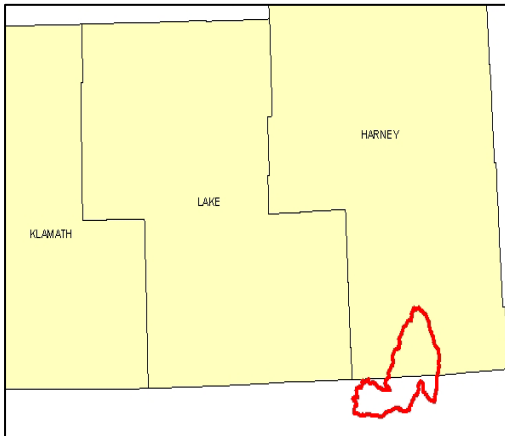


Introduction



The Oregon part of the Thousand/Virgin 8-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) subbasin is comprised of 173,000 acres (virtually all public land) in Harney County. Ninety-nine percent is shrubland and rangeland. Resource concerns include invasive, noxious weeds; sheet and rill erosion; and declining fish, wildlife, and domestic animal habitat.

Census data report only two privately owned ranches in the subbasin.

The NRCS Hines Service Center and Harney Soil and Water Conservation District provide conservation assistance in the subbasin.

Profile Contents

[Introduction](#)

[Physical Description](#)

[Land Use Map & Precipitation Map](#)

[Common Resource Area](#)

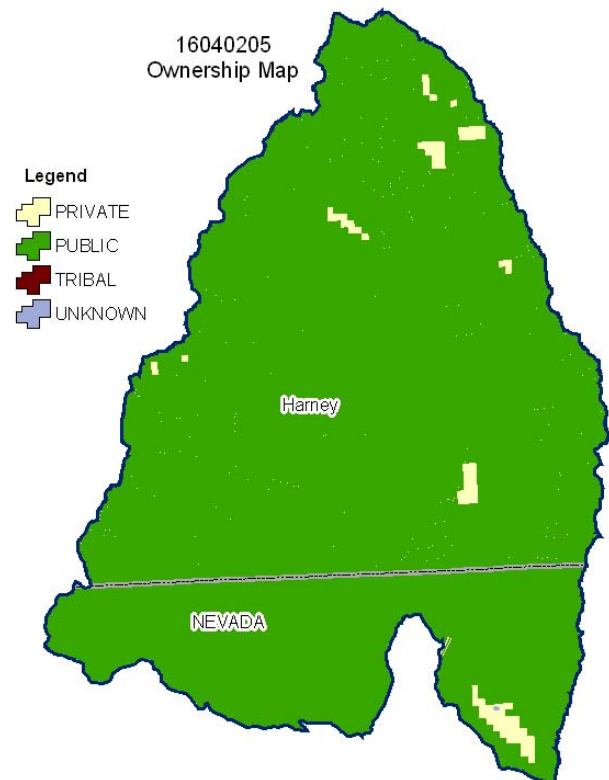
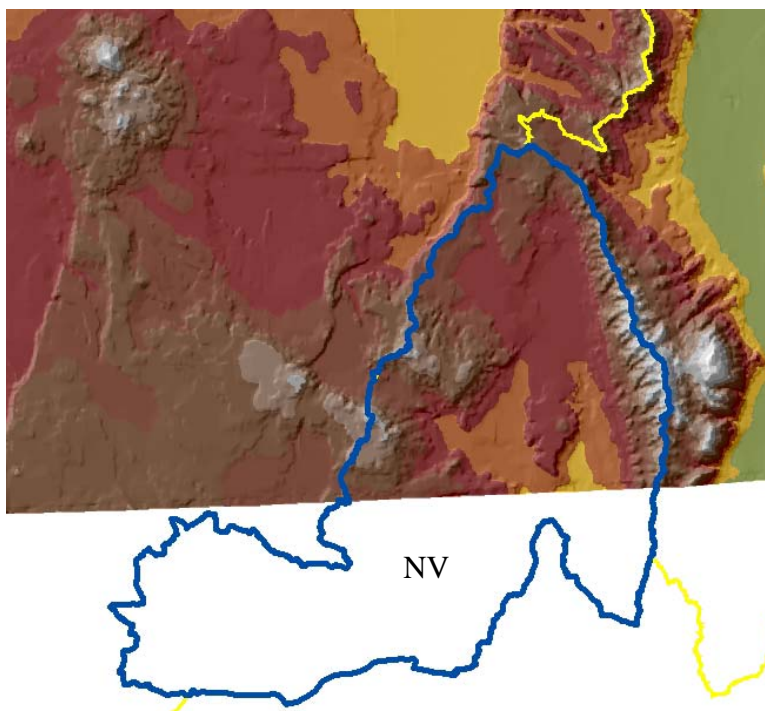
[Resource Concerns](#)

