

## THORNSCRUB

Plant Materials for Hardwood Regeneration	Artificial Planting	Flooding Tolerance	Shading Tolerance	Ph Range	Wildlife	Windrows	Riparian	Common Sites
Amargosa ( <i>Castela texana</i> )		I	M	w.r.	F-G			nectar, fruits, browse,
Anachuita ( <i>Cordia boissieri</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	G	x		uplands, fruit relished by birds and wildlife
Anaqua ( <i>Ehretia anacua</i> )	x	I	I-M	5.5-7.5	E	x	x	uplands, fruit relished by birds and wildlife and edible by humans
Barbados cherry ( <i>Malpighia glabra</i> )		I	M	5.5-7.0	F-G			well drained soils, edible fruits
Berlandier's wolfberry ( <i>Lycium berlandieri</i> )	x	I	M	> 6.5	G			alkaline soils, browse -fruits, medicinal
Blackbrush ( <i>Acacia rigidula</i> )		I	M	w.r.	G			Adaptable to soils, good pollinator
Brasil ( <i>Condalia hookeri</i> )	x	I	M	w.r.	G	x		Edible fruit, also favored by wildlife
Blue mistflower ( <i>Eupatorium azureum</i> )	x	I	I-M	w.r.	F			nectar source
Brush holly ( <i>Xylosma flexuosa</i> )		I	M	w.r.	F	x		good shrub plant, birds and small mammals eat the fruit
Catclaw acacia ( <i>Acacia greggii</i> )		I	I	W.R.	F			uplands, good shelter and food for wildlife, cattle will graze leaves
Cenizo ( <i>Leucophyllum frutescens</i> )		I	I	w.r.	F			gravelly ridges, likes well-drained alkaline soils
Chilipiquin ( <i>Capsicum annuum</i> )	x	I-M	M		F-G			riparian woodlands
Colima ( <i>Zanthoxylum fagara</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	G			browse, nectar, edible fruit, leaves host larva of many butterflies
Coma ( <i>Bumelia celastrina</i> )	x	I	I-M	w.r.	G			uplands, very high heat tolerance, berries eaten by birds & mammals
Coyotillo ( <i>Karwinskia humboldtiana</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	E			good nectar, seeds and leaves toxic to humans and livestock
Crucillo ( <i>Randia echinocarpa</i> )	x							not much info
Crucita ( <i>Eupatorium odoratum</i> )	x	I	I-M	w.r.	E			super nectar, competes aggressively with native herbs and grasses
Desert yaupon ( <i>Schaefferia cuneifolia</i> )		I	I		G			good quail food and habitat
Elbobush ( <i>forestiera angustifolia</i> )		I	I	w.r.	F			likes sunny dry sites, windy sites, tolerates saline soils, good wildlife plant
Fiddlewood ( <i>Citharexylum berlandieri</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	E	x		good nectar, attracts butterflies and bees, fruit eaten by birds and mammals
Granjeno ( <i>Celtis pallida</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	G			Spiny hackberry, browse & edible berries, not tolerant to salt
Guajillo ( <i>Acacia berlandieri</i> )		I	I	w.r.	E			super nectar tree, leaves toxic to livestock
Hachinal ( <i>Heimia salicifolia</i> )		I-M	M		P-F		x	riverbanks, pothole margins
Hogplum ( <i>Colubrina texensis</i> )		I	I	w.r.	G			likes poor soils, drought tolerant, fruit favored by birds and wildlife
Leatherleaf ( <i>Maytenus texana</i> )		I	I	w.r.	F			forms thickets, evergreen shrub, grows around coastal prairies, saline soils
Lotebush ( <i>Ziziphus obtusifolia</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	F-G			edible fruit, loafing cover
Mesquite ( <i>Prosopis glandulosa</i> )		I	I	w.r.	F-G			pollinated by bees, extensive roots
Mexican persimmon ( <i>diospyros texana</i> )	x	WT	I	w.r.	E	x	x	well drained bottomlands to uplands, edible fruit
Mexican trixix ( <i>Trixis inula</i> )		I	M		G			well drained clay loams
Prickly pear ( <i>Opuntia lindheimeri</i> )		I	I-M	w.r.	G			nectar, wide range of habitats, edible fruit remove thorns, jellies

Skeleton bush ( <i>Viguiera stenoloba</i> )		I	I	w.r.	G			Chaparral openings, deer, nectar
Snake-eyes ( <i>Phaulothamnus spinescens</i> )		I	I-M	>6.5	F			tolerates alkaline soils, deer browse the leaves, good cover for birds
Tenaza ( <i>pithecellobium pallens</i> )	x	I	I-M		F	x		well drained loamy soils, fast growth, evergreen
Tepeguaje ( <i>Leucaena pulverulenta</i> )		I-M	I	> 7	F		x	alkaline soils, heat tolerance high, potential energy source
Texas babybonnet ( <i>corsetia axillaris</i> )		I	I-M					Wide range of soils, tolerates saline soils, very high heat tolerance
Texas ebony ( <i>Pithecellobium flexicaule</i> )	x	I	I	w.r.	F			prefers well drained, alkaline soils, edible seeds
Texas kidneywood ( <i>Eysenhardtia texana</i> )		I	I-M		G			browse and fruit, well drained soils
Texas lantana ( <i>Lanatana horrida</i> )		I	I	w.r.	E			good nectar, all parts of plant are poisonous if ingested
Texas torchwood ( <i>amyris texana</i> )		I-M	I-M	w.r.	F			nectar, fruits, burns easily, very high heat tolerance
thyrus dalea ( <i>Dalea thyriflora</i> )								useful by butterflies, bees
Twisted acacia ( <i>Acacia schaffneri</i> )		I	I	w.r.	F			browse, loafing cover
Turks cap ( <i>Malvaviscu drummondii</i> )	x	M	M-T	w.r.	G			widely used ornamental, good nectar
Whitebrush ( <i>aloyisia gratissima</i> )		I	I-M	w.r.	F			<b>toxic to horses, mules, burros</b>
Wright's acacia ( <i>Acacia wrightii</i> )	x	I	I	5.5-7.8	F	x		uplands, high heat tolerance, low water requirements, used to make honey

**\* Flooding Tolerance:**

I- Intolerant of flooding

WT- Able to tolerate saturated or flooded soils for short periods (weakly tolerant)

MT- Able to tolerate saturated or flooded soils for several months, but mortality is high if flooding persists during the growing season (moderately tolerant)

T- Able to tolerate saturated or flooded soils for long periods during the growing season

**\*\* Shading Tolerance:**

I- Intolerant of shading

M- Moderately tolerant of shading

T- Tolerant of shading

VT- Very tolerant of shading

**Wildlife Food Source**

E-Excellent

G-Good

F-Fair

**WRP, Windrows, Riparian**

x = suited for that use