## **National Air Emissions Monitoring Study**



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# Agricultural and Biological Engineering





**Purdue University** 

## **NAEMS Objective**

Determine whether livestock farms are likely to emit PM and VOC in excess of CAA thresholds, or NH<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>S in excess of CERCLA and EPCRA reporting requirements.

8 states
\$14.6M (incl. admin + contingency)
2.5 yrs
24 months of monitoring

Air emissions from two to three barns per site will be measured for 24 months using accepted methods.

### **NAEMS** Timeline



**EPA's Development of Emission Estimation Methodologies** 

EEM

# **Study Design Summary**

- > Twenty representative livestock production sites.
- > Outdoor manure facilities (9) and corral (1) monitored every season
  - > Hydrogen sulfide (UVDOAS or pulsed fluorescence with S-OP).
  - > Ammonia (TDLAS, UVDOAS, photoacoustic spectroscopy)
  - Ethanol, methanol, NMHC (photoacoustic spectroscopy)
  - Tomography or Radial Plume Mapping with TDLAS
  - Backward Lagrangian stochastic (BLS) modeling
- Barns (38) monitored continuously
  - > Hydrogen sulfide (pulsed flourescence)
  - > Ammonia (photoacoustic spectroscopy)
  - Ethanol, methanol, NMHC (photoacoustic spectroscopy)
  - > Non-methane HC (photoacoustic spectroscopy, GC-FID)
  - Carbon dioxide (photoacoustic spectroscopy)
  - > TSP, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub> (TEOM)
  - > Barn airflow (fan speed, pressure, velocity, portable fan tester)
- Integrated Sampling
  - VOCs: GC-MS (canisters, tubes), IC (impingers)
- > EPA-approved standard operating procedures

## **NAEMS Purdue Team for Barn Monitoring**



Al Heber

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**Richard Liu** 

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Site Principal Investigators at Eight Cooperating Universities

- Lim/Ni/Grant Purdue University
- Jacobson University of Minnesota
- Mitloehner/Zhang University of California -Davis
- Koziel/Hoff/Harmon Iowa State University
- Casey Texas A&M University
- Ndegwa Washington State University
- Robarge/Wang -North Carolina State University

## **National Air Emissions Monitoring Study Sites**



## **Summary of NAEMS Sites**

Species	Barns per Site			Total number		Number of Area Sites			
	2-b	3-b	4-b	Sites	Barns	Corrals	Lagoons	Basins	Total
Swine	0	4	1	5	16	0	5	1	6
Dairy	3	2	0	5	12	1	3	0	4
Layers	2	0	1	3	8	0	0	0	0
Broilers	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Total	6	6	2	14	38	1	8	1	10

Equipment Acquisition Winding Down

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DAQ

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**QC** 

## **Gas Sampling System**



# **Purdue Training Session**







# **Equipment Received**

 $\succ$  Cal gases and regulators (air, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> H<sub>2</sub>S) ✓ TFS TEOM, Beta Gage, and Partisol PM samplers Teflon sampling tubing and static pressure tubing ✓ Gas diluters from Environics and Thermo Fisher ✓ Instrument trailers, and most outfitting materials Data acquisition computer systems for all sites  $\geq$ VOC canisters, sorbent tubes, and impingers ✓ Gas sampling system (GSS) components > Uninterruptible power supply (UPS) units Roof-mounted weather station towers ✓ Methane/non-methane HC analyzer CAPECAB data analysis software > RH/T chilled mirror hygrometer Multi-conductor signal cables

## Instrument Trailers (13)

# Modifications: Steps Compartment vent AC exhaust hoods Shelves, ductwork Lightning arrestor Furniture





# **Equipment Received**

Differential pressure sensors Fan monitoring sensors > RPM sensors (142/240) Current switches (134) Custom TEOM enclosures Solar sensors and shields  $\blacktriangleright$  DAQ I/O modules (93%) Temperature calibrator Low pressure calibrator > Thermocouple wires Airflow calibrators > Activity sensors  $\succ$  H<sub>2</sub>S analyzers Heating cable

# **Equipment Ordered**

Multigas (NH<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, VOC) analyzers (10/15 rec'd) Custom Beta Gage Enclosures (1 rec'd) Wind Sentry anemometers (1/14 rec'd) VOC calibration gases and regulators Ultrasonic anemometers (50% rec'd)  $\rightarrow$  DAQ I/O modules (7%) Fan monitoring sensors RPM sensors (98/240) Propeller anemometers  $\rightarrow$  MSA CO<sub>2</sub> analyzers (2) FANS analyzers RH/T sensors

## **Equipment to Order**

- > 55C connection hardware
   > Balance of RPM sensors
   > RH/T transfer standards
- FANS trailers
- ➢ Misc.