[Census and Social Data](#)

[Progress/Status](#)

[Footnotes/Bibliography](#)

Relief Map



Physical Description

[Back to Contents](#)

ALL NUMBERS IN THIS PROFILE ARE FOR OREGON ONLY

Land Cover/Land Use (NLCD ^{1/2})	Ownership - (2003 Draft BLM Surface Map Set ¹)							
	Public		Private		Tribal		Totals	%
	Acres	%	Acres	%	Acres	%		
Forest	*	---	*	---	0	0%	*	---
Grain Crops	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Conservation Reserve Program Land ^a	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Grass/Pasture/Hay	6,500	4%	*	---	0	0%	6,800	4%
Orchards/Vineyards	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Row Crops	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Shrub/Rangelands	162,700	94%	*	---	0	0%	164,600	95%
Water/Wetlands/Developed/Barren	*	---	*	---	0	0%	*	---
Oregon HUC Totals ^b	171,000	99%	*	---	0	0%	173,200	100%

*: Less than 1 percent of total acres. See below for special considerations.
a: Estimate from Farm Service Agency records and includes CRP/CREP.
b: Totals are approximate due to rounding and small unknown acreages.

Special Considerations for This 8-Digit HUC:

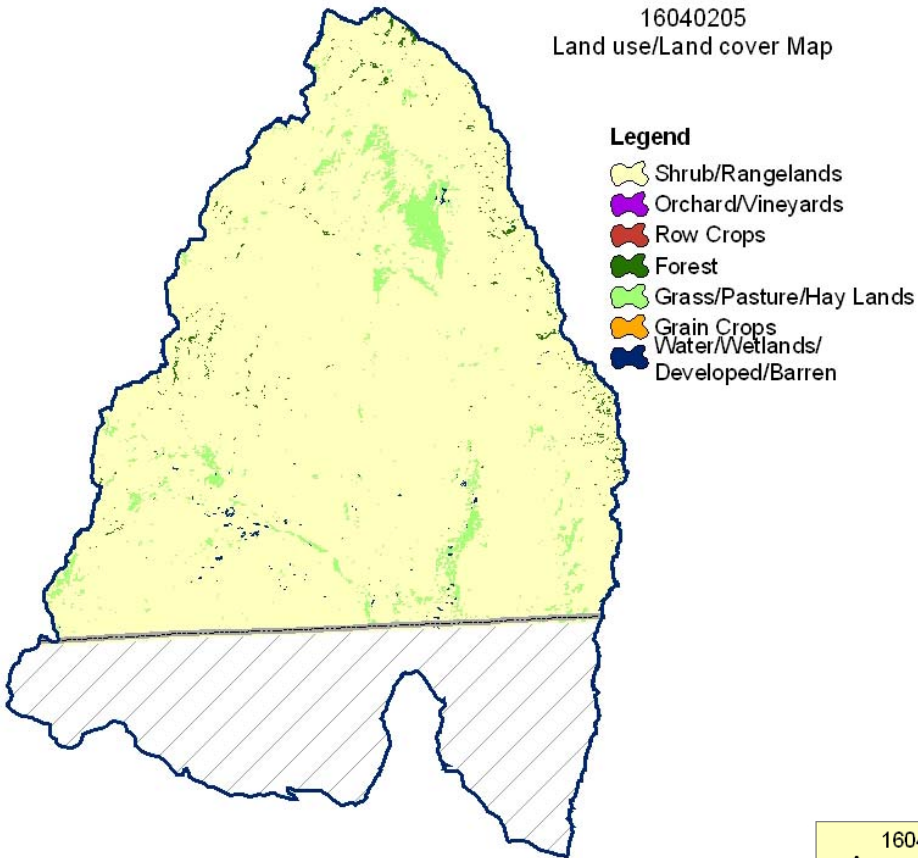
- Small areas of privately owned forestland, rangeland, and irrigated pasture are used for livestock grazing.

