

San Juan County Rare Plants					
County List					
Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat	Family Name	State Status	Federal Status
<a href="#">Carex pauciflora</a>	few-flowered sedge	Sphagnum bogs, acidic peat	Cyperaceae	S	
<a href="#">Castilleja levisecta</a>	golden paintbrush	grasslands	Orobanchaceae	E	LT
<a href="#">Castilleja victoriae</a>	Victoria's paintbrush		Orobanchaceae	E	
<a href="#">Crassula connata</a>	erect pygmy-weed	coastal bluffs, wet to moist vernal pools	Crassulaceae	T	
<a href="#">Eurybia merita</a>	Arctic aster	High elevation, rock crevices	Asteraceae	S	
<a href="#">Isoetes nuttallii</a>	Nuttall's quillwort	wet ground, seepages, near vernal pools	Isoetaceae	S	
<a href="#">Lepidium oxycarpum</a>	sharpfruited peppergrass	Salt spray zone	Brassicaceae	E	
<a href="#">Liparis loeselii</a>	bog twayblade	bogs, wetlands	Orchidaceae	E	
<a href="#">Lobelia dortmanna</a>	water lobelia	aquatic	Campanulaceae	T	
<a href="#">Meconella oregana</a>	white meconella	open grassland to open forestland	Papaveraceae	T	SC
<a href="#">Microseris bigelovii</a>	coast microseris	dunes, rocks above high tide line	Asteraceae	X	
<a href="#">Ophioglossum pusillum</a>	Adder's-tongue	Bogs, fens, damp sand, pastures, wet meadows, moist woods, etc.	Ophioglossaceae	T	
<a href="#">Orthocarpus bracteosus</a>	rosy owl-clover	moist meadows	Orobanchaceae	E	
<a href="#">Oxytropis campestris var. gracilis</a>	slender crazyweed	prairies, mt meadows, gravelly flood plains, dry south facing rock outcrops	Fabaceae	S	
<a href="#">Packera macounii</a>	Siskiyou Mountain ragwort		Asteraceae	S	
<a href="#">Potamogeton obtusifolius</a>	blunt-leaf pondweed	wetlands	Potamogetonaceae	S	
<a href="#">Ranunculus californicus</a>	California buttercup	grasslands and rocky slopes on the coast	Ranunculaceae	T	
<a href="#">Sericocarpus rigidus</a>	white-top aster	grasslands	Asteraceae	S	SC
<a href="#">Symphyotrichum boreale</a>	northern bog aster	wetlands, bogs	Asteraceae	T	
<a href="#">Utricularia minor</a>	lesser bladderwort	aquatic	Lentibulariaceae	R1	

San Juan County Rare Plants					
Wetlands					
Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat	Family Name	State Status	Federal Status
<a href="#">Carex pauciflora</a>	few-flowered sedge	Sphagnum bogs, acidic peat	Cyperaceae	S	
<a href="#">Crassula connata</a>	erect pygmy-weed	coastal bluffs, wet to moist vernal pools	Crassulaceae	T	
<a href="#">Isoetes nuttallii</a>	Nuttall's quillwort	wet ground, seepages, near vernal pools	Isoetaceae	S	
<a href="#">Liparis loeselii</a>	bog twayblade	bogs, wetlands	Orchidaceae	E	
<a href="#">Lobelia dortmanna</a>	water lobelia	aquatic	Campanulaceae	T	
<a href="#">Ophioglossum pusillum</a>	Adder's-tongue	Bogs, fens, damp sand, pastures, wet meadows, moist woods, etc.	Ophioglossaceae	T	
<a href="#">Potamogeton obtusifolius</a>	blunt-leaf pondweed	wetlands	Potamogetonaceae	S	
<a href="#">Symphyotrichum boreale</a>	northern bog aster	wetlands, bogs	Asteraceae	T	
<a href="#">Utricularia minor</a>	lesser bladderwort	aquatic	Lentibulariaceae	R1	

