



# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

## CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY

E328M

### Diversify crop rotation with canola or sunflower to provide benefits to pollinators

Conservation Practice 328: Conservation Cropping System

APPLICABLE LAND USE: Crop (Annual & Mixed)

RESOURCE CONCERN: Animals

ENHANCEMENT LIFE SPAN: 1 year

#### Enhancement Description

Diversify existing crop rotation by adding pollinator friendly canola or sunflower crops into the rotation. The crop rotation shall include a minimum of three different crops. Each year, the pollinator friendly crop will be planted on a minimum of 5% of cropland acres contained within the agricultural operation. Use of insecticides compliant with grower industry best management practice is allowed only during pre-bloom and bloom of canola or sunflower.

#### Criteria

- Crops will be grown in a planned sequence and shall include a minimum of three different crops.
- The crop rotation must include at least one year of canola or sunflower. Other pollinator friendly crops may be included. For these criteria, a pollinator friendly cover crop is considered a different crop. A pollinator friendly crop is defined as a crop, planted for harvest or as a cover crop, which provides nectar for pollinators and other beneficial insects. Examples of pollinator friendly crops are canola, sunflowers, clovers, and borage. To meet the purpose and definition of a pollinator friendly crop, these “flowering” crops must be allowed to bloom prior to harvest or termination.  
<REFER TO STATE SPECIFIC LIST OF POLLINATOR FRIENDLY CROPS>



## CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

- Each year the enhancement is planned, the pollinator friendly crop will be planted on a minimum of 5% of cropland acres contained within the agricultural operation. Plan/contract the actual acres planted to the pollinator friendly crop.
- Where applicable, plan suitable crop substitutions when the planned crop cannot be planted due to weather, soil conditions, or other local situations.
- Foliar systemic insecticides may not be applied to the pollinator friendly crop.
- Insecticides and fungicides applied during crop pre-bloom and bloom period of the canola or sunflower crop must be mitigated through integrated pest management and must follow industry best management practices.
  - Apply pesticides only when economic thresholds are met.
  - Apply pesticides at night or within two hours of sunset as this is when bees are least active.
  - Follow best practices for minimizing drift:
    - Use a low-drift nozzle, calibrate spray equipment, and use medium-to-coarse droplet size if possible.
    - Install cones or shrouds on field sprayers to reduce off- field movement.
    - When spraying fields, consider spot spraying or only applying pesticides to infested areas.
  - Select crop pest products with a residual activity of less than 8 hours.
  - Improve foraging areas for bees and other pollinators. Where possible, include flowering plants in non-crop areas. Avoid pesticide drift onto non-crop areas that include floral resources. Leave areas that include these resources intact whenever possible.

### References

National Sunflower Association of Canada. Sunflower Production Guide. <http://www.canadasunflower.com/production/sunflower-production-guide/>

U. S. Canola Association. 2019. Best management Practices (BMPS) for Pollinator Protection in Canola Fields. [https://www.uscanola.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/HBHC\\_Canola\\_030119.pdf](https://www.uscanola.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/HBHC_Canola_030119.pdf)



# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

## Documentation and Implementation Requirements

### Participant will:

- Y Prior to implementation, provide NRCS with the current and planned crop rotation for all cropland acres on the operation. <REFER TO STATE SPECIFIC LIST OF POLLINATOR FRIENDLY CROPS>  
\*See [Washington State Guidance](#).
- Y Prior to implementation, as needed, NRCS can provide technical assistance in selecting pollinator crops for the crop rotation or substitute species that would meet the criteria of the enhancement.
- Y Prior to implementation, provide maps for review by NRCS of the planned crop rotation, including areas which will include the pollinator friendly crops. Each year the enhancement is planned, at least 5% of the cropland acres on the operation must be planted to a pollinator friendly crop.

### Current Management Rotation (complete table for each rotation)

Field	Current Crops (in sequence)	Planting Date	Harvest Date

### Planned Management Rotation including Pollinator Friendly Crops (complete table for each rotation)

Field	Planned Crops (in sequence)	Planting Date	Harvest Date	Acres in rotation



# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

- Y During implementation, maintain records of any pesticide applications to canola, sunflower or pollinator friendly crops, including timing, material/product, application rate, and crop stage.

