

# **CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY**

# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

### **E328G**

# Crop rotation on recently converted CRP grass/legume cover for soil organic matter improvement

**Conservation Practice 328: Conservation crop rotation** 

**APPLICABLE LAND USE: Crop (Annual & Mixed)** 

**RESOURCE CONCERN: Soil** 

**ENHANCMENT LIFE SPAN: 1 Year** 

## **Enhancement Description**

Crop rotation on acres converted, no more than 2 years prior, from CRP grass/legume cover to annual crops. Diverse rotation with living roots and residue cover throughout year and minimal disturbance. Enhancement not applicable on hayland.

#### **Criteria**

- This enhancement is limited to acres where the conversion of CRP grass/legume conservation cover to annual crops took place not more than 2 years prior to enrollment in CSP. This enhancement is not applicable on hayland.
- Crops must be grown in a planned sequence as outlined in plan. The crop rotation
  must include a minimum of four different crops. For purposes of these criteria a
  cover crop is considered a different crop.
- Where applicable, plan suitable crop substitutions when the planned crop cannot be planted due to weather, soil conditions, or other local situations.

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 Grow crops that will produce a positive trend in the Organic Matter (OM) subfactor value over the life of the rotation, as determined by the Soil Conditioning Index. (management SCI value)



- The crop rotation includes at least 2 years of high residue crops and/or cover crops per 3 years of the rotation. (See STATE list of high residue crops)
- For crop diversity, the planned crop sequence of at least 4 different crops should contain at least 3 different crop types; for example a mix of the following: warm season grass; warm season broadleaf; cool season grass; cool season broadleaf.
- Leave crop residue on the soil surface throughout the year.
- Keep a living root system established as much as practical for the given soil, cropping system, and climate area. Maximize root growth periods by planting the next crop or cover crop as soon as practical after the harvest and/or utilize perennial crops in the rotation. Aim to have living roots at least 90% of available growing days. (See STATE provided guidance of options to maximize living root systems in local climate and cropping systems; determine available growing days and period of no growth, such as frozen periods in the north). Show before and after management files from current NRCS wind and water erosion prediction technologies to document benchmark and planned crop rotation to show increase in living root periods.
- Minimize all types of soil disturbance. No more than one crop-year in the rotation will have a Soil Tillage Intensity Rating (STIR) value greater than 20 and the rotation will have a positive trending SCI.



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High Residue Producing Crops:

Small grains (winter/spring), Vetch, Flax, Camelina, Sorghum, Corn (Field/Sweet), Eggplant, Flax

If you have a question about a crop not listed here, please contact the Oregon State Agronomist

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#### **Documentation and Implementation Requirements**

#### Participant will:

 Prior to implementation, provide NRCS with the current and planned crop rotation and planned field operation(s) used for each crop.

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#### **Current Management – Crop Rotation**

			Length of Crop	Crop	Туре
Field	Acres	Planned Crops (in sequence)	Rotation (years)	(Warm Gras	ss-WG, <mark>Cool</mark>
				Grass-CG, Wa	rm Br <mark>oadleaf-</mark>
				WB, Cool Br	oadleaf-CB)
					1

#### **Current Management – Field Operations**

Field	Crop	Field Operation		Timi O (mo	ng of Field peration onth/year)

**Planned Management – Crop Rotation** (Crop rotation must inc<mark>lude at least</mark> 4 different crops from 3 of the different crop types. The rotation must also include 2 years of high residue crops and/or cover crops per 3 years of the rotation. Use STATE list of high residue crops.)

			Length of Crop	Crop Type
Field	Acres	Planned Crops (in sequence)	Rotation (years)	(Warm Grass-WG, Cool
				Grass-CG, Warm Broadleaf-
				WB, Cool Broadleaf-CB)

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**Planned Management – Field Operations** 

Field	Crop	Field Operation	Timing of Field Operation
riciu	Стор	rield Operation	(month/year)
			( // /
		tation, notify NRCS of any planned changes in crops, croify the planned system meets the enhancement criteria	· // /
	During implemen	tation, leave crop residue on the soil surface throughou	t the year.
	During implements show residue or g	tation, take dated pictures with field indicated at least e growing crops.	every 3 months to
	·	ntion, if changes to the rotation were made, complete the plied Conservation Crop Rotation for the contract period	
	After implementa throughout the ye	ition, provide for review pictures sh <mark>owing resid</mark> ue or <mark>gro</mark> ear.	owing crops
NR	CS will:		
		de technical assistance in selecting crop rotations or sub riteria of the enhancement.	stitute crops that
	Prior to implemen	ntation, verify the enhancement is planned for acres wh	ere the
_	conversion from (	CRP grass/legume conservation cover to annual croplans prior to enrollment in CSP. Conversion Date:	
	Prior to implemen	ntation, verify the enhancement is not planned on hayla	ınd.

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includes at least 2 years of high residue crops and/or	CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM
Prior to implementation, verify the planned crop rotation crops and contains at least 3 different crop types; for example warm season grass; warm season broadleaf; cool season grant planned number of crops:	mple a mix of the following:
management Soil Conditioning Index (SCI) value for each and water erosion prediction technologies. Crop rotation in the Organic Matter (OM) subfactor value.	field using current NRCS wind
During implementation, evaluate planned changes in crop operations to verify the planned system meets the enhan-	
After implementation, if the applied crop rotation is differed rotation, use information provided from the participant to rotation met the enhancement criteria.  Applied number of crops:  Applied number of crop types:	
After implementation, if the applied crop rotation is differentiation, use information provided from the participant to document that the applied rotation met the enhancement Management SCI Value = OM subfactor value =	o calculate SCI value to
After implementation, review pictures showing residue or the year to verify the applied system meets the enhancen	

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## **NRCS Documentation Review:**

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I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name	Contract Number
Total Amount Applied	Fiscal Year Completed
NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature	Date

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