<b>San Juan County Rare Plants</b>					
Prairies, Meadows, Forest					
<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Habitat</b>	<b>Family Name</b>	<b>State Status</b>	<b>Federal Status</b>
<a href="#">Castilleja levisecta</a>	golden paintbrush	grasslands	Orobanchaceae	E	LT
<a href="#">Meconella oregana</a>	white meconella	open grassland to open forestland	Papaveraceae	T	SC
<a href="#">Ophioglossum pusillum</a>	Adder's-tongue	Bogs, fens, damp sand, pastures, wet meadows, moist woods, etc.	Ophioglossaceae	T	
<a href="#">Orthocarpus bracteosus</a>	rosy owl-clover	moist meadows	Orobanchaceae	E	
<a href="#">Oxytropis campestris var. gracilis</a>	slender crazyweed	prairies, mt meadows, gravelly flood plains, dry south facing rock outcrops	Fabaceae	S	
<a href="#">Sericocarpus rigidus</a>	white-top aster	grasslands	Asteraceae	S	SC

San Juan County Rare Plants					
Coastal Environment					
Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat	Family Name	State Status	Federal Status
<a href="#">Crassula connata</a>	erect pygmy-weed	coastal bluffs, wet to moist vernal pools	Crassulaceae	T	
<a href="#">Lepidium oxycarpum</a>	sharpfruited peppergrass	Salt spray zone	Brassicaceae	E	
<a href="#">Microseris bigelovii</a>	coast microseris	dunes, rocks above high tide line	Asteraceae	X	
<a href="#">Ranunculus californicus</a>	California buttercup	grasslands and rocky slopes on the coast	Ranunculaceae	T	

San Juan County Rare Plants					
Rocky					
Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat	Family Name	State Status	Federal Status
<a href="#">Eurybia merita</a>	Arctic aster	High elevation, rock crevices	Asteraceae	S	
<a href="#">Oxytropis campestris var. gracilis</a>	slender crazyweed	prairies, mt meadows, gravelly flood plains, dry south facing rock outcrops	Fabaceae	S	
<a href="#">Ranunculus californicus</a>	California buttercup	grasslands and rocky slopes on the coast	Ranunculaceae	T	

## Rare Plant Status Codes

### State Status

State Status of plant species is determined by the Washington Natural Heritage Program.

Factors considered include abundance, occurrence patterns, vulnerability, threats, existing protection, and taxonomic distinctness.

E = Endangered. In danger of becoming extinct or extirpated from Washington.

T = Threatened. Likely to become endangered within the near future in WA if the factors contributing to pop decline or habitat loss continue.

S = Sensitive. Vulnerable or declining and could become endangered or threatened in the state without active management or removal of threats

X = Possibly extinct or Extirpated. Documented to have previously occurred within WA, but no longer thought to be present here.

P1 = Priority 1. Rare nonvascular plant but with insufficient information to assign another rank.

P2 = Priority 2. Nonvascular plant of concern but with insufficient information to assign another rank.

R1 = Review group 1. Of potential concern but needs more field work to assign another rank.

R2 = Review group 2. Of potential concern but with unresolved taxonomic questions.

W = Watch. Species that are more abundant and/or less threatened in WA than previously thought, no longer a focus of conservation efforts.

### Federal Status

Federal Status under the U.S. Endangered Species Act (USESA) as published in the Federal Register.

For complete definitions see <http://www.fws.gov/endangered/laws-policies/section-3.html>

LE = Listed Endangered. The plant is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

LT = Listed Threatened. The plant is likely to become endangered within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

PE = Proposed Endangered. A plant that is proposed to be listed as endangered and is undergoing a review process.

PT = Proposed Threatened. A plant that is proposed to be listed as threatened and is undergoing a review process.

C = Candidate species. A plant for which FWS or NOAA Fisheries has on file sufficient information on biological vulnerability and threats to support a proposal to list as endangered or threatened.

SC = Species of Concern. An informal term referring to a species that might be in need of conservation action. Such species receive no legal protection and use of the term does not necessarily imply that a species will eventually be proposed for listing.

NL = Not listed. Used when two portions of a taxon have different federal status.

Washington Natural Heritage Program

[www.dnr.wa.gov/ResearchScience/Topics/NaturalHeritage/Pages/amp\\_nh.aspx](http://www.dnr.wa.gov/ResearchScience/Topics/NaturalHeritage/Pages/amp_nh.aspx)

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