Field	Crop	Insecticide Applied	Application Date	Application Rate	Crop Stage

- Y During implementation, notify NRCS of any planned changes in crop rotation, pesticide applications, or management to verify the planned system meets the enhancement criteria.
- Y After implementation, if changes were made, complete the tables above to document the applied crop rotation for the contract period and provide to NRCS for review.
- Y After implementation, provide insecticide application records to NRCS for review to verify implementation meets the enhancement criteria.

**NRCS will:**

- Y As needed, provide technical assistance in selecting pollinator crops for the crop rotation or substitute species that would meet the criteria of the enhancement.
- Y As needed, provide additional assistance to the participant as requested.
- Y Prior to implementation, verify the crop rotation meets the criteria of the enhancement. *Plan/contract the actual acres planted to canola or sunflower.*
- Y During implementation, evaluate any planned changes in crop rotation, pesticide applications, or management to verify the new system meets the enhancement criteria.



# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

Y After implementation, if there were any changes to planned rotation or management evaluate the applied crop rotation using information provided from the participant to verify the applied rotation meets the enhancement criteria.

Y After implementation, review pesticide application records to verify implementation meets the enhancement criteria.

**NRCS Documentation Review:**

I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name \_\_\_\_\_ Contract Number \_\_\_\_\_

Total Amount Applied \_\_\_\_\_ Fiscal Year Completed \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date



# WASHINGTON SUPPLEMENT TO CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY E328M

# CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

## References and Additional Criteria for Washington

- Prior to implementation, review documentation to verify a record of implementing Conservation Crop Rotation, meeting all NRCS CPS 328, Conservation Crop Rotation, general criteria. Verify records of existing Conservation Crop Rotation Implementation
- A pollinator friendly crop must be allowed to bloom prior to harvest or termination.

### Habitat assessment and planning -

To assess pollinator habitat conditions, use **Pollinator Habitat Assessment Form and Guide, Farms and Agricultural Landscapes** (Plant Materials Technical Note 23 OR Biology Technical Note 31). This assessment guide will be available in both discipline areas during 2023; see: FOTG Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by discipline/

To assess beneficial insect habitat conditions, use **Beneficial Insect Habitat Assessment Form and Guide, Farms and Agricultural Landscapes** (Plant Materials Technical Note 25 OR Biology Technical Note 30). This assessment guide will be available in both discipline areas during 2023; see: FOTG Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by discipline/

Biology Technical Note 28, **Habitat Planning for Beneficial Insects, Guidelines for Conservation Biological Control** (Developed by The Xerces Society). Located in FOTG Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by Discipline/Biology folder.

### Pollinator plant guides –

#### *Eastern Washington:*

Biology Technical Note 28, **Plants for Pollinators in the Inland Northwest**. Located in FOTG Section 1/Reference Lists/Technical Notes by Discipline/Biology folder

#### *Western Washington:*

**Pollinator Plants, Maritime Northwest Region** (2017). The Xerces Society for Invertebrate Conservation. Request from NRCS State or Area Biologist.

**Selecting Plants for Pollinators – Pacific Lowland Mixed Forest Province (2007)**. Pollinator Partnership and NAPP. <https://www.pollinator.org/PDFs/Guides/PacificLowlandrx9FINAL.pdf>

E328M - Diversify crop rotation with canola or sunflower to provide benefits to pollinators	February 2023	Page   6
---	---------------	----------



**WASHINGTON SUPPLEMENT TO  
CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY  
E328M**

**CONSERVATION  
STEWARDSHIP  
PROGRAM**

Additional information sources on crops and pollinators -

***Managing Cover Crops Profitably***, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007.

SARE, Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education

<https://www.sare.org/resources/managing-cover-crops-profitably-3rd-edition/>

***Pollinator Biology and Habitat***

[https://efotg.sc.egov.usda.gov/api/CPSFile/2556/327\\_NH\\_OTH\\_\(Con\)servation\\_Crops-Pollinator\\_Tech\\_Note\\_2009](https://efotg.sc.egov.usda.gov/api/CPSFile/2556/327_NH_OTH_(Con)servation_Crops-Pollinator_Tech_Note_2009) (pages 35-38)

The **Xerces Society for Invertebrate Conservation**, Pollinator Conservation Program,

[www.xerces.org](http://www.xerces.org)

