



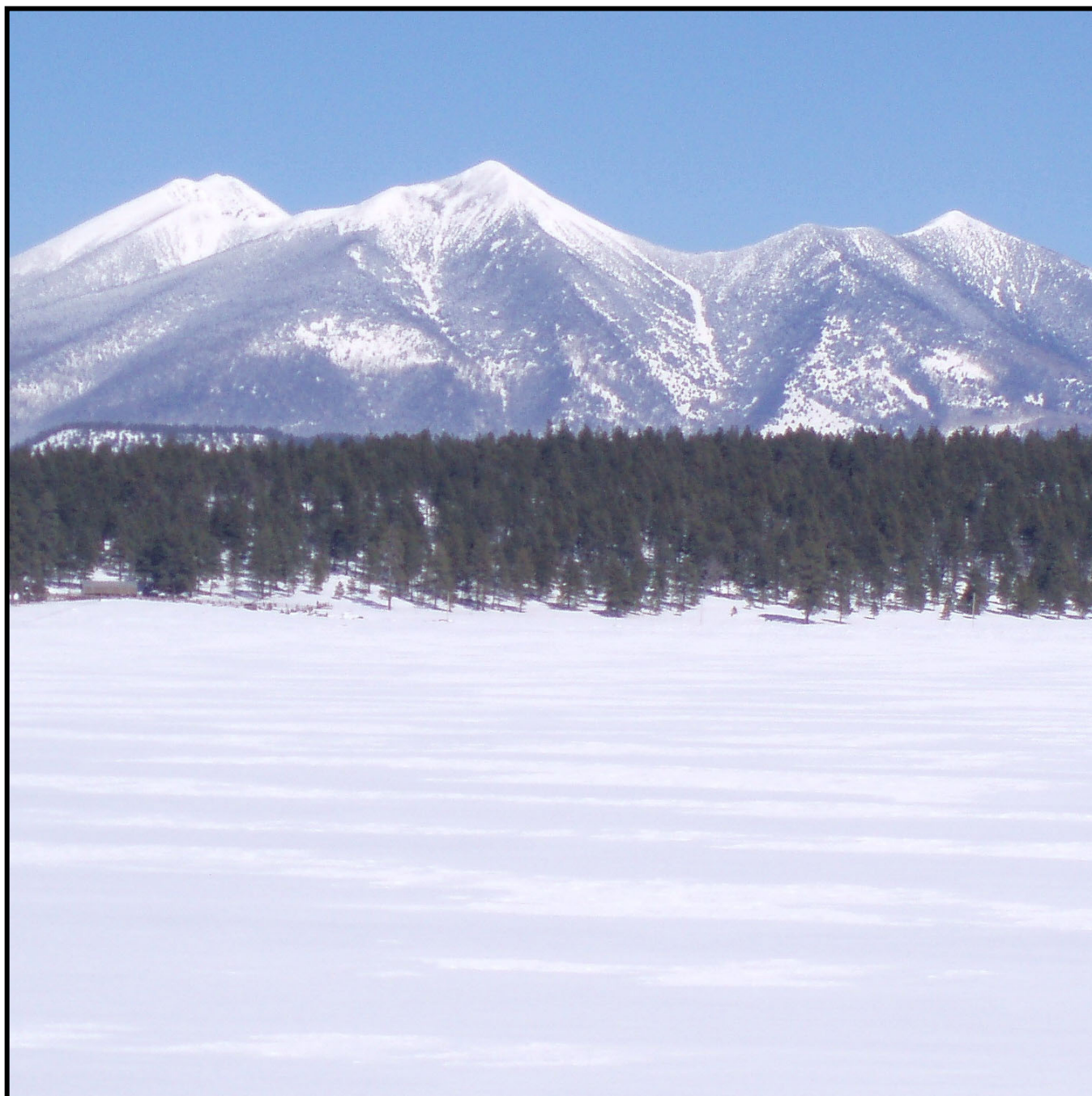
United States
Department of
Agriculture

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

Arizona

Basin Outlook Report

January 15, 2022



Issued by

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Basin Outlook Reports And Federal – State – Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in Arizona originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated Snow Telemetry (SNOTEL) sites, along with precipitation and streamflow values, are used in statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) the National Weather Service, and the Salt River Project.

Forecasts of any kind are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertainty of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known. This is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or are concerned about having an adequate water supply, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts. On the other hand, if users anticipate receiving too much water, or are concerned about the threat of flooding, they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts. Regardless of the forecast value users choose, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water.



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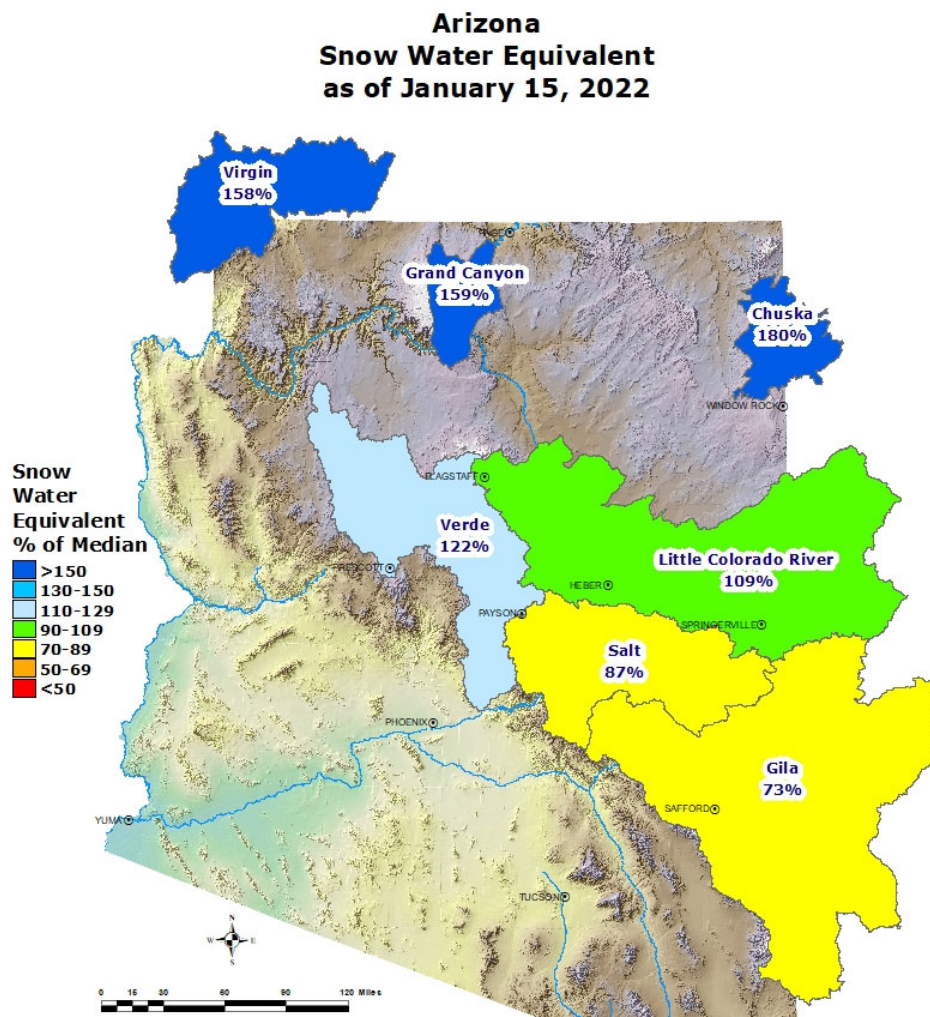
ARIZONA Basin Outlook Report as of January 15, 2022

SUMMARY

As of January 15, snowpack is below median to above median levels throughout the major basins of the state. Precipitation for the first half of January was median to well above median in the major river basins. The Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 71 percent of capacity, while San Carlos Reservoir is at 4 percent of capacity. The mid-month forecast calls for well below median to median runoff in all basins for the spring runoff period.

