Montana’s rivers and streams need ROOM TO ROAM

Your future depends on clean water.

Enjoyment of your new Montana home depends on the future health of Montana’s fish, wildlife, and natural areas.

Montana’s fastest growth is in rural places near rivers, lakes, and forests.

Today, people like you want to live near water, and areas nearest to Montana’s rivers, streams, and lakes are among the most popular rural development sites in Montana.

Rivers, streams, and wetlands makeup less than five percent of Montana’s landscape, yet contain 75 percent of the state’s plant and animal diversity.

Most agree that’s worth protecting.

It makes sense to protect the natural values that you want to enjoy as you consider your new home site.

Stream set backs offer you an intelligent solution that protects your water, your privacy, your budget, and the natural landscapes that harbor the fish and wildlife everyone enjoys.

Visit www.water.montana.edu/setback to discover how stream setbacks can improve your quality of life.

Produced by the Governor’s Task Force for Riparian Protection

Protecting Your Natural Environment:
A New Home Builder’s Guide to Responsible Development near Rivers, Streams and Wetlands

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Stream setbacks bring Montana’s future into focus. When you build your new home, remember:

- your comfort and well-being depend on clean water.
- your enjoyment depends on maintaining a natural environment.
- your outdoor lifestyle depends on access to wild fish populations, abundant wildlife, and the recreational activities that define the Montana experience.

A well-designed stream setback:

- provides a natural area between the stream and your home and buildings.
- reduces the risk of losing your investment to flooding and erosion.
- increases your property value.
- filters pollutants that can harm fish, wildlife, and water quality.

Setbacks reduce flooding
Stream setbacks reduce property damage and downstream flooding because streams overflow onto their natural floodplains.

Setbacks reduce pollution
Vegetation within stream setbacks filters and traps pollutants, and helps to maintain Montana’s water quality.

Setbacks reduce stream bank erosion
Vegetated stream setbacks protect against erosion by slowing runoff and stabilizing stream banks.

Setbacks protect fish and wildlife habitats
Stream setbacks provide habitats for Montana’s fish and wildlife. Setbacks protect fish and wildlife cover and provide shade that cools the water.

Setbacks provide economic benefits
Stream setbacks increase property values and provide economic benefits by reducing the need to combat flooding, repair eroding stream banks, and replace damaged property.

Setbacks provide recreation benefits and privacy
Montana’s stream access law offers everyone the ability to enjoy Montana’s waterways. Stream setbacks provide homeowners privacy from anglers and floaters while protecting our traditional relationship with Montana’s natural resources that makes Montana such an attractive place to live, work, visit, and play.

What can you do?
Remember, stream setbacks provide you with personal assets that are economical, efficient, and sustainable.

- Build on higher ground, outside of the floodplain, and back from streams and wetlands.
- Leave streamsides and wetland areas intact.
- Never dig, cut native vegetation, or build within 300 feet of streamside or wetland areas.
- Storm water rapidly runs off hard surfaces, so keep things like driveways, concrete patios, and rooftops to a minimum and direct runoff away from riparian and wetland areas.
- Install septic systems outside riparian areas and the flood plain.
- Join your local watershed group or contact Montana’s Watershed Coordination Council.
- Don’t apply fertilizers, pesticides, or herbicides near a stream, lake, or wetland.
- Ask your county commissioners to adopt rules and regulations that preserve, protect and restore streamside areas.
- Provide stream setback education and outreach programs and materials to your neighbors, your builder, your real estate agent, and others.
- If you already live near a stream or river, consider improving your property with native landscaping to provide a buffer between your home and the stream.

Montana watershed groups
Montana Watershed Coordination Council
http://water.montana.edu/watersheds

Watershed protection and restoration
Center for Watershed Protection
http://www.cwp.org

State laws, rules, and regulations
Montana Department of Environmental Quality
http://www.deq.state.mt.us/wqinfo

Streamside and wetland information
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
http://www.epa.gov/owow/nps

Information, resources, and education
The Montana Watercourse
http://www.mtwatercourse.org