

FY 2010 NH-NRCS WETLAND RESERVE PROGRAM GARCs

To estimate your GARC value:

Step 1: Determine your parcel size (<15 acres or >15 acres)

Step 2: Determine your town's community tier (see page 2)

Step 3: Determine your parcel's physical characteristics (see page 3)

Step 4: Multiply the Value/Acre (in red) with your parcel size. This is your estimated GARC.

*Example: A 100 acre parcel in Acworth (Community Tier III) with High Physical Characteristics would yield an estimated GARC of \$133,000 (**\$1,330** x 100 acres).*

COUNTY	WRP GARC PARCELS < 15 ACRES			WRP GARC PARCELS > 15 ACRES		
	Community Tier	Physical Characteristics	Value/Acre	Community Tier	Physical Characteristics	Value/Acre
Sullivan	I	Subdivision	\$5,940	I	Subdivision	\$1,881
		High	\$5,400		High	\$1,710
		Moderate	\$2,700		Moderate	\$855
		Limited	\$1,080		Limited	\$342
		Restricted	\$270		Restricted	\$86
	II	Subdivision	\$5,280	II	Subdivision	\$1,672
		High	\$4,800		High	\$1,520
		Moderate	\$2,400		Moderate	\$760
		Limited	\$960		Limited	\$304
		Restricted	\$240		Restricted	\$76
	III	Subdivision	\$4,620	III	Subdivision	\$1,463
		High	\$4,200		High	\$1,330
		Moderate	\$2,100		Moderate	\$665
		Limited	\$840		Limited	\$266
		Restricted	\$210		Restricted	\$67
	IV	Subdivision	\$3,960	IV	Subdivision	\$1,254
		High	\$3,600		High	\$1,140
		Moderate	\$1,800		Moderate	\$570
		Limited	\$720		Limited	\$228
		Restricted	\$180		Restricted	\$57

Sullivan Community Tiers

Tier I Communities (average residential values > \$300,000)

Tier II Communities (average residential values \$200,000-\$300,000)

Tier III Communities (average residential values \$100,000-\$200,000)

Tier IV Communities (average residential values < \$100,000)

Tier I Communities

Grantham

Sunapee

Tier II Communities

Cornish

Plainfield

Springfield

Washington

Tier III Communities

Acworth

Croydon

Goshen

Langdon

Lempster

Newport

Unity

Tier IV Communities

Charlestown

Claremont

Parcel Physical Characteristics

I: Approved Subdivisions:

- 1) The parcel has a town-approved subdivision on record containing 3 or more subdivided lots.

II: Parcels with High Development Potential:

- 1) Greater than 35% of the soils are moderately well drained (or better) with average slopes of less than 20%, and the map unit areas and locations of these soils within the parcel facilitate a high potential for development (Example: Upland soils are located directly on town maintained road frontage).
- 2) The parcel contains adequate frontage on a Class V (or better) road, or is accessible by proven rights of way, and is free of any encumbrances, such that it is economically feasible and legal (meets the subdivision requirements of the given municipality) at this time for the parcel to be developed for commercial, industrial, or residential use.

III: Parcels with Moderate Development Potential:

- 1) Between 10% and 34% of the soils are moderately well drained (or better) with average slopes of less than 20%, and the map unit area and location of these soils within the parcel facilitates a moderate potential for development. Example: Parcel contains adequate road frontage but uplands are located in the back of the parcel and wetlands must be crossed to access them.
- 2) The parcel contains adequate frontage on a Class V (or better) road, or is accessible by proven rights of way, and is free of encumbrances, such that it is economically feasible and legal (meets the subdivision requirements of the given municipality) at this time for the parcel to be developed for commercial, industrial, or residential use.

IV: Parcels with Low Development Potential:

- 1) Less than 10% of the soils are moderately well drained (or better) with average slopes of less than 20%, and the map unit area and location of suitable soils within the parcel facilitates limited potential for development. Example: Parcel contains limited upland soils and significant restrictions such as wetlands, ledge, etc. must be overcome to access developable soils.
- 2) The parcel contains adequate frontage on a Class V (or better) road, or is accessible by proven rights of way, and is free of encumbrances, such that it is economically feasible and legal (meets the subdivision requirements of the given municipality) at this time for the parcel to be developed for commercial, industrial, or residential use.

V: Restricted Parcels:

- 1) None of the soils are moderately well drained (or better) with average slopes of less than 20%, and the map unit areas and locations within the parcel facilitate no potential for development (Example: Parcel contains some developable soils but they are inaccessible).
- 2) The parcel does not contain adequate frontage on a Class V (or better) road, is not accessible by proven rights of way, or is not free of encumbrances (Example: Deed language stipulates the land must be maintained as a wildlife refuge), such that it is not economically feasible and legal (does not meet the subdivision requirements of the given municipality) at this time for the parcel to be developed for commercial, industrial, or residential use.

VI: Special Consideration:

- 1) If a landowner has an eligible application to multiple NH-NRCS Easement Programs, the parcel may qualify under the highest physical characteristics category of the total acreage.