SNOWPACK

Snow water equivalent in the state's major river basins are below median to above median, ranging from 73 percent of median in the Gila River Basin, to 122 percent of median in the Verde River Basin.

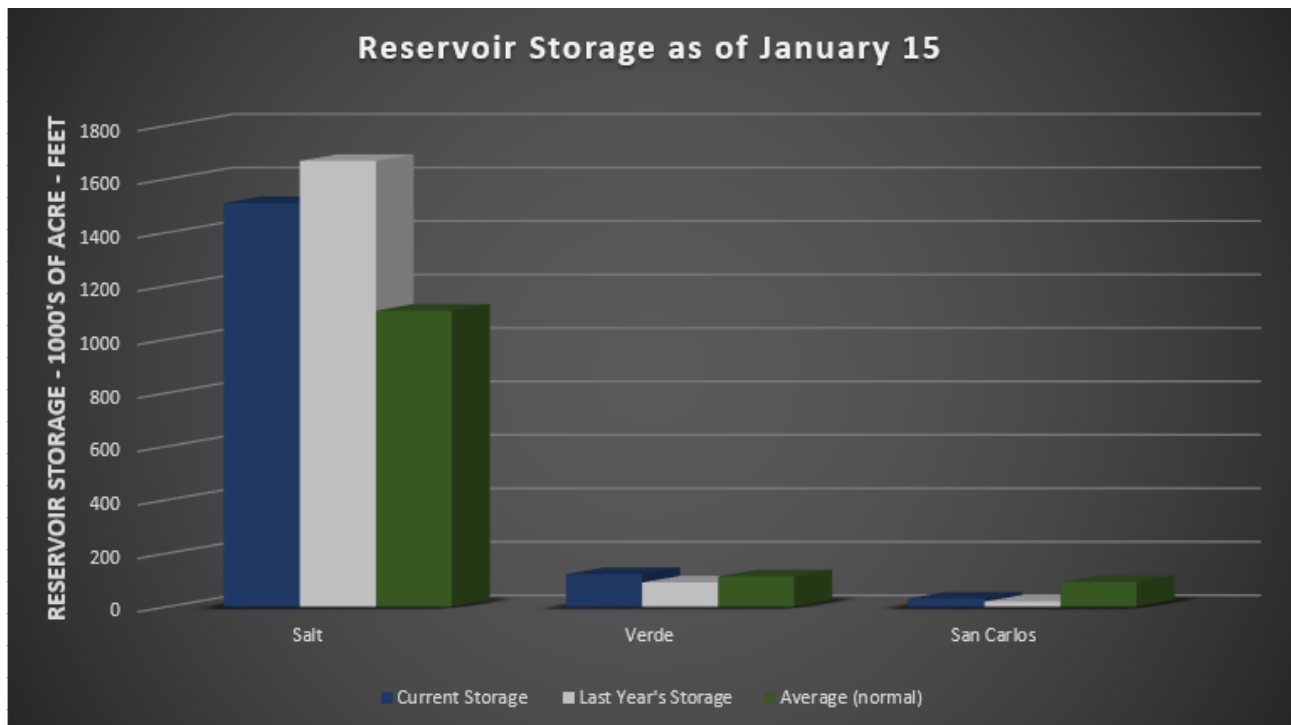


PRECIPITATION

Mountain data from NRCS SNOTEL sites and NWS Cooperator gages show that precipitation for the first half of January was median to well above median in the major river basins. Cumulative precipitation since October 1 is well below median to median throughout the basins. Please refer to the precipitation graphs found in this report for more information on precipitation levels in the basins.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 15, the Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 71 percent of capacity. San Carlos Reservoir is currently at 4 percent of capacity.



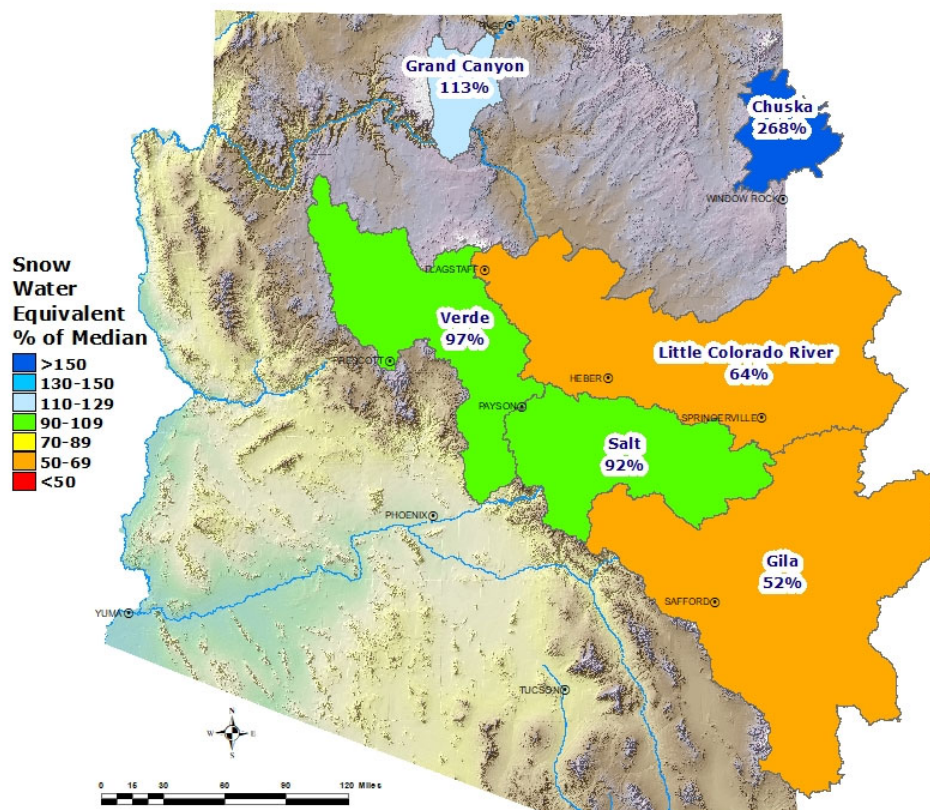
Key storage volumes displayed in thousands of acre-feet (x1000):

<u>Reservoir</u>	<u>Current Storage</u>	<u>Last Year Storage</u>	<u>30-Year Average</u>	<u>Storage Capacity</u>
Salt River System	1510.6	1668.3	1108.0	2025.8
Verde River System	122.3	91.2	113.7	287.4
San Carlos Reservoir	31.4	19.7	93.4	875.0
Lyman Lake	4.8	7.6	7.4	30.0
Lake Havasu	551.0	550.5	558.6	619.0
Lake Mohave	1594.0	1596.3	1651.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	8967.0	10422.0	15149.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	6532.0	9881.0	13711.0	24322.0