Irrigated Lands (1997 NRI ³ Estimates for Non-Federal Lands Only)	Type of Land	ACRES	% of Irrigated Lands	% of HUC
	Cultivated Cropland	0	0%	0%
	Uncultivated Cropland	0	0%	0%
	Pastureland	0	0%	0%
	Total Irrigated Lands	0	0%	0%

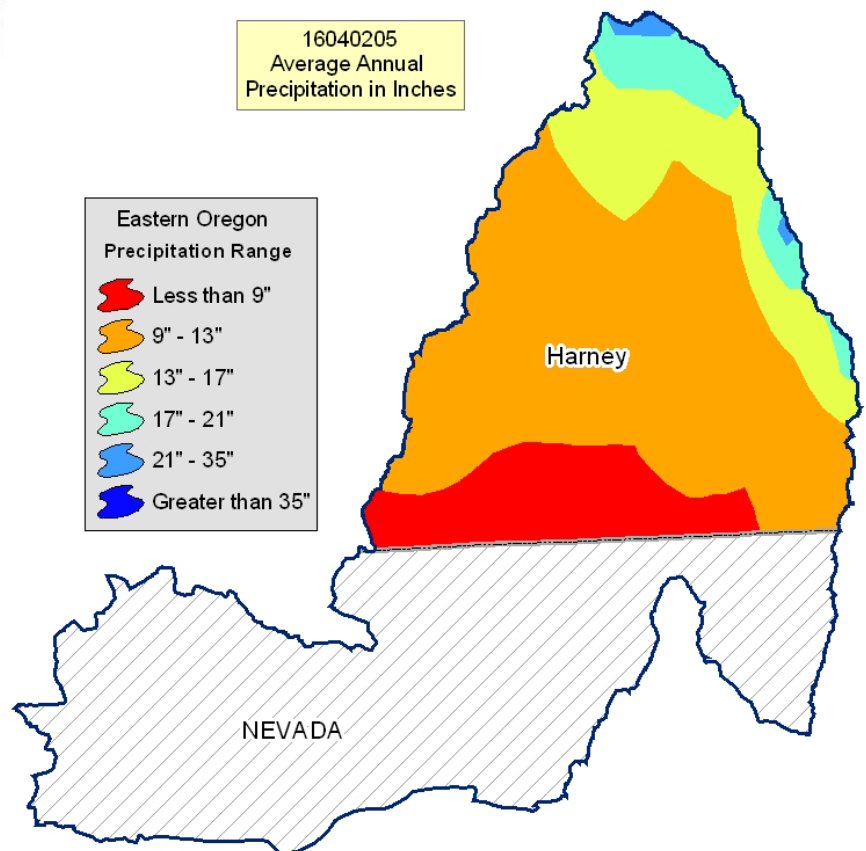
(Continued on the following pages)

[Back to Contents](#)

16040205
Land use/Land cover Map



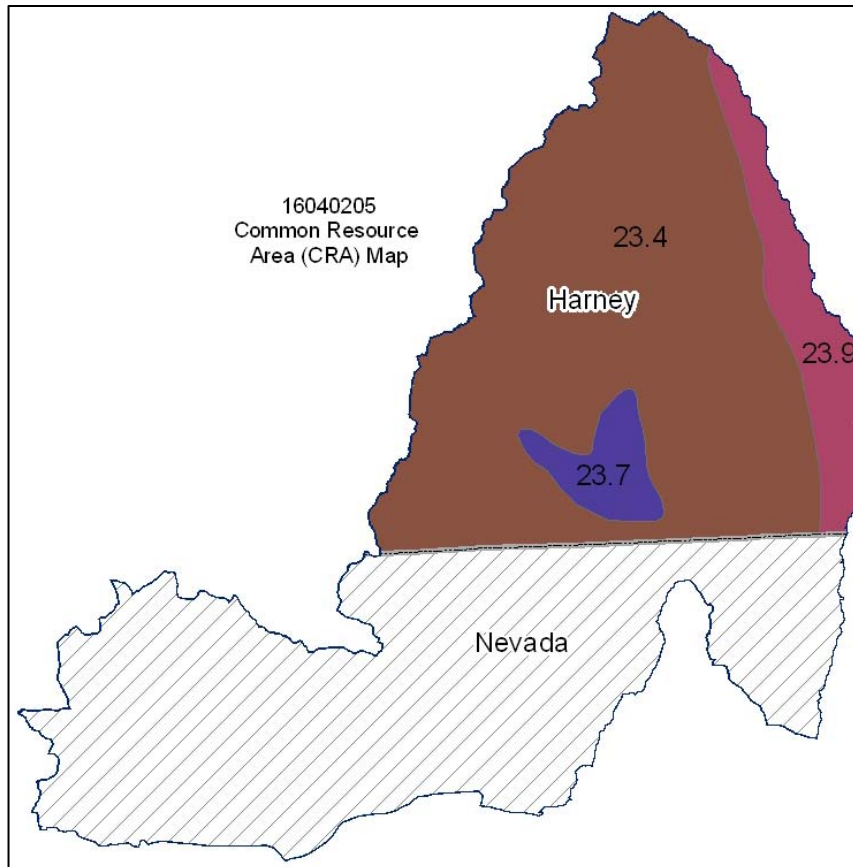
16040205
Average Annual
Precipitation in Inches



