

CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

E512B

Forage and biomass planting to reduce soil erosion or increase organic matter to build soil health

Conservation Practice 512: Forage and Biomass Planting

APPLICABLE LAND USE: Pasture

RESOURCE CONCERN: Soil

ENHANCEMENT LIFE SPAN: 5 years

Enhancement Description

Establishing adapted and/or compatible species, varieties, or cultivars of herbaceous species suitable for pasture, hay, or biomass production that can provide for reduced soil erosion, improving soil health.

Criteria

- Select perennial grass or forb and legume plant species or a mix of annual and perennial species and their cultivars based on climatic conditions, soil condition, landscape position and resistance to disease and insects, that will provide ground cover and root mass needed to be sufficient to protect the soil from wind and water erosion.
- Recommendations for planting rates, methods, depths, and dates from land grant/research institutions, plant materials program, extension agencies, or agency field trials will be followed.
- Prepare seed bed for planting that does not restrict plant emergence or leave the site vulnerable to erosion.

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 Planting will take place when soil moisture is adequate for germination and establishment.



- Federal, state, or local noxious species will not be planted.
- Plant nutrients and/or soil amendments for establishment purposes will be applied
 according to a current soil test. Legume seed will be pre-inoculated or inoculated
 with the proper viable strain of Rhizobia immediately before planting.
- Deep-rooted, perennial species or deep-rooted perennial and annual species mix will be selected that will contribute to maintaining or increasing underground carbon storage.
- New plantings will be monitored for water stress. Depending on the severity of drought, water stress may require reducing weeds, early harvest of any companion crops, irrigating when possible, or replanting failed stands. Plantings will be protected from grazing until an adequate stand is established and meets the species specific, local standard for beginning grazing.





Documentation Implementation Requirements

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Participant will:

□ Prior to impleme	ntation, select a deep-i	rooted	PRO	GRA	M	
perennial forage establishment. <u>I</u> the desired level	species or grassland m f livestock are included of nutrition for the kind I assistance, as needed.	ixture of do in the syston and class	<u>em, f</u> orage	species	selected i	will meet
Speci	es		Forage catego	ory (grass,	egume, forb)	
•	ntation, select planting he site and climatic cor				_	ssistance,
Planting date			\			
Planting method						
Seeding rate						

If livestock are included in the system, prior to implementation a grazing plan must be
developed to keep grazing periods sufficiently short to allow for forages to recover
before re-grazing occurs and ensure adequate stubble heights remain to prevent
erosion.

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		_	g implementation, keep the following nentation:	CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP
		0	Records and photographs of planting preparation and any materials purchased or materials on hand used for the implement	PROGRAM tation of the enhancement.
		0	Documentation of seed rate basis (Pure Live amendments used for the implementation of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			ock are included in the grazing system, docum n out grazing records and stubble height residu	
			ock are included in the grazing system, during Is congregate, establish persistent species that ling.	-
			mplementation, make the forage planting and ble for review by NRCS to verify implementation	
NR	CS	will:		
	be	fore and	nplementation, use selected mixture and site in different and site	<mark>ent NRC</mark> S wind <mark>and water</mark> erosion
		As nee	eded, prior to implementation, NRCS will pr <mark>ovi</mark>	de technical assistance:
		0	Planning site preparation and establishment Conservation Practice Standard Forage and B	_
		0	Prepare specifications for applying this enhance approved specification sheets, job sheets, test statements in the conservation plan, or other	chnic <mark>al notes, and na</mark> rrative
		0	If livestock are included in the system, developeriods sufficiently short to allow for forages and maintain adequate stubble heights to pro-	to recover before re-grazing occurs

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During implementation, evaluate any planned
changes to verify they meet the enhancement
criteria



☐ After implementation, verify the planned grassland mixture was established to specifications developed for the site.

NRCS Documentation Review:

I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name	Contract Number	
Total Amount Applied	Fiscal Year Completed	
NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature	Date	

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IOWA SUPPLEMENT TO CONSERVATION

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Additional Criteria for Iowa

 For this enhancement, the following table differentiates deep rooted perennials listed in Iowa Agronomy Tech Note 34.

Deep rooted perennials			
Alfalfa	Alsike Clover		
Kura Clover	Red Clover		
Sweet Clover	Canada Wildrye		
Intermediate Wheatgrass	Meadow Brome		
Meadow Fescue	Perennial Ryegrass		
Smooth bromegrass	Tall Fescue		
Timothy	Big Bluestem		
Eastern Gamagrass	Indiangrass		
Little Bluestem	Red Top		
Sideoats Grama	Switchgrass		

Not deep rooted
Birdsfoot Trefoil
Crown Vetch
White (Ladino) Clover
Kentucky Bluegrass
Orchard grass
Reed Canary grass

For other considered species, contact Area Livestock
Specialist or ARC

- Plant nutrients and soil amendments for stand establishment will be based on a current soil test and follow lowa State University Extension Publication <u>PM869</u>, which references to use <u>PM1688</u> for soil test result categories and lime recommendations.
- Use Agronomy Tech Note 34 to develop a seeding plan documented on IA-CPA-4 or in the national enhancement participant documentation section.
- Livestock Exclusion is required until plants are well established. Refer to Prescribed
 Grazing Job Sheet Table 1 Grazing Management and exclude livestock until the seeded
 species reach the minimum vegetative growth to begin grazing.
- The seed mix for animal congregation areas should include tolerant grasses such as Tall Fescue, Smooth Brome, or Kentucky Bluegrass and tolerant legumes such as White (Ladino) Clover or Red Clover. This will be different than the seed mix for the rest of the enhancement area.

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