STREAMFLOW

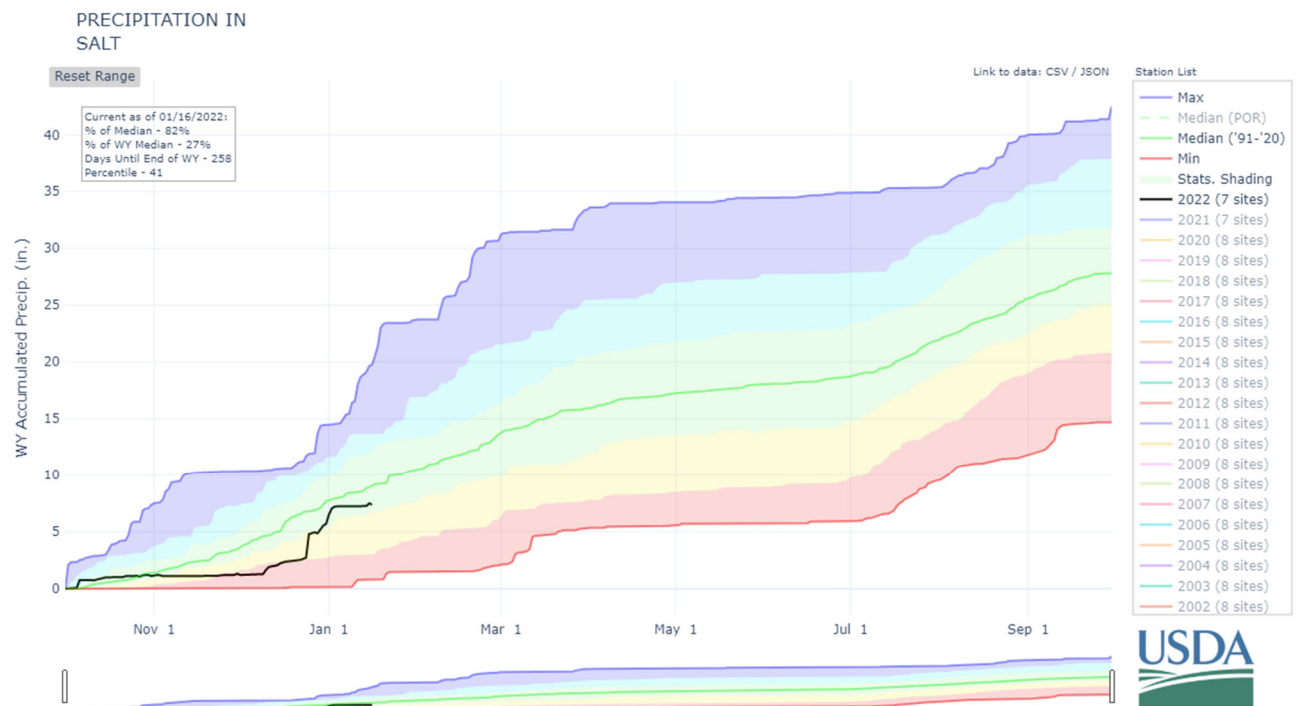
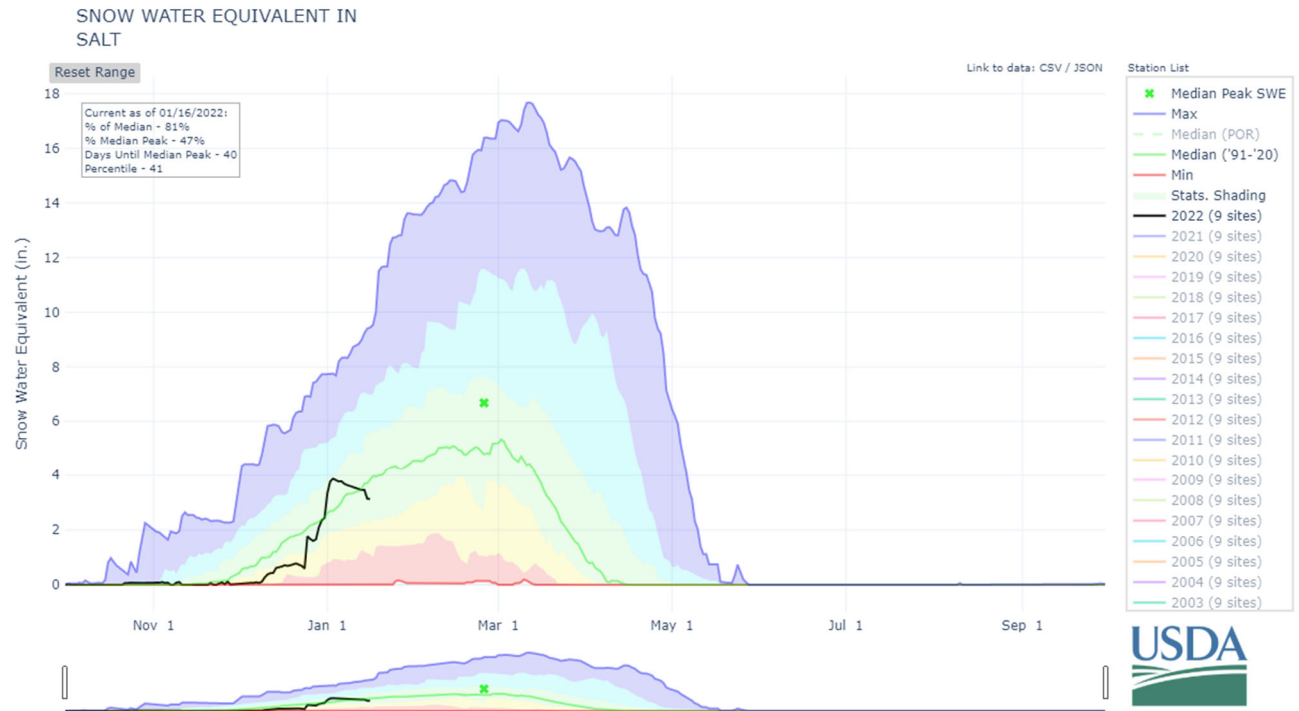
As of January 15, the forecast calls for well below median to median streamflow for the spring runoff period, ranging from 52 percent of median in the Gila River near Solomon to 97 percent of median in the Verde River above Horseshoe Dam. Please refer to the basin forecast tables found in this report for more information regarding water supply forecasts.

Arizona Spring Streamflow Forecasts as of January 15, 2022



SALT RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2022

Median streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Salt River, near Roosevelt, the forecast calls for 92% of median streamflow through May, while at Tonto Creek, the forecast calls for 72% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Salt snowpack to be at 87% of median.



Salt
Streamflow Forecasts - January 16, 2022

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Salt	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Tonto Ck ab Gun Ck nr Roosevelt ³	JAN			5	132%			3.8
	J15-MAY	6.2	15.8	26	72%	40	68	36
Salt R nr Roosevelt ³	MAR-MAY	63	114	160	89%	220	325	179
	J15-MAY	87	156	220	92%	300	445	240

