

Water Quality Enhancement Activity – WQL05 – Apply nutrients no more than 30 days prior to planned planting date



Enhancement Description

This enhancement is for applying nutrients from fertilizer, manures and/or compost no more than 30 days prior to the planned planting date of the crop.

Land Use Applicability

Cropland

Benefits

Nutrient application timing is critical in order for nutrients to be available during critical crop growth stages and to meet crop yield goals.

Nutrients that are land applied in excess of 30 days prior to the planned crop planting date are potentially lost to the environment causing water quality concerns and potential soil emissions of nitrous oxide, a potent greenhouse gas.

Conditions Where Enhancement Applies

This enhancement applies to only annually planted crop land use acres.

Criteria

Implementation of this enhancement requires:

1. Fertilizer, manure or any other organic by-products, regardless of form or application method must be applied no more than 30 days prior to the planned crop planting date, or after crop planting.
 - Utilized incorporation or injection where recommended by the Land Grant University (LGU)
2. The producer must have a current soil test (no more than 3 years old).
3. Nutrient application rates must be within the LGU recommendations based on soil testing and established yield goals and considering all nutrient sources.
4. Soil surface disturbance must be minimized by nutrient applications to stay within the site’s residue management goals.

Adoption Requirements

This enhancement is considered adopted when all four criteria above have been met on the land use acre.



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2012 Ranking Period 1

Documentation Requirements

For each year of this enhancement, provide documentation of the following:

1. A map showing the treated acres,
2. Target (planned) crop,
3. Planned planting date,
4. Actual planting date and crop planted,
5. Soil test results,
6. Manure analysis results (where appropriate),
7. Crop yields (both yield goals and measured yield), and
8. Nutrient application rates/amounts and application dates for each treatment area.

Note: In lieu of documenting each individual item listed in the Documentation Requirements, a Certified Crop Advisor plan that contains each of the items may be substituted.

References

Follett, R.F. 2001. Nitrogen Transformation and Transport Processes. pp. 17-44, In R.F. Follett and J. Hatfield. (eds.). 2001. Nitrogen in the Environment; Sources, Problems, and Solutions. Elsevier Science Publishers. The Netherlands. 520 pp.

Stevenson, F.J. (ed.) 1982. Nitrogen in Agricultural Soils. Agron. Series 22. ASA, CSSA, and SSSA, Madison, WI.



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Additional guidance:

This enhancement applies to spring-seeded crops ONLY. The method of application used should minimize the potential for off-site transport.

Idaho requires soil testing in accordance with the Idaho Nutrient Management Practice Standard (590). Annual soil tests are required.

The closer the fertilizer application is made to the time of crop uptake, the less risk of loss to the air, groundwater, or to surface waters via runoff. Timing fertilization with peak nutrient uptake demand is essential for optimizing both yield and quality. In general, nutrient uptake rates are highest from early to mid-growing season, which is why fertilization near the time of seeding is generally very effective. Spring N applications have been found to be 5-10% more efficient than fall applications on fine to medium textured soils, and 10-30% more efficient on coarse soils, due to losses such as leaching. P should be applied immediately before or at planting due to its immobility in soil. Topdressing of P is not expected to affect crop yield because the P would likely become bound near the soil surface and not migrate to the actively growing root system.

For additional information on fertilizer timing, refer to:

Montana State University Extension, *Nutrient Management Module 11- Fertilizer Placement and Timing*.

<http://landresources.montana.edu/nm/Modules/NM11layout.pdf>

**This activity may NOT be used with the following enhancements:
ANM07, ANM12, ANM23, ANM32, PLT15, PLT18**

**Potential Duplicate Practices:
590 – Nutrient Management (all levels)**