Common Resource Area Map

[Back to Contents](#)

Only the major units are described below - for descriptions of all units within the HUC, go to: <http://lce.or.nrcs.usda.gov/website/cra/viewer.htm>



23.4 – Malheur High Plateau - High Lava Plains: This unit is on basalt plateaus and the escarpments of fault block mountains. The soil temperature regime is frigid or mesic, and the moisture regime is primarily aridic. The soils are typically shallow or moderately deep to bedrock or a cemented pan, and they have a strongly developed argillic horizon. The vegetation is dominantly low sagebrush, Wyoming big sagebrush, Idaho fescue, Thurber needlegrass, and bluebunch wheatgrass. Playas, small intermittent lakes, and clay that has a high shrink-swell potential are common in depressions.

23.7 – Malheur High Plateau - Alluvial Fans and Pluvial Lake Terraces: This unit is characterized by warm soils on lake terraces. Wetlands and saline-sodic soils are typically absent. The soils typically have a cemented pan within a depth of 40 inches and are more than 60 inches deep to bedrock. The soil temperature regime is mesic but near frigid, and the moisture regime is aridic. The dominant soils are those of the Deppy, McConnel, Spangenburg, and Norad series.

23.9 – Malheur High Plateau - Semiarid Uplands: This unit is characterized by hills and mountains. The soil temperature regime generally is mesic or frigid but is cryic on north-facing aspects and high peaks. The moisture regime typically is aridic bordering on xeric or is xeric. The soils range from very shallow to very deep, but they are dominantly shallow or moderately deep. The vegetation typically is mountain big sagebrush, low sagebrush, Idaho fescue, bluebunch wheatgrass, and snowberry. Aspen woodland is common at the high elevations.

Physical Description – Continued

[Back to Contents](#)

		ACRES	ACRE-FEET			
Irrigated Adjudicated Water Rights (OWRD ⁴)	Surface	331	992			
	Well	220	660			
	Total Irrigated Adjudicated Water Rights	551	1,652			
Stream Flow Data	No Data Available	Total Avg. Yield	---			
		May – Sept. Yield	---			
		MILES	PERCENT			
Stream Data ⁵	Total Miles – Major (100K Hydro GIS Layer)	10	---			
	303d/TMDL Listed Streams (DEQ)	0	0%			
	Anadromous Fish Presence (StreamNet)	0	0%			
	Bull Trout Presence (StreamNet)	0	0%			
*Percent of Total Miles of Streams in HUC						
		ACRES	PERCENT			
Land Cover/Use ²	Forest	164	2%			
	Grain Crops	0	0%			
	Grass/Pasture/Hay	498	5%			
	Orchards/Vineyards	0	0%			
	Row Crops	0	0%			
	Shrub/Rangelands – Includes CRP Lands	9,162	93%			
	Water/Wetlands/Developed/Barren	23	0%			
	Total Acres of 100-foot Stream Buffers	9,847	---			
Land Capability Class	1 – slight limitations	0	0%			
	2 – moderate limitations	0	0%			
	3 – severe limitations	0	0%			
	4 – very severe limitations	0	0%			
	5 – no erosion hazard, but other limitations	0	0%			
	6 – severe limitations; unsuitable for cultivation; limited to pasture, range, forest	0	0%			
	7 – very severe limitations; unsuitable for cultivation; limited to grazing, forest, wildlife habitat	0	0%			
	8 – miscellaneous areas; limited to recreation, wildlife habitat, water supply	0	0%			
	Total Croplands & Pasturelands	0	---			
Confined Animal Feeding Operations – Oregon CAFO Permit – 12/2004						
Animal Type	Dairy	Feedlot	Poultry	Swine	Mink	Other
No. of Permitted Farms	0	0	0	0	0	0
No. of Permitted Animals	0	0	0	0	0	0