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

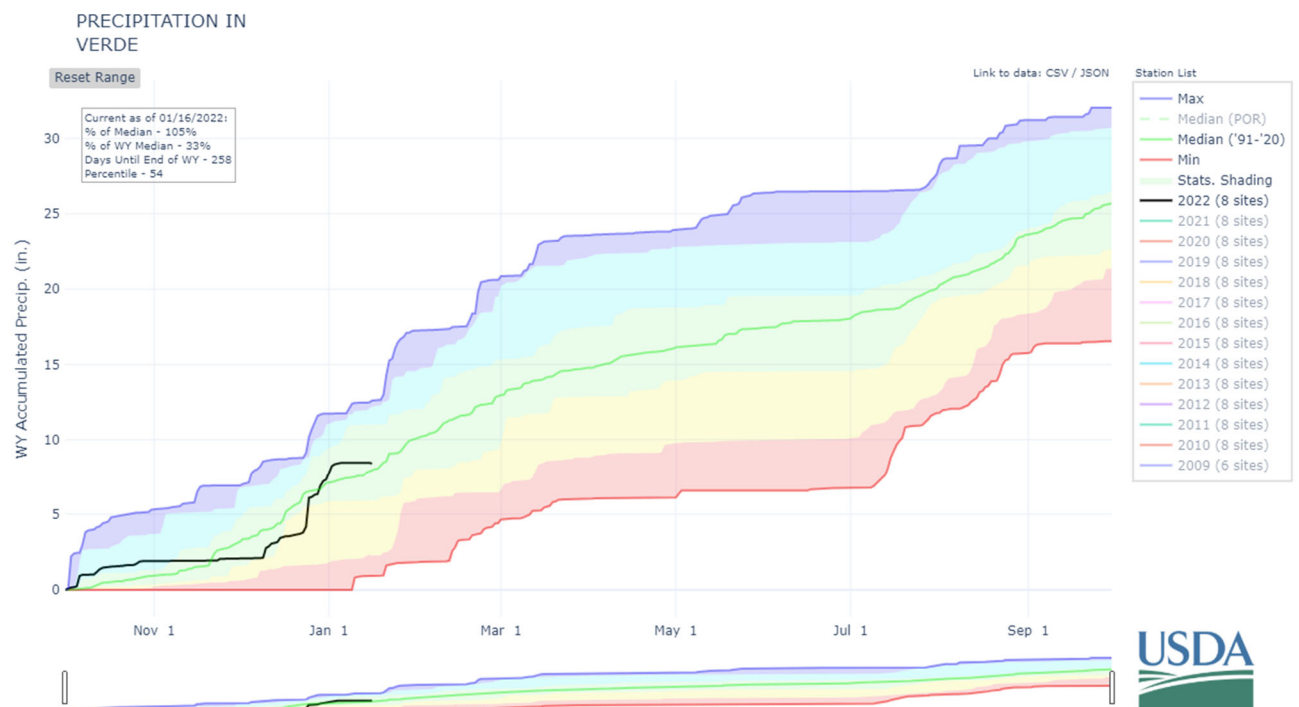
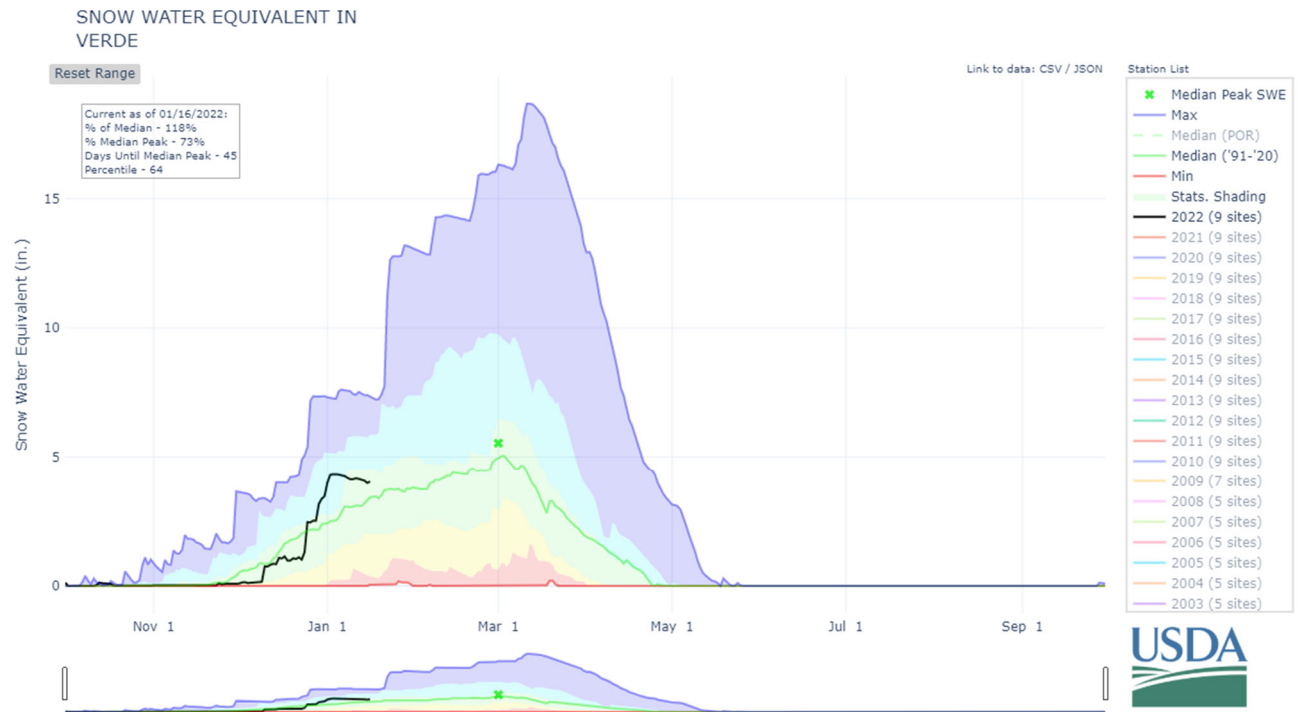
2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Reservoir Storage	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Median (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Middle of December, 2021				
Salt River Reservoir System	1510.6	1668.3	1108.0	2025.8
Basin-wide Total	1510.6	1668.3	1108.0	2025.8
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
January 16, 2022			
Salt	11	87%	5%

VERDE RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2022

Median streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Verde River above Horseshoe Dam, the forecast calls for 97% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Verde snowpack to be at 122% of median.



Verde
Streamflow Forecasts - January 16, 2022

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Verde	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Verde R bl Tangle Ck ab Horseshoe Dam	JAN			27	113%			24
	J15-MAY	50	96	140	97%	196	300	145

