Boulders of ice and wreckage plowed into the community of Eagle.

After the water receded from the ice-jam flooded Yukon River, the community of Eagle was devastated and covered in automobile-sized chunks of ice. The wreckage and debris were sewage laden and fuel saturated. No landfill site was available within a reasonable distance. The Natural Resources Conservation Service resourcefully solved this problem of hazardous debris and no landfill by assisting with the purchase of an incinerator to safely burn material on-site. Alaska was the first state within NRCS to use incinerators in this capacity.

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