Resource Concerns

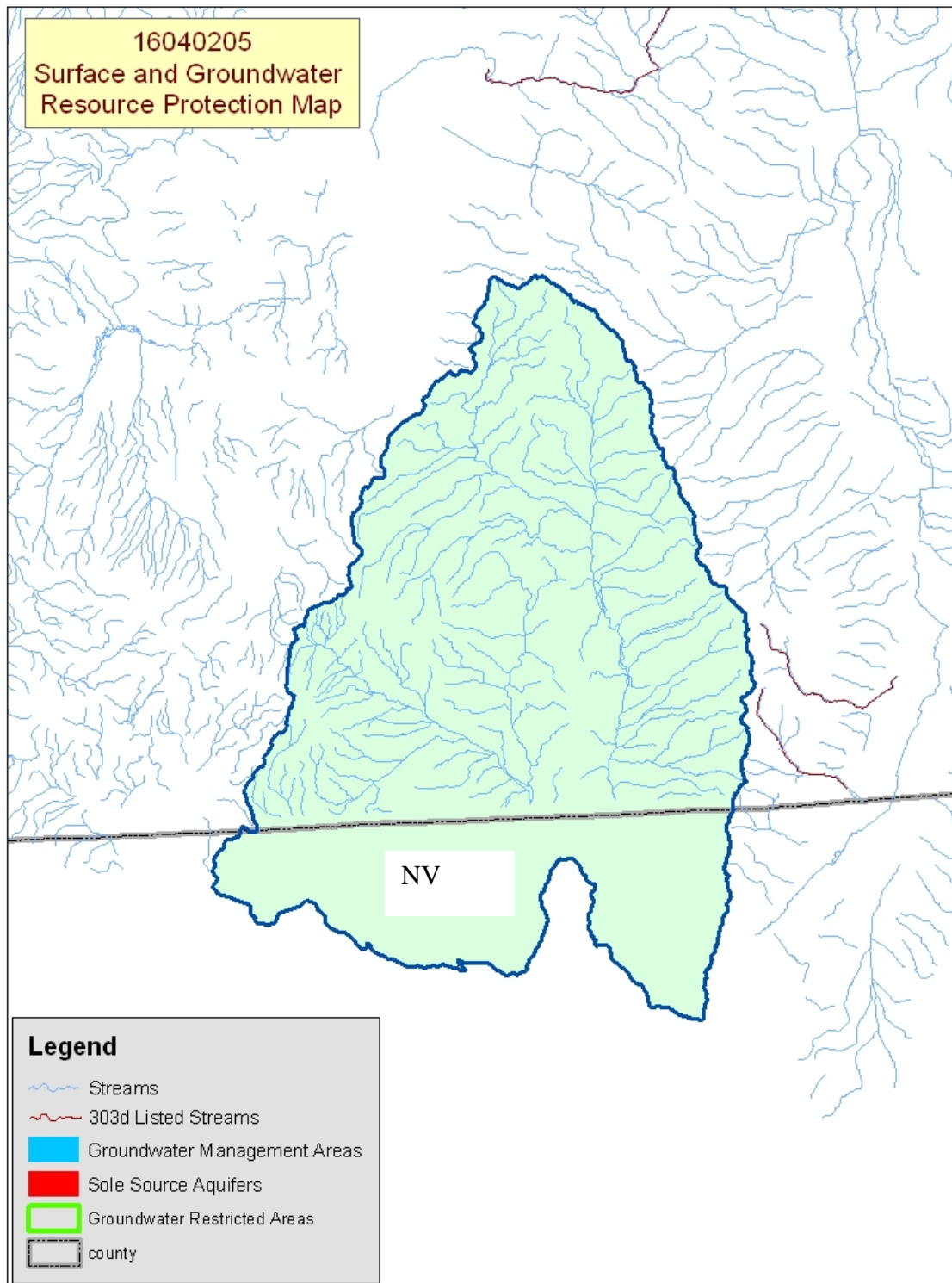
[Back to Contents](#)

Tons of Soil Loss by Water Erosion: Due to the limited amount of non-Federal cropland and pastureland within this HUC, no reliable NRI soil loss estimates are available.

Water Quality Information: Oregon Department of Environmental Quality does not identify any water-limited stream reaches in this hydrologic unit.