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

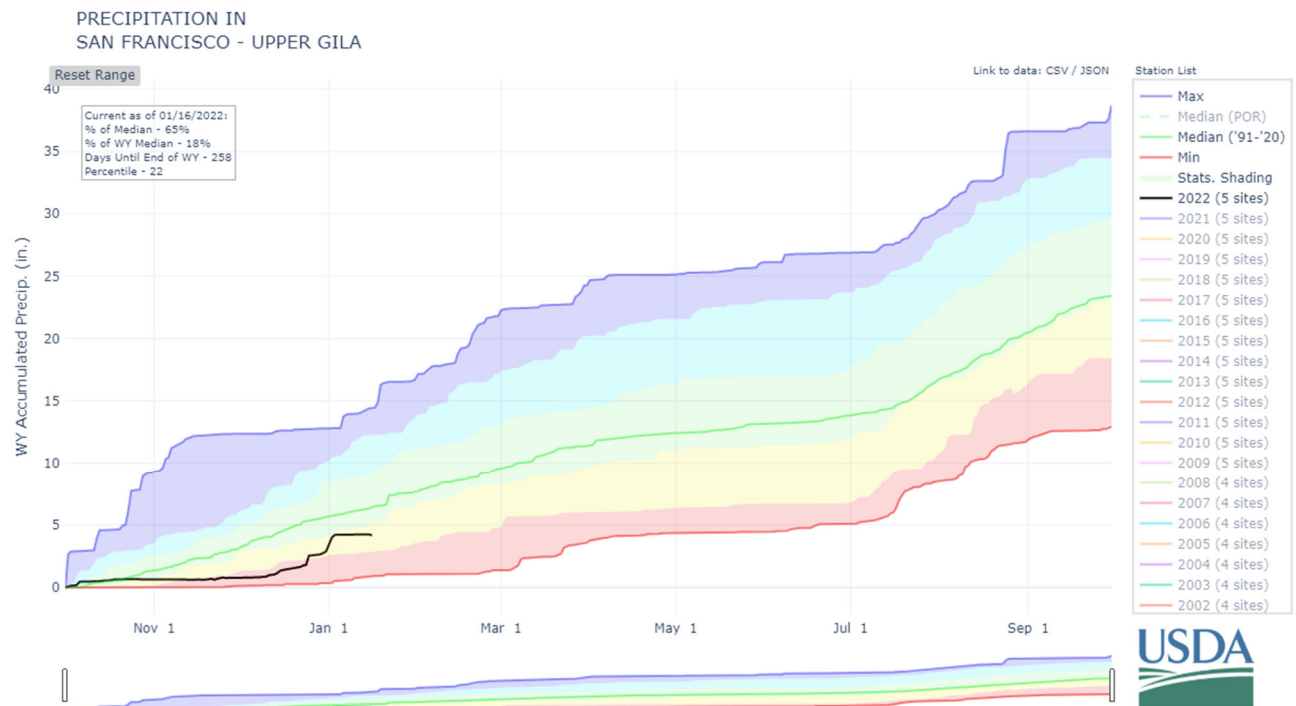
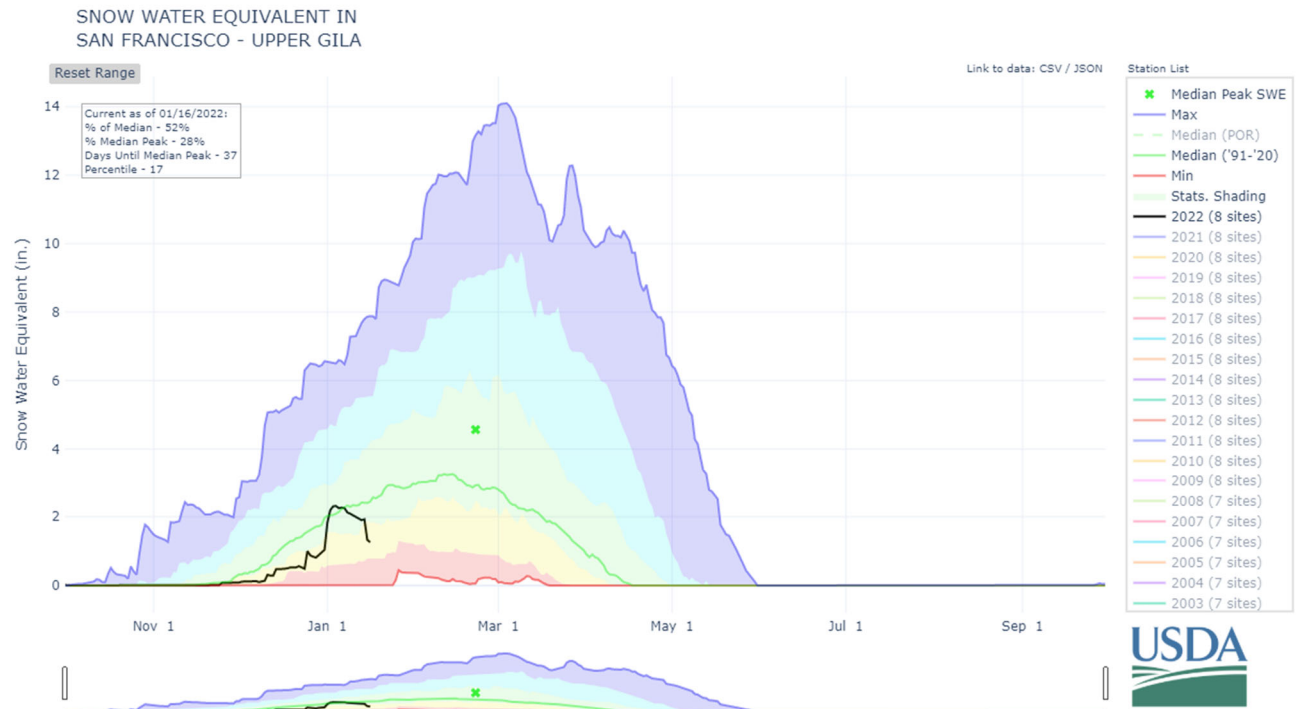
2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Reservoir Storage Middle of December, 2021	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Median (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Verde River Reservoir System	122.3	91.2	113.7	287.4
Basin-wide Total	122.3	91.2	113.7	287.4
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 16, 2022	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
Verde	12	122%	3%

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2022

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the San Francisco River, at Clifton, the forecast calls for 67% of median streamflow levels through May. In the Gila River, near Solomon, the forecast calls for 52% of median streamflow levels through May. At San Carlos Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 45% of median through May. Snow survey measurements show the snowpack for this basin to be at 73% of median.



San Francisco - Upper Gila Streamflow Forecasts - January 16, 2022

San Francisco - Upper Gila	Forecast Period	Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast						30yr Median (KAF)
		90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	
Gila R at Gila ³	J15-MAY	5.7	12.8	20	43%	29	48	47
San Carlos Reservoir Inflow ³	J15-MAY	0	8.1	29	45%	63	136	64
Gila R bl Blue Ck nr Virden ³	J15-MAY	0.87	10.4	23	39%	40	75	59
San Francisco R at Glenwood ³	J15-MAY	2.6	7.1	12	72%	18.8	33	16.7
Gila R nr Solomon ³	JAN	6	11.4	16	100%	21	31	16
	J15-MAY	4.3	26	52	52%	86	153	100
San Francisco R at Clifton ³	J15-MAY	2.3	14.2	28	67%	46	82	42

