United States Department of Agriculture

CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY

E595B

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

Reduce risk of pesticides in surface water and air by utilizing IPM PAMS techniques

Conservation Practice 595: Integrated Pest Management

APPLICABLE LAND USE: Crop (annual & mixed), Crop (perennial), Pasture

RESOURCE CONCERN: Water, Air

ENHANCEMENT LIFE SPAN: 1 year

Enhancement Description

Utilize integrated pest management (IPM) prevent, avoidance, monitoring, and suppression (PAMS) techniques to reduce risk of pesticides in water and air. Reduce the potential for delivery of chemicals into water or ozone precursor emissions.

Criteria

- Documentation of producer's record of integrated pest management meeting all Conservation Practice Standard Integrated Pest Management (CPS 595) general criteria
- Utilize ***at least four activities from techniques below***:
    - Prevention activities include cleaning equipment and gear when leaving an infested area, using pest-free seeds and transplants, and irrigation scheduling to limit situations that are conducive to disease development.
    - Avoidance activities include maintaining healthy and diverse plant communities, using pest resistant varieties, crop rotation, and refuge management.
    - Monitoring activities include scouting for both pests and beneficial organisms, degree-day modeling, and weather forecasting to help target suppression

strategies and avoid routine preventative treatments. Monitoring may include the use of drones or other remote sensing tools which can provide color, red, or infrared images to help detect pest issues.

- Suppression activities include judicious use of cultural, mechanical, biological and chemical control methods that reduce or eliminate a pest population or its impacts while minimizing risks to non-target organisms. Optimizing application timing, using precision application equipment, or substituting lower risk pesticides.

- When addressing air quality, include at least one suppression activity to reduce emissions of ozone precursors, such as choosing low-emission application methods, selecting alternatives or avoiding use of emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulations, use of precision application, solarization, or biofumigants.

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

Documentation and Implementation Requirements

Participant will:

- ☐ Prior to implementation, provide documentation for review showing producer's record of integrated pest management meeting all Conservation Practice Standard Integrated Pest Management (CPS 595) general criteria.
- ☐ During implementation, keep documentation, such as records, plans, receipts, showing the implementation of the activities selected.
- ☐ After implementation, make documentation available for review by NRCS to verify implementation of the enhancement.

NRCS will:

- ☐ Prior to implementation, provide and explain NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Integrated Pest Management (CPS 595) as it relates to implementing this enhancement.
- ☐ As needed, provide technical assistance to the participant as requested.
- ☐ After implementation, verify implementation by reviewing records kept during enhancement implementation.

NRCS Documentation Review:

I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name _____ Contract Number _____

Total Acres Applied _____ Fiscal Year Completed _____

_____ _____

NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature Date

United States Department of Agriculture

South Dakota (SD) Supplement to Conservation Enhancement Activity

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

E595B

Additional Criteria for SD:

In addition to the criteria specified in the national job sheet E595B, the following additional criteria apply in SD:

- When monitoring is selected as an IPM technique, it is expected that cropland fields will be scouted every 7 - 10 days during the growing season (April 1 through October 1) unless documented why scouting interval should be longer or is no longer warranted. Pastureland can be scouted monthly (April 1 through October 1) unless conditions require increased scouting. Scouting records should include information on weeds, insects, and diseases as appropriate.

- A good resourse for IPM planning is the North Central IPM Center: https://www.ncipmc.org/.