Watershed Projects, Plans, Studies, and Assessments			
NRCS Watershed Projects ⁶		NRCS Watershed Plans, Studies, and Assessments ⁷	
Name	Status	Name	Status
None	None	None	None
ODEQ TMDL's ⁸		ODA Agricultural Water Quality Management Plans ⁹	
Name	Status	Name	Status
None	None	Thousand-Virgin	Completed
OWEB Watershed Council ¹⁰		Watershed Council Assessments ¹¹	
Harney County Watershed Council	None	None	
		NWPCC Subbasin Plans & Assessments ¹⁸	
		None	

(Continued on page 8)



Map Footnote [417](#)

Resource Concerns - Continued

[Back to Contents](#)

Resource Concerns/Issues by Land Use							
SWAPA +H Concerns	Specific Resource Concern/Issue	Grass\Pasture\ Hay	Grain Crops	Row Crops	Perennial Crops (Orch/Vine/ Berries)	Shrub/Range	Forest
Soil Erosion	Sheet and Rill					X	
Water Quantity	Ponding and Flooding	X					
	Water Management for Irrigated Land	X					
Water Quality, Surface	Temperature					X	
Plant Suitability	Site and Intended Use Suitability	X				X	X
Plant Condition	Productivity, Health, and Vigor	X					
Animal Habitat, Domestic	Water - Quantity and Quality					X	X
Animal Habitat, Wildlife	Water – Quantity and Quality					X	X
Human, Economics	Low or Unreliable Profitability	X				X	X
Human, Political	Lack of Technical Assistance	X				X	X
	High Degree of Controversy	X				X	X

Grass/Pasture/Hay

- Wind erosion can be a concern in areas of sandy soils where the forage has not been properly managed as cover or for maximum production.
- A low economic return limits adoption of appropriate conservation practices.

Shrub/Rangeland/Forestland

- Rangeland productivity can be reduced by the invasion of noxious weeds, annual grasses, brush, and juniper.
- Loss of riparian vegetation can contribute to stream warming.
- Low profit limits adoption of conservation practices.

FEDERALLY LISTED THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES ¹²	
THREATENED SPECIES	CANDIDATE SPECIES
Mammals - Canada lynx	Birds – Yellow-billed cuckoo
Birds – Bald eagle	Amphibians and Reptiles –
Fish – Borax Lake chub, Lahontan cutthroat trout, Bull trout	Columbia spotted frog
Plants – Malheur wire-lettuce	PROPOSED SPECIES None
ESSENTIAL FISH HABITAT ¹³ - None	

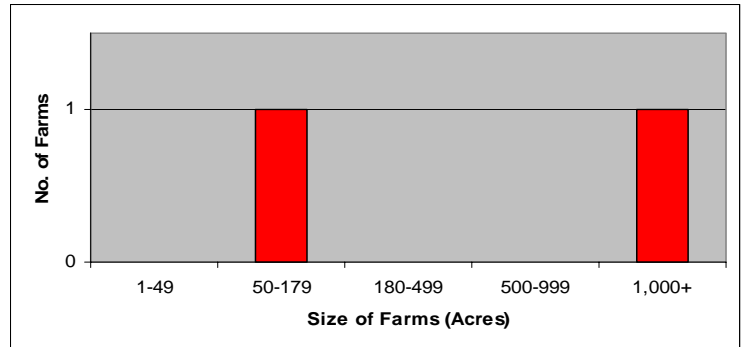
Census and Social Data^{/14}

[Back to Contents](#)

Number of Farms: 2

Number of Operators: 4

- Full-Time Operators: **2**
- Part-Time Operators: **2**

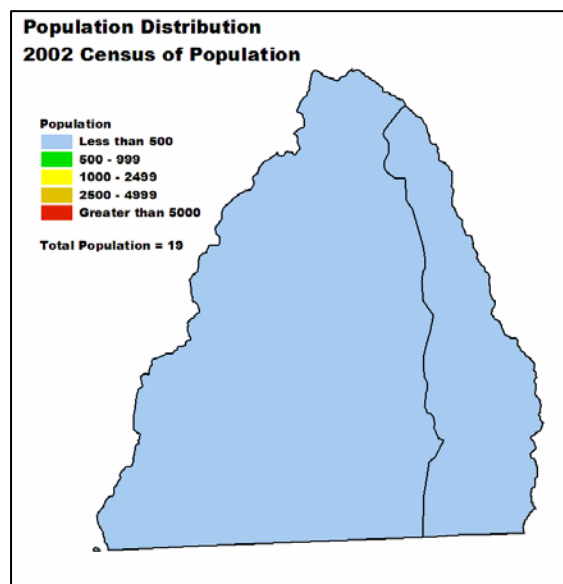
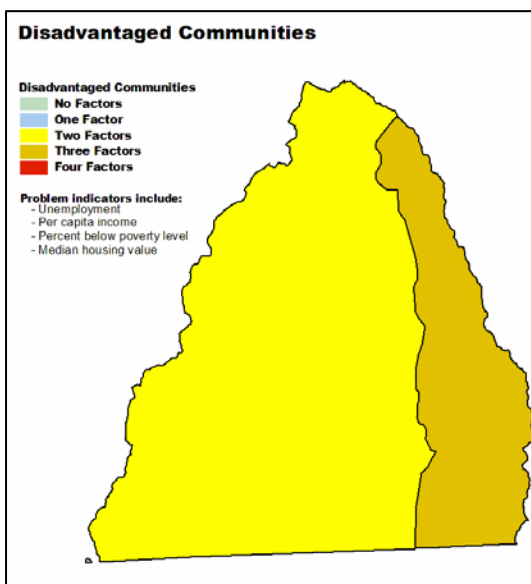