# Fan Monitoring Methods

- Hall effect sensors (RPM sensors)
- Current switches
- > Propeller anemometers
- Vibration sensors



## **Cal Gases Checked by FTIR**

# A closed-cell FTIR is used to check calibration gas cylinders





# **VOC Sampling Methods**



## Canister

#### Sorbent tube

#### Impinger







#### Tube sampler

# **VOC Analysis**

## GC-MS (Dr. Hua Xu)





## Ion Chromatograph (Dr. Connie Li)

## **Major Changes to Original Protocol**

Use TEOM for PM2.5, PM10, TSP
Use Innova 1412 for NH3, CO2, VOC
Use RPM sensors, current switches
Considering synthetic open path

# **TEOM Sampling Inlets**



The TEOM air inlets shown here can measure total suspended particulate, PM10 or PM2.5.

## Area Site Layouts



- B. Averal

Stakes colorcoded to indicate what kind of instrument is installed at each location

All layouts have been staked out on site.

## **Concrete tower bases & anchors**



## Setup: Erecting towers



## Hardware/Software Configuration

- Wind and meteorological/lagoon sensors (PAML)
  - > Quality assurance software near completion
  - Datalogger program developed
  - Testing of RF communications
  - Design & manufacturing of communications & power configurations
- Design lagoon float for pH, redox, and water temperature (PAML)
  - > Testing to be done at nearby pond.
- Design and testing of TDLAS communications (Boreal Laser)
- RPM software under development (Arcadis)
  - Final testing by PAML awaiting receipt of one complete scanning TDLAS system from Boreal Laser and installation of towers at IN4A.
- PC systems for in-trailer and lab use under development (PAML)







## **Open Source Methods Testing**

- Synthetic Open Path vs. UVDOAS
  - Testing using release of 10% SO<sub>2</sub> in open field
  - > 10-orifice system w/ flourescence detected SO<sub>2</sub> at 20 m
  - $\succ$  UVDOAS calibration verified for SO<sub>2</sub> using function cell.
  - UVDOAS 100-m path has alignment problems in winds
- Open Path UVDOAS H<sub>2</sub>S evaluation
  - Current modeling efforts have RMSE at approximately 1 ppm-m for both NH<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>S.
  - > Manufacturer testing and modification near completion
  - > Will be tested against S-OPS at lagoon near Purdue.
- > TDLAS NH<sub>3</sub> scanning system testing
  - > Testing at dairy lagoon.
  - Scanner reliably moved between 3 retroreflectors (6 h).
  - TDLAS detected NH<sub>3</sub> at levels <1ppm-m (measurements failed QA due to sub MDL (5ppm-m) levels).</p>





## Site IN2B has one OFIS in place

OFIS trailer in place between the two high-rise layer barns, with raceways extending into each barn. All-weather access to trailer.







# Site IN2B Setup

(High rise houses)



Installing sampling line and port at a fan in the lower level of the HR barn

- > 14 inside sampling points
- 1 outside sampling point
- Teflon tubing (3500 ft)
- > Thermocouples (10)
- Static pressure sensors (4)
- Activity sensors (4)
- Temperature/humidity probes (4)
- Propeller anemometers (12)
- Vibration sensors (48)
- Fan stage relays for automatic stage control (24)

## Site IN3B Progress







## **Trailer Delivery Schedule**

- April 1 IN3B
- April 30 IA4B
- May 7 IN5B, IN2B
- May 14 WI5B, CA1B
- May 21 NC2B, OK4B
- May 28 CA5B
- June 4 NC3B, CA2B
- June 11 NY5B, WA5B
- June 18 NC4B

# **NAEMS Dairy Sites**

Site	Site type	Vent type	# Units Meas.	Manure collection	Manure storage <sup>4</sup>	Bedding type <sup>5</sup>	Places
NY5B	Freestall	MV	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup>	Scrape	Dig./SS/Basin	SDS	470
IN5B	Freestall	MV	2	Scrape	Dig./SS/Basin	SDS	1600
WI5B	Freestall	MV	<b>3</b> <sup>3</sup>	Flush	SP/Basin	Mattress/ shavings	325
CA5B	Open Freestall <sup>2</sup>	NV	2	Flush	SP/Basin	Soil/MS/ Alm. shells	600
<b>WA5B</b> <sup>1</sup>	Open Freestall <sup>2</sup>	NV	2	Flush	SP/SS/Basin	MS	650

