Effects of NRCS Conservation Practices - National

Subsurface Drain

A conduit installed beneath the ground surface to collect and/or convey excess water.

Code: 606 Units: ft.

Typical Landuse: c f R

		I ypical Landuse: C F R P Pr FS D O AL
<u>Soil Erosion</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Rationale
Soil Erosion - Sheet and Rill Erosion	4	Reducing soil profile saturation increases infiltration by improving drainage and therefore decreases water runoff.
Soil Erosion - Wind Erosion	-1	Improving drainage may increase surface soil drying.
Soil Erosion - Ephemeral Gully Erosion	4	Reducing soil profile saturation increases infiltration by improving drainage and therefore decreases water runoff.
Soil Erosion - Classic Gully Erosion	1	Interception water and reduction of seeps that can cause gully formation.
Soil Erosion - Streambank, Shoreline, Water Conveyance C	1	Interception water and reduction of seeps that can cause streambank instability.
Soil Quality Degradation Organic Matter Depletion	-2	Reducing water table increases oxidation of organic matter
Compaction	2	Soils have less risk of compaction when they are dryer.
Subsidence	-2	Lowering of water table allows the oxidation of organic matter.
Concentration of Salts or Other Chemicals	2	The leached salts may be removed from the soil through drainage.
Excess Water		
Excess Water - Seeps	4	Interception of excessive seepage through drainage.
Excess Water - Runoff, Flooding, or Ponding	4	Removal of excessive surface water through drainage will reduce flooding and ponding.
Excess Water - Seasonal High Water Table	4	Control of water table - subsurface water is collected and conveyed to a proper outlet.
Excess Water - Drifted Snow	0	Not Applicable
<u>Insufficient Water</u> Insufficient Water - Inefficient Use of Irrigation Water	2	Drains can collect water for beneficial use or reuse and improved soil, water air relationship.
Insufficient Water - Inefficient Moisture Management	1	Drains can collect water for beneficial use or reuse and improved soil, water air relationship.
Water Quality Degradation		
Pesticides in Surface Water	2	The action decreases runoff and promotes aerobic degradation of pesticide residues. Avoid direct outlet to surface water.
Pesticides in Groundwater	2	The action decreases deep percolation and promotes aerobic degradation of pesticide residues.
Nutrients in Surface water	-2	Collecting and releasing nutrient laden water removed from fields to receiving surface waters.
Nutrients in Groundwater	1	The action collects and removes water and soluble nutrients from the site.
Salts in Surface Water	-2	Percolating water picks up salts that are then collected in tile lines and outletted to surface waters.
Salts in Groundwater	2	Leaching of saline and sodic soils will be intercepted before salinity reaches groundwater.
Excess Pathogens and Chemicals from Manure, Bio-solic	0	Limited decrease due to decreased runoff, but any infiltrating water with pathogens will be concentrated in tile lines
Excess Pathogens and Chemicals from Manure, Bio-solic	1	Pathogens leached from the soil will be intercepted before reaching groundwater.

Excessive Sediment in Surface Water	2	Runoff and resulting erosion will be decreased
Elevated Water Temperature	0	Not Applicable
Petroleum, Heavy Metals and Other Pollutants Transporte	0	The action reduces runoff and increases infiltration. Percolating water picks up metals that are then collected in tile lines.
Petroleum, Heavy Metals and Other Pollutants Transporte	1	Heavy metals leached from the soil will be intercepted before reaching groundwater.
Air Ovelite Immede		
<u>Air Quality Impacts</u> Emissions of Particulate Matter (PM) and PM Precursors	0	Not Applicable
Emissions of Farticulate Matter (Fin) and Fin Freedisors	O	Not Applicable
Emissions of Ozone Precursors	0	Not Applicable
Emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs)	0	Not Applicable
Objectionable Odors	0	Not Applicable
Degraded Plant Condition		
Undesirable Plant Productivity and Health	2	Improved drainage enhances growing environment for non-hydrophytes. If hydrophytes are desired, drainage will increase the problem.
Inadequate Structure and Composition	0	Not Applicable
Excessive Plant Pest Pressure	0	Not Applicable
Wildfire Hazard, Excessive Biomass Accumulation	0	Not Applicable
Eich and Wildlife Inadequate Habitat		
<u>Fish and Wildlife - Inadequate Habitat</u> Inadequate Habitat - Food	0	Increase or decrease in food supply depends on plant species on the site due to soil moisture/plant relationships.
Inadequate Habitat - Cover/Shelter	0	Increase or decrease in cover/shelter depends on plant species on the site due to soil moisture/plant relationships.
Inadequate Habitat - Water	4	The action will increase available wet habitat for some species and decrease it for others.
Inadequate Habitat - Habitat Continuity (Space)	0	Not Applicable
Livestock Production Limitation		
Inadequate Feed and Forage	4	Quantity and quality of forage species will be improved if drainage is installed to enhance their production.
Inadequate Shelter	0	Not Applicable
Inadequate Water	0	Not Applicable
Inefficient Energy Use		
Equipment and Facilities	0	Not Applicable
Farming/Ranching Practices and Field Operations	0	Not Applicable

CPPE Practice Effects:	0 No Effect
5 Substantial Improvement	-1 Slight Worsening
4 Moderate to Substantial Improvement	-2 Slight to Moderate Worsening
3 Moderate Improvement	-3 Moderate Worsening
2 Slight to Moderate Improvement	-4 Moderate to Substantial Worsening

1 Slight Improvement

-5 Substantial Worsening