Estimated Level of Willingness and Ability to Participate in Conservation^{/15}:

No data available

Evaluation of Social Capital^{/16}:

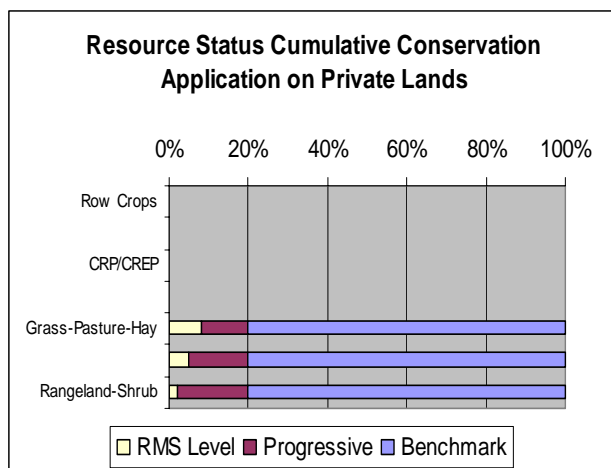
No data available



Progress/Status

[Back to Contents](#)

PRMS Data	FY99	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	Avg/Year	Total
Total Conservation Systems Planned (Acres)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Conservation Systems Applied (Acres)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conservation Treatment (Acres)							
Waste Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buffers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Erosion Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irrigation Water Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nutrient Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pest Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prescribed Grazing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trees and Shrubs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conservation Tillage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wildlife Habitat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Estimates are based on information received from local conservationists in the watershed.

- ❖ Little progress on conservation adoption has been made in this watershed. This is partly due to its remoteness.
- ❖ Much of the pasture is flood irrigated and lacks proper forage and grazing management.
- ❖ Proper grazing management and watering facilities for livestock and wildlife are lacking on the rangeland.

Lands Removed from Production through Farm Bill Programs

- ❖ Conservation Reserve Program (CRP): **None**
- ❖ Wetland Restoration Program (WRP): **None**
- ❖ Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP): **None**

Footnotes/Bibliography

[Back to Contents](#)

All data is provided "as is." There are no warranties, express or implied, including the warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, accompanying this document. Use for general planning purposes only.

