

Manually Entering Points – Math Aversion Version

The following instructions will guide you through manually entering points. SurvCADD modules are displayed as {**COGO-Design**}, main menus are displayed as [**Points**], and submenus and menu commands are displayed as <**Edit Points**>.

- 1) Open SurvCADD, create and setup a new drawing. Save Drawing.
- 2) Create a CRD file: {**any SurvCADD Module**} → [**Points**] → <**Set CoorDinate File**>
 - a. Under the “**NEW**” Tab, save a CRD file in the same location as the drawing files.
- 3) Create a raw file: {**COGO – Design**} → [**COGO**] → <**Raw File On/Off**>
 - a. Click <**New**>
 - b. Save the .rw5 file in the same location as your drawing.
- 4) Inspect Point Defaults: [**Points**] → <**Point Defaults**>
 - a. Check the following features are checked:
 - i. Descriptions
 - ii. Elevations
 - iii. Locate on Real Z Axis
 - iv. Instrument and Rod Height
 - v. SPT10 is the symbol name
 - b. Check to make sure Automatic Points Numbers is unchecked
 - c. Click <**OK**> to exit point defaults
- 5) Draw your first station: [**Points**] → <**Draw-Locate Points**>
 - a. Set the **decimal places** to two (0.00)
 - b. Click <**Enter and Assign**>
 - c. Enter the following as it is asked for on the command line:
 - i. North (y): “**5000**”
 - ii. East (x): “**5000**”
 - iii. Point Elevation: **0.0**
 - iv. Point Description: “**STA**”
 - v. Point Number: “**1**”
 - d. Press “**Enter**” or “**Esc**” to clear command after point creation
- 6) Zoom to the new point with zoom extents: “**z**” then “**e**”

- 7) Calculate the elevation of the station point based on the backsight elevation:
{COGO – Design} → [COGO] → <Benchmark>
- 8) Enter the following data in the Benchmark dialog window
 - a. Target Data:
 - i. Enter the **Rod Height** from survey notes
 - ii. Enter the **TBM/BM Elevation** (typically an assumed value)
 - b. Occupy Data:
 - i. Enter the **Instrument Height** from survey notes
 - ii. Enter the “*Occupied Point #*”: **1**
 - c. Measurement Data:
 - i. Enter the **Zenith Angle** from survey notes
 - ii. Enter the **Slope Distance** from survey notes
 - d. Make sure the calculation is set to “**Elevation**”
 - e. Check “**Store Elev to Occupied Pt**” to update the CRD file
- 9) Click “**Calculate**” when all the above information is entered. The station elevation should change to the proper elevation.
- 10) Click “**OK**” when done.
- 11) Draw the backsight point: **[COGO] → <Locate by Bearing-Ang> → <by Azimuth>**
- 12) Type in the occupied point in the command line: “**1**”
- 13) Enter in the following data for your backsight:
 - a. Azimuth: (typically **0.0000** or horizontal angle from north, note angles are in the form **ddd.mmss**)
 - b. Slope distance: **measurement**
 - c. Vertical angle type: “**2**” (1=0 degrees level, 2=90 degrees level, 3=Elev. Difference)
 - d. Zenith (vertical) angle: **measurement** or Elevation Difference: **measurement**
 - e. Instrument Height: **measurement**
 - f. Rod Height: **measurement**
 - g. Point Description: “**TBM**”
 - h. Point Number: “**100**”
- 14) Zoom to show both points with zoom extents: “**z**” then “**e**”
- 15) Occupy the station point: **[COGO] → <Occupy Point>**
 - a. Enter the occupied/station point: “**1**”
 - b. Press “**Enter**” for Point Number Backsight Method
 - c. Enter the backsight point: “**100**”
- 16) Enter your first side shot: **[COGO] → <Side Shots>**
- 17) Enter the following information for the point:

- a. Angle-Bearing Code: “7” (7=angle turned to the right, see bottom of next sheet for all angle bearing codes)
 - b. Horizontal Angle: **measurement**
 - c. Slope Distance: **measurement**
 - d. Zenith/Vertical Angle: **measurement** or Elevation Difference: measurement
 - e. Instrument Height: press “**Enter**”, same as backsight height
 - f. Rod Height: press “**Enter**” if not changed from backsight height
 - g. Point Description:
 - h. Point Number: press “**Enter**” for 101 or type in
- 18) Repeat step 14 until all points are completed. If you find an error before all point information entered (up to point number), hit “**Esc**” and repeat from step 13. If the error is noticed after point is drawn, do the following:
- 19) Clear out of all current commands: “**Esc**”
- 20) Erase the point: [**Points**] → <**Erase Points**>
- a. Type “**S**” to select with mouse or “**N**” to type in point number
 - b. Select points or type in point numbers depending on last step
 - c. Press “**Enter**” when done selecting
 - d. Type “**Y**” then “**Enter**” to delete from coordinate file
 - e. Type “**Y**” then “**Enter**” to delete from confirm delete
- 21) Continue entering points starting at step 16

Angle-Bearing Codes define the angle or bearing type. Codes are as follows:

- 1 is North-East quadrant
- 2 is South-East quadrant
- 3 is South-West quadrant
- 4 is North-West quadrant
- 5 is a north based azimuth
- 6 is an angle turned to the left
- 7 is an angle turned to the right
- 8 is a deflection angle left
- 9 is a deflection angle right