<sup>1</sup>Barn sites that also have measured area sources
<sup>2</sup>Cattle free to walk from open freestall barn into dry lots between barns.
<sup>3</sup>Monitored units include milking center.
<sup>4</sup>SP = settling pond
<sup>5</sup>MS = Manure solids
SDS = Separated digested solids



Updated April 24, 2007 ELC

#### Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

## New York Dairy Site (NY5B)



#### **Cross section of the freestall barns showing measurement locations.**

## Indiana Dairy Site (IN5B)



Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing at freestall barns 1 and 2, and in the holding barn associated with the milking parlor.
## Indiana Dairy Site (IN5B)



# Cross section of freestall barns 1 and 2 and side view of milking center showing measurement locations.



### Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

### Wisconsin Dairy Site (WI5B)



#### **Cross section of the freestall barns showing measurement locations.**

## California Dairy Site (CA5B)



### Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

## California Dairy Site (CA5B)



### **Cross section of the freestall barns showing measurement locations.**

## Washington Dairy Site (WA5B)



**Cross section of the freestall barns showing measurement locations.** 

## Washington Dairy Site (WA5B)



### Barn top-view showing measurement locations.

## Washington Dairy Site (WA5B)



#### Barn 2 layout showing measurement locations.

# **Layer and Broiler Sites**

### **Layer Sites**

Site	Site Type	Ventilation Type	# of Units Meas.	Manure Collection	Manure Storage	Places
NC2B	High-rise	MV (tunnel)	2	CBC <sup>1</sup>	First floor	103,000
IN2B	High-rise Belt battery Manure shed	MV (sidewall) MV (sidewall) MV	2 2 1	CBC Belt Loader	First floor Shed -	250,000 280,000
CA2B	High-rise	MV (side wall)	2	DB <sup>2</sup>	First floor	74,000

<sup>1</sup>CBC = curtain backed cages <sup>2</sup>DB = dropping boards under cages

### **Broiler Site**

Site	Site Type	Ventilation Type	# Units Meas.	Manure Collection	Manure Storage	Places
CA1B	Litter on floor MV (tunnel)		2	Scraper	None	21,000



Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

### Indiana Layer Site (IN2B)



Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.

# Indiana Layer Site (IN2B)



**Cross section of the barns showing measurement locations.** 

# California Layer Site (CA2B)



## California Layer Site (CA2B)





### Barn cross section showing measurement locations.

## California Broiler Site (CA1B)



### Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

# **Swine Sites**

Site	Production phase	# units meas.	Places	Manure collection	Manure storage <sup>2</sup>
NC4B <sup>1</sup>	B/GF	2	850	PPR <sup>3</sup>	Lagoon
		1	20	PPR	Lagoon
NC3B	Finisher	3	800	PPR	Lagoon
IA4B	B/GF	2	1100	Deep pit <sup>4</sup>	Deep pit <sup>4</sup>
		1	24	PPR	Gest. pits
IN3B	Finisher	4	1000	Deep pit <sup>4</sup>	
OK4B <sup>1</sup>	B/GF	2	1200	PPR	Lagoon
		1	24	PPR	Lagoon

<sup>1</sup>Barn Sites that also have measured area sources, which are described in the opensource QAPP

<sup>2</sup>Characterizes type of farm, not necessarily a measurement location.

<sup>3</sup>PPR = pull plug with recharge

<sup>4</sup>Storage is inside the barn so separate measurement not needed for storage.

## North Carolina Swine Site (NC4B)



#### Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.

## North Carolina Swine Site (NC4B)



**Cross section of the barns showing measurement locations.** 

# North Carolina Swine Site (NC3B)



# Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.

## North Carolina Swine Site (NC3B)



### **Cross section of the barns showing measurement locations.**

## Iowa Swine Site (IA4B)



Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.

## Iowa Swine Site (IA4B)



### **Cross section of the barns showing measurement locations.**



Indiana Swine Site (IN3B)

Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.



### **Cross section of a barn showing measurement locations.**

## Oklahoma Swine Site (OK4B)



### Barn top-view layout showing measurement locations.

## Oklahoma Swine Site (OK4B)



### Site monitoring plan for continuous air emission testing.

# What Comes After NAEMS?

NAEMS Pollutants?
 Ammonia as precursor to PM2.5?
 Hydrogen sulfide: property line limits?
 TSP: no longer regulated by states?
 Add-on studies
 Greenhouse gas mitigation tests
 Odor mitigation studies
 Atmospheric dispersion studies
 Emission models