1. Ownership Layer – Source: The 1:24,000 scale public ownership layer is the land ownership/management for public entities, including Federal, Tribal, State, and local entities. This is a seamless, statewide Oregon Public Ownership vector layer composed of fee ownership of lands by Federal, State, Tribal, county, and city agencies. The layer is comprised of the best available data compiled at 1:24,000 scale or larger, and the line work matches GCDB boundary locations and ORMAP standards where possible. The layer is available from the State of Oregon GIS Service Center: <http://www.gis.state.or.us/data/alphalist.html>. For current ownership status, consult official records at appropriate Federal, State, and county offices. Ownership classes grouped to calculate Federal ownership vs. non-Federal ownership by the Water Resources Planning Team.
2. National Land Cover Dataset (NLCD) - Originator: U.S. Geological Survey (USGS); Publication date: 19990631; Title: Oregon Land Cover Data Set, Edition: 1; Geospatial data presentation form: Raster digital data; Publisher: U.S. Geological Survey, Sioux Falls, SD, USA; Online linkage: <http://edcwww.cr.usgs.gov/programs/lccp/nationallandcover.html>; Abstract: These data can be used in a geographic information system (GIS) for any number of purposes, such as assessing wildlife habitat, water quality, pesticide runoff, land use change, etc. The State data sets are provided with a 300-meter buffer beyond the State border to facilitate combining the State files into larger regions.
3. ESTIMATES FROM THE 1997 NRI DATABASE (REVISED DECEMBER 2000) REPLACE ALL PREVIOUS REPORTS AND ESTIMATES. Comparisons made using data published for the 1982, 1987, or 1992 NRI may produce erroneous results. This is because of changes in statistical estimation protocols and because all data collected prior to 1997 were simultaneously reviewed (edited) as 1997 NRI data were collected. All definitions are available in the glossary. In addition, this December 2000 revision of the 1997 NRI data updates information released in December 1999 and corrects a computer error discovered in March 2000. For more information: <http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/NRI/>
4. Irrigated Adjudicated Water Rights – Water Rights Information System (WRIS), Oregon Water Resources Department, <http://www.wrd.state.or.us/maps/wrlexport.shtml>
5. StreamNet is a cooperative venture of the Pacific Northwest's fish and wildlife agencies and tribes and is administered by the [Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission](#). StreamNet provided data and data services in support of the region's fish and wildlife program and other efforts to manage and restore the region's aquatic resources. Official StreamNet website: <http://www.streamnet.org/>
6. Natural Resources Conservation Service, Watershed Projects Planned and Authorized, <http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/programs/watershed/Purpose>.
7. Natural Resources Conservation Service, Watershed Plans, Studies, and Assessments completed, http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/programs/watershed/Surveys_Plng.html#Watershed%20Surveys%20and%20Plan
8. Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Total Maximum Daily Loads, <http://www.deq.state.or.us/wq/TMDLs/TMDLs.htm>
9. Oregon Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Water Quality Management Plans, http://www.oregon.gov/ODA/NRD/water_agplans.shtml

Footnotes/Bibliography Continued

[Back to Contents](#)

All data is provided "as is." There are no warranties, express or implied, including the warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, accompanying this document. Use for general planning purposes only.

10. Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board, <http://oregon.gov/OWEB/WSHEDS/index.shtml>
11. Watershed Assessments completed by local watershed councils following the Oregon Watershed Assessment Manual, http://oregon.gov/OWEB/docs/pubs/ws_assess_manual.shtml.
12. NRCS Field Office Technical Guide, Section II, Threatened and Endangered List.
13. Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, Public Law 94-265. As amended through October 11, 1996.
14. Data were taken from the 2002 Agricultural Census and adjusted by percent of HUC in the county or by percent of zip code area in the HUC, depending on the level of data available. Data were also taken from the U.S. Population Census, 2000.
15. Conservation participation was estimated using NRCS Social Sciences Technical Note 1801, Guide for Estimating Participation in Conservation, 2004. Four categories of indicators were evaluated: Personal characteristics, farm structural characteristics, perceptions of conservation, and community context. Estimates are based on information received from local conservationists in the watershed.
16. Social capital is an indicator of the community's ability and willingness to work together to solve problems. A high amount of social capital helps a community to be physically healthy, socially progressive, and economically vigorous. A low amount of social capital typically results in community conflict, lack of trust and respect, and unsuccessful attempts to solve problems. The evaluation is based on NRCS Technical Report Release 4.1, March, 2002: Adding Up Social Capital: An Investment in Communities. Local conservationists provided information to measure social capital. Scores range from 0 to 76.
17. Surface and Groundwater Resource Protection Map
 - a. 2002 303d Listed Streams designated by Oregon Department of Environmental Quality and approved by the Environmental Protection Agency, Section 303d Clean Water Act, <http://www.deq.state.or.us/wq/303dlist/303dpage.htm>
 - b. Groundwater Management Areas designated by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, Oregon Revised Statutes – Ground Water ORS 468B.150 to ORS 468B.190, <http://www.deq.state.or.us/wq/groundwa/wqgw.htm>
 - c. Groundwater Restricted Areas designated by Oregon Water Resources Commission, Oregon Department of Water Resources, http://egov.oregon.gov/OWRD/PUBS/aquabook_protections.shtml
 - d. The Sole Source Aquifer (SSA) Protection Program is authorized by Section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-523, 42 U.S.C. 300 et. seq), <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/ssanp.html>
18. Subbasin assessments and plans are developed by local groups (SWCDs, watershed councils, tribes, and others) as part of the Northwest Power and Conservation Council's fish and wildlife program in the Columbia River Basin. This program is funded and implemented by the Bonneville Power Administration. <http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/subbasinplanning/Default.htm>.