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

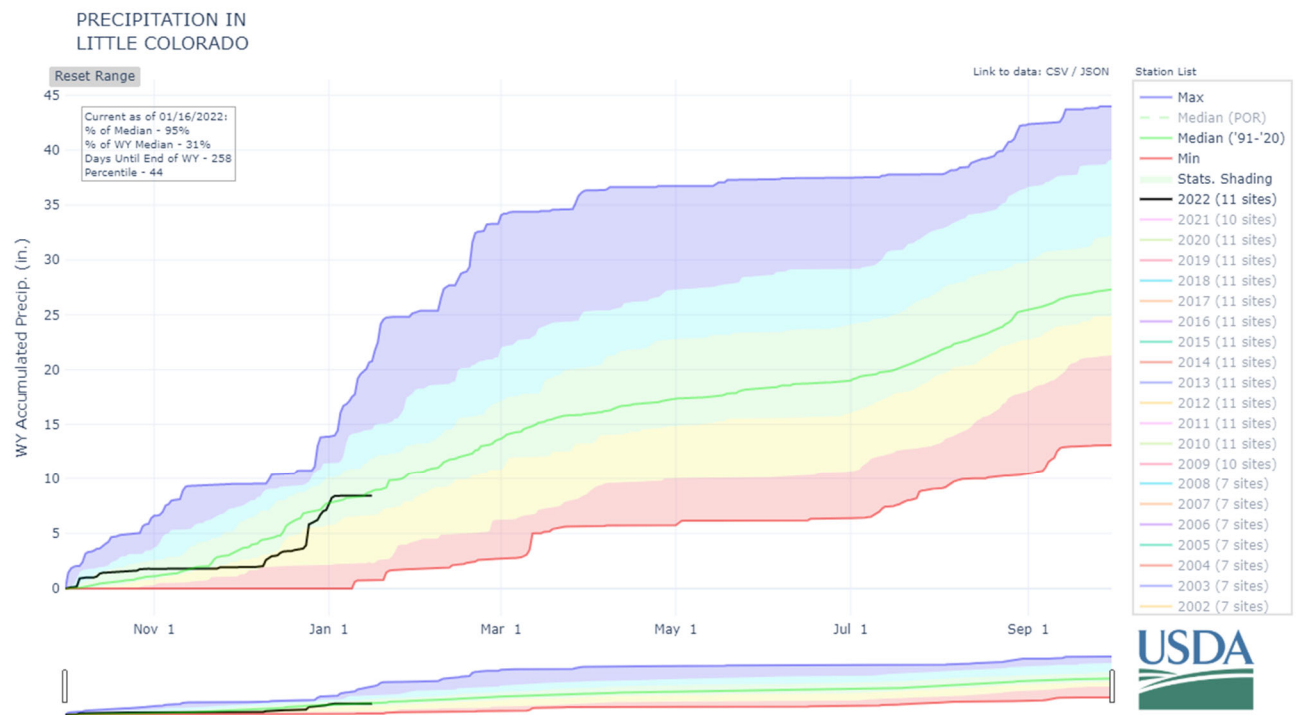
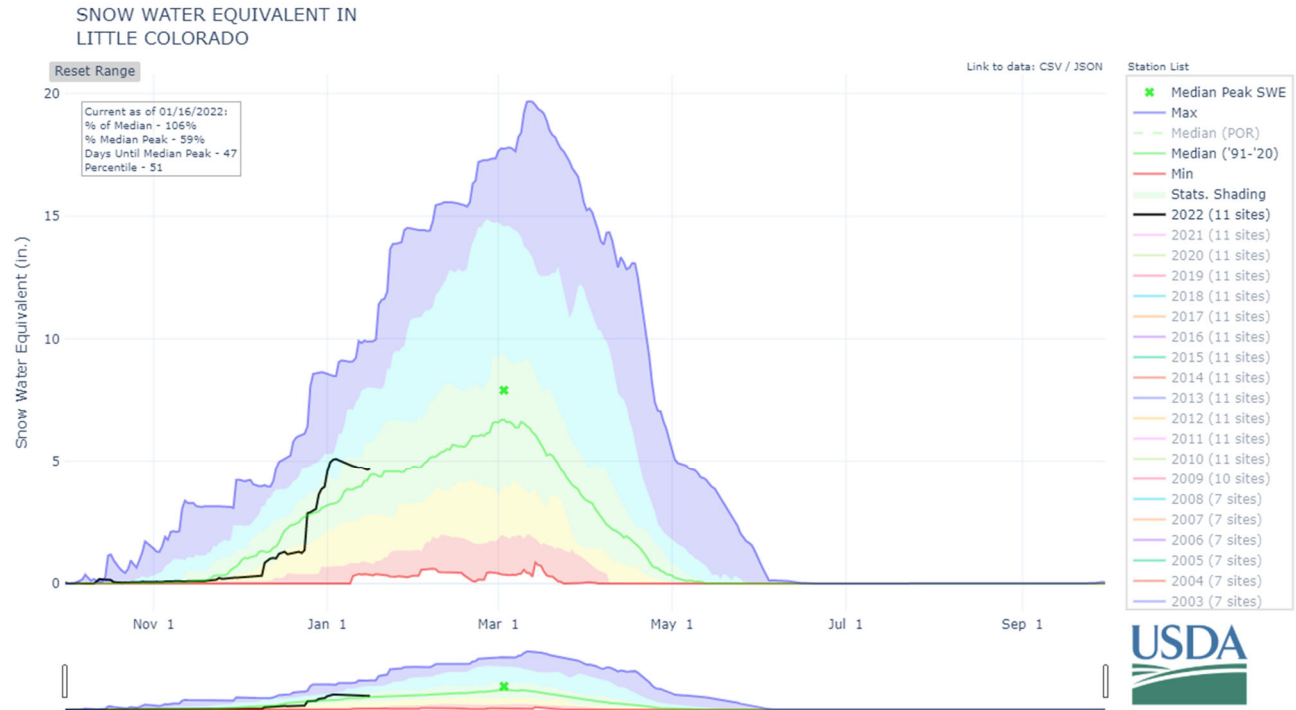
2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Reservoir Storage Middle of December, 2021	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Median (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
San Carlos Reservoir	31.3	19.6	93.4	875.0
Basin-wide Total	31.3	19.6	93.4	875.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 16, 2022	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
San Francisco - Upper Gila	10	73%	11%

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2022

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Little Colorado River, above Lyman Lake, the forecast calls for 64% of median streamflow through June. At Blue Ridge (C.C. Cragin) Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 81% of median through May. Snow survey measurements show the snowpack for this basin to be at 109% of median.



Little Colorado Streamflow Forecasts - January 16, 2022

 Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
 Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Little Colorado	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Rio Nutria nr Ramah ³								
Little Colorado R ab Lyman Lake ³	JAN-JUN	1.25	2.5	3.8	64%	5.4	8.5	5.9
Blue Ridge Reservoir Inflow ²	JAN-MAY	2.6	6.3	10.2	81%	15.5	26	12.6
Zuni R ab Black Rock Reservoir								
Lake Mary Reservoir Inflow	JAN-MAY	2.1	3.6	5	111%	6.7	9.8	4.5

