, Larry. 1995 Gen. Tech. Rep. PNW-GTR-362. USDA Forest Service, Pacific Northwest Research Station. 9 p. https://www.treesearch.fs.fed.us/pubs/3062