# Check out www.AgAirQuality.com

# **Add-on Studies**

PI	Topic/Sponsor	Site(s)
Jacobson	Odor emissions (USDA NRI)	IA&OK4B, IN&WI5B
Mitloehner	VOCs @ GHGs (CA Dept. of Food, Ag. & Dairy)	CA5B
Lim	Downwind Dairy Odor Survey (Purdue Ag)	IN5B
Ni	Air emissions (USDA-NRI)	IN2B
Koziel	GHG (ISU)	IA4B

# **Summary of NAEMS Progress**

Subcontracts established with 7 universities
Equipment acquisition nearly complete.
Training of all personnel last week.
Site setup period has begun.
Data gathering begins after setup.
NAEMS web site.

www.AgAirQuality.com

# **Data Scalability**

Are the impacts of a single 4000-hd unit the same as the combined impacts of 8 500-hd units?

- Yes, if all major factors are similar.
   Manure volume, surface area per animal.
  - Animal-specific floor area

No, if the animal-specific parameters change with size.

NAEMS will not determine these impacts.

# **Model Properties**

What model parameters will result from this study?

We will characterize sites for validation of models.

> See tables shown previously.

## **Parameter Definitions**

 What are the specific parameter definitions of each monitored site?
 See tables of site descriptions.

## **PM and H2S Measurements**

Site	Species	PM2.5, PM10, TSP	H2S
CA1B	Broilers	TEOM	TFS 450i
NY5B	Dairy	TEOM	TFS 450i
WA5B	Dairy	TEOM	TFS 450i
WI5B	Dairy	TEOM	TFS 450i
CA5B	Dairy	TEOM	TFS 450i
IN5B	Dairy	TEOM	TFS 450i
CA2B	Layers	TEOM	TFS 450i
IN2B	Layers	TEOM	TFS 450i
NC2B	Layers	TEOM	TFS 450i
IN2H	Layers	TEOM	TEI 45C
NC3B	Swine	TEOM	TFS 450i
NC4B	Swine	TEOM	TFS 450i
OK4B	Swine	TEOM	TFS 450i
IN3B	Swine	TEOM	TFS 450i
IA4B	Swine	TEOM	TFS 450i

# **NH3 and VOC Measurements**

Site	Species	1	2	3	4	5	NMHC	VOC
CA1B	Broilers	NH3	CO2	THC	CH4	Eth		IC
NY5B	Dairy	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
WA5B	Dairy	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
WI5B	Dairy	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
CA5B	Dairy	NH3	Meth	THC	CH4	Eth	55C	
IN5B	Dairy	NH3	CO2	THC	CH4	Eth		IC
CA2B	Layers	NH3	CO2	N2O	CH4	Ethg		
IN2B	Layers	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
NC2B	Layers	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
IN2H	Layers	NH3	CO2	THC	CH4	Eth		IC
NC3B	Swine	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
NC4B	Swine	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
OK4B	Swine	NH3	CO2	None	None	None		
IA4B	Swine	NH3	CO2	THC	CH4	N2O		
IN3B	Swine	NH3	Meth	THC	CH4	Eth	55C	IC

# **PM Oversampling**

- Does the sampling methodology and analysis of results include measures to address sampler bias?
  - No, but we acknowledge the difference between regulated PM10 and true PM10.
- > Will corrections be applied to field measurements?
  - > Not unless EPA requires it.
- Will TSP measurements be taken in conjunction with particle size distributions as a point of comparison with PM10 and PM2.5 measurements?
  - No. However, an AARC-approved add-on study has been proposed that will do this for poultry PM.
- If not, what method(s) will be used to ensure measurement of "true" PM?
  - Since EPA regulates based on response of a particular method or instrument rather than "true" PM10 or PM2.5, EPA did not require the assessment of "true" PM for the consent agreement.

# **PM Related Questions**

- Will the measurement timeframe and method for PM2.5 adequately represent the PM2.5 concentrations for subsequent inclusion in a dispersion model?
  - PM2.5 will only be measured for a total of 4 weeks.
  - ➢ PM2.5 of layer PM is about 10% of PM10.
- Which models will be used and evaluated for accuracy in the study?
  - Evaluating models is beyond the scope of the study itself.

Add-on proposals are expected.



Figure 8. One minute means of TSP, PM<sub>10</sub>, and PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations in a laying hen house, June 4, 2002.

# Fate and Transport

What is the fate and transport of any of the pollutants measured? Producers need to know also what is leaving the property and in what quantities.

The NAEMS will not measure downwind concentrations or pollutant dispersion.

## **Conservation Practices**

Will conservation management practices be evaluated as part of the study to determine the efficiency of various practices for each pollutant?

No. This is beyond the scope of the study.