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

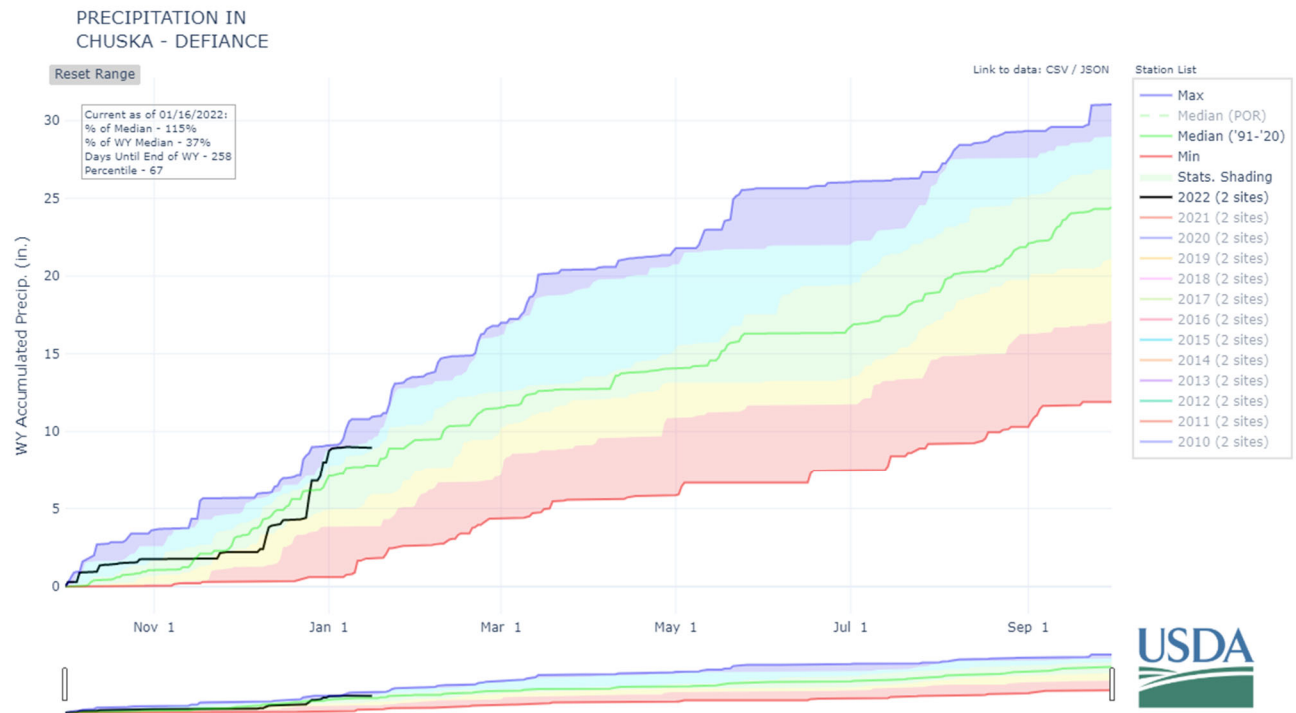
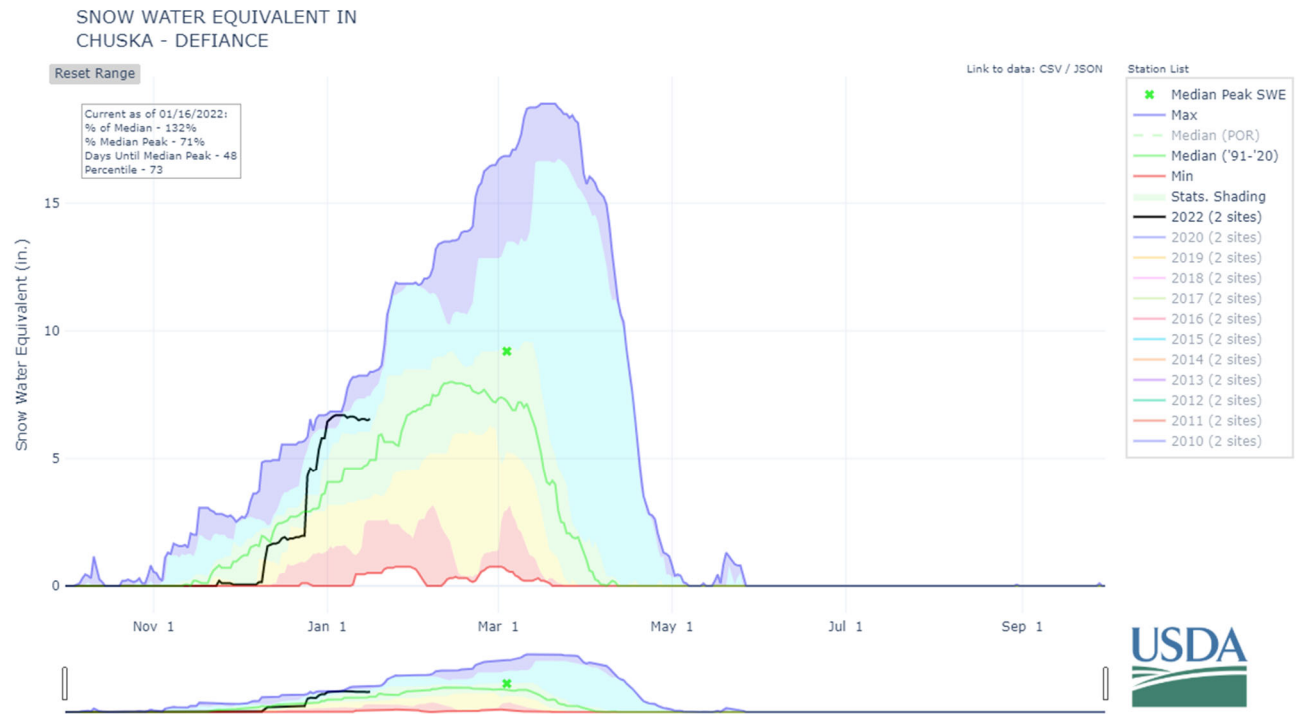
2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Reservoir Storage Middle of December, 2021	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Median (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Lyman Reservoir	4.8	7.6	7.4	30.0
Cragin Dam Reservoir	6.2	3.0	7.5	0.0
Show Low Lake			3.0	5.1
Basin-wide Total	11.0	10.6	17.9	35.1
# of reservoirs	2	2	3	3

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 16, 2022	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
Little Colorado	17	109%	8%

CHUSKA MOUNTAINS as of January 15, 2022

Well above median streamflow levels are forecast for Wheatfields Creek, Captain Tom Wash, and Bowl Canyon Creek. Snow survey measurements conducted by staff of the Navajo Nation Water Management Branch show the Chuska snowpack to be at 180% of median.



Chuska - Defiance Streamflow Forecasts - January 16, 2022

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Chuska - Defiance	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Bowl Canyon Ck ab Asaayi Lake ³	MAR-MAY	0.8	1.53	2.2	268%	2.9	4.2	0.82
Captain Tom Wash nr Two Gray Hills ³	MAR-MAY	0.23	1.36	3	484%	5.6	11.7	0.62
Wheatfields Ck nr Wheatfields	MAR-MAY	1.92	3.1	4	482%	5.1	6.8	0.83

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 16, 2022	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
Chuska - Defiance	9	180%	25%

Basinwide Summary: January 16, 2022
(Medians based on 1991-2020 reference period)

Snowpack Summary for January 16, 2022

San Francisco - Upper Gila	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	1	1.9	2.6	73%	0.0	0%
Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	2	1.2	2.2	55%	0.0	0%
Coronado Trail	SC	8350	6	1.5	2.2	68%	0.0	0%
Frisco Divide	SNOTEL	8000	3	1.3	1.8	72%	0.0	0%
Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	8	5.2	5.2	100%	1.2	23%
Lookout Mountain	SNOTEL	8500	0	0.0	1.4	0%	0.0	0%
Nutriosio	SC	8500	4	1.1	1.0	110%	0.0	0%
Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	0	0.0	0.5	0%	0.0	0%
Signal Peak	SNOTEL	8360	3	1.2	2.0	60%	0.0	0%
Silver Creek Divide	SNOTEL	9000	9	3.1	3.8	82%	1.4	37%
State Line	SC	8000			1.6			
Basin Index						73%		11%
# of sites						10		10

Salt	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	15	3.6	4.2	86%	0.0	0%
Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	1	1.9	2.6	73%	0.0	0%
Buck Spring	SC	7400	3	1.0	1.2	83%	0.0	0%
Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	2	1.2	2.2	55%	0.0	0%
Coronado Trail	SC	8350	6	1.5	2.2	68%	0.0	0%
Fort Apache	SC	9160	19	4.8	4.6	104%	0.7	15%
Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	8	5.2	5.2	100%	1.2	23%
Hawley Lake	SNOTEL	8300	30	7.8			1.4	
Heber	SNOTEL	7640	13	3.7	3.8	97%		
Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	17	4.7	5.2	90%	0.0	0%
Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	17	6.5	6.4	102%	0.0	0%
Wildcat	SNOTEL	7850	10	2.3	1.8	128%	0.0	0%
Workman Creek	SNOTEL	6900	3	1.0	3.2	31%	0.0	0%
Basin Index						87%		5%
# of sites						11		11

Little Colorado	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	6	2.3	2.8	82%	0.0	0%
Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	15	4.0	5.6	71%	0.0	0%
Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	16	5.5	6.1	90%		
Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	15	3.6	4.2	86%	0.0	0%
Boon	SC	8140						
Buck Spring	SC	7400	3	1.0	1.2	83%	0.0	0%
Cheese Springs	SC	8700	14	3.4	3.1	110%	0.7	23%
Dan Valley	SC	7640						
Fort Apache	SC	9160	19	4.8	4.6	104%	0.7	15%
Fort Valley	SNOTEL	7350	4	1.4	1.4	100%	0.0	0%
Fort Valley	SC	7350	6	2.1	1.4	150%	0.0	0%
Heber	SNOTEL	7640	13	3.7	3.8	97%		
Lake Mary	SC	6930	6	1.8	1.9	95%	0.0	0%
Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	17	4.7	5.2	90%	0.0	0%
McGaffey	SC	8120						
Mormon Mountain	SNOTEL	7500	14	4.7	3.0	157%	0.0	0%

Mormon Mountain Summit #2	SC	8470	28	8.6	5.6	154%	0.0	0%
Mormon Mtn Summit	SNOTEL	8500	22	6.5	5.8	112%	0.0	0%
Nutriosio	SC	8500	4	1.1	1.0	110%	0.0	0%
Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	0	0.0	0.5	0%	0.0	0%
Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	17	6.5	6.4	102%	0.0	0%
Snow Bowl #2	SC	11200	36	7.6	8.4	90%		
Snowslide Canyon	SNOTEL	9730	30	12.4	9.3	133%	3.6	39%

Basin Index	109%	8%
# of sites	17	17

Verde	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	6	2.3	2.8	82%	0.0	0%
Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	15	4.0	5.6	71%	0.0	0%
Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	16	5.5	6.1	90%		
Bar M	SNOTEL	6393	1	0.9			0.0	
Chalender	SNOTEL	7100	4	2.0	2.7	74%		
Chalender	SC	7100	0	0.0	1.0	0%	0.0	0%
Fort Valley	SNOTEL	7350	4	1.4	1.4	100%	0.0	0%
Fort Valley	SC	7350	6	2.1	1.4	150%	0.0	0%
Fry	SNOTEL	7200	14	5.0	4.0	125%	0.5	13%
Happy Jack	SC	7630	10	3.1	2.0	155%		
Happy Jack	SNOTEL	7630	13	5.4	3.3	164%	0.7	21%
Mormon Mountain	SNOTEL	7500	14	4.7	3.0	157%	0.0	0%
Mormon Mountain Summit #2	SC	8470	28	8.6	5.6	154%	0.0	0%
Mormon Mtn Summit	SNOTEL	8500	22	6.5	5.8	112%	0.0	0%
Newman Park	SC	6750	5	2.0	1.4	143%	0.0	0%
Snow Bowl #2	SC	11200	36	7.6	8.4	90%		
White Horse Lake	SNOTEL	7180	6	3.1	1.6	194%	0.0	0%
Williams Ski Run	SC	7720			3.5		0.0	0%

Basin Index	122%	3%
# of sites	12	12

Chuska - Defiance	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Beaver Spring	SC	9220	24	7.8	4.4	177%	1.4	32%
Beaver Spring	SNOTEL	9200	22	6.5	5.3	123%	1.1	21%
Bowl Canyon	SC	8980	25	7.4	4.0	185%	0.9	23%
Fluted Rock	SC	7800	12	3.0	1.6	188%	0.8	50%
Hidden Valley	SC	8480	23	7.4	3.0	247%	0.6	20%
Missionary Spring	SC	7940	11	3.2	2.1	152%	0.0	0%
Navajo Whiskey Ck	SNOTEL	9050	23	6.5	4.6	141%		
Tsaile Canyon #1	SC	8160	19	6.6	3.2	206%	0.6	19%
Tsaile Canyon #3	SC	8920	25	7.4	5.3	140%	1.4	26%
Whiskey Creek	SC	9050	33	11.0	4.6	239%	1.6	35%

Basin Index	180%	25%
# of sites	9	9

Grand Canyon	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Bright Angel	SC	8400	23	7.0	4.4	159%	0.3	7%
Grand Canyon	SC	7500			1.3		0.0	0%

Basin Index	159%	7%
# of sites	1	1

Virgin	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
Gardner Peak	SNOTEL	8322	25	8.0	5.0	160%	2.1	42%
Gutz Peak	SNOTEL	6763	30	10.9	5.1	214%	0.7	14%
Harris Flat	SNOTEL	7792	26	7.8	3.8	205%	1.0	26%
Kolob	SNOTEL	9263	43	13.1	9.8	134%	4.6	47%
Little Grassy	SNOTEL	6065	14	5.0	2.4	208%	0.4	17%
Long Flat	SNOTEL	7982	19	6.5	3.5	186%	0.7	20%
Long Valley Jct	SNOTEL	7465	21	6.3	2.6	242%	0.4	15%
Midway Valley	SNOTEL	9827	44	11.3	10.6	107%	4.8	45%
Webster Flat	SNOTEL	9203	29	8.5	6.2	137%	2.4	39%
Basin Index						158%	35%	
# of sites						9	9	

Report Created:
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Streamflow Forecast Summary: January 16, 2022
(Medians based on 1991-2020 reference period)

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

San Francisco - Upper Gila	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Gila R at Gila ³	J15-MAY	5.7	12.8	20	43%	29	48	47
San Carlos Reservoir Inflow ³	J15-MAY	0	8.1	29	45%	63	136	64
Gila R bl Blue Ck nr Virden ³	J15-MAY	0.87	10.4	23	39%	40	75	59
San Francisco R at Glenwood ³	J15-MAY	2.6	7.1	12	72%	18.8	33	16.7
Gila R nr Solomon ³	JAN	6	11.4	16	100%	21	31	16
	J15-MAY	4.3	26	52	52%	86	153	100
San Francisco R at Clifton ³	J15-MAY	2.3	14.2	28	67%	46	82	42

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Salt	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Tonto Ck ab Gun Ck nr Roosevelt ³	JAN			5	132%			3.8
	J15-MAY	6.2	15.8	26	72%	40	68	36
Salt R nr Roosevelt ³	MAR-MAY	63	114	160	89%	220	325	179
	J15-MAY	87	156	220	92%	300	445	240

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Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Little Colorado	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Rio Nutria nr Ramah ³								
Little Colorado R ab Lyman Lake ³	JAN-JUN	1.25	2.5	3.8	64%	5.4	8.5	5.9
Blue Ridge Reservoir Inflow ²	JAN-MAY	2.6	6.3	10.2	81%	15.5	26	12.6
Zuni R ab Black Rock Reservoir								
Lake Mary Reservoir Inflow	JAN-MAY	2.1	3.6	5	111%	6.7	9.8	4.5

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Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Verde	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Verde R bl Tangle Ck ab Horseshoe Dam								
	JAN			27	113%			24
	J15-MAY	50	96	140	97%	196	300	145

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Chuska - Defiance	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Bowl Canyon Ck ab Asaayi Lake ³								
	MAR-MAY	0.8	1.53	2.2	268%	2.9	4.2	0.82
Captain Tom Wash nr Two Gray Hills ³								
	MAR-MAY	0.23	1.36	3	484%	5.6	11.7	0.62
Wheatfields Ck nr Wheatfields								
	MAR-MAY	1.92	3.1	4	482%	5.1	6.8	0.83

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

Grand Canyon	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Median	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Median (KAF)
Lake Powell Inflow ³								
	APR-JUL	3710	5490	6900	113%